# Roland

OWNER'S MANUAL



MIDI SOUND GENERATOR SC-55





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## Introduction

Thank you for purchasing the Roland SC-55 Sound Canvas Sound Module. The Sound Canvas is a MIDI sound module that contains a wide variety of high quality sounds. In order to take full advantage of the SC-55's capabilities, and to enjoy long and trouble-free service, please read this manual carefully before use.

## Main Features

• The Sound Canvas is a GS Standard sound source that is newly introduced by Roland. GS Standard was created in an attempt to standardize the way in which sound sources are used. Devices that conform to GS Standard will have the GS Standard mark on their panel.

Song data that was created by using a GS Standard device can be played on anyother GS Standard compatible device.

- The Sound Canvas contains a variety of high quality musical instrument sounds and a complete drum set.
- The Sound Canvas is housed in a convenient half-rack size enclosure. Its compact size takes up little space in your effects rack and allows for easy transportation.
- Sound Canvas can function as a complete 16 part multi-timbral sound module.
- By using the internal reverb and chorus effects, it is easy to reproduce the acoustic ambience of a concert hall.
- A variety of system information can be displayed in the large display screen, including the volume level of each instrument. The large panel buttons allow for easy operation.
- The Sound Canvas comes complete with a remote control unit.
- A MIDI IN connector is provided on both the front and rear panels making it easy to connect external MIDI devices.
- An Audio Input jack is provided allowing you to mix the output of other sound modules with that of the Sound Canvas. The signal of both units will be output from the Audio Output jacks.

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# **IMPORTANT NOTES**

Be sure to use only the adaptor supplied with the unit. Use of any other power adaptor could result in damage, malfunction, or electric shock.

## **Power Supply**

- When making any connections with other devices, always turn off the power to all equipment first; this will help prevent damage or malfunction.
- Do not use this unit on the same power circuit with any device that will generate line noise, such as a motor or variable lighting system.
- The power supply required for this unit is shown on its nameplate. Ensure that the line voltage of your installation meets this requirement.
- Avoid damaging the power cord; do not step on it, place heavy objects on it etc.
- When disconnecting the AC adaptor from the outlet, grasp the plug itself; never pull on the cord.
- If the unit is to remain unused for a long period of time, unplug the power cord.

## Placement

- Do not subject the unit to temperature extremes (eg. direct sunlight in an enclosed vehicle). Avoid using or storing the unit in dusty or humid areas or areas that are subject to high vibration levels.
- Using the unit near power amplifiers (or other equipment containing large transformers) may induce hum.
- This unit may interfere with radio and television reception. Do not use this unit in the vicinity of such receivers.
- Do not expose this unit to temperature extremes (eg. direct sunlight in an enclosed vehicle can deform or discolor the unit) or install it near devices that radiate heat.

## Maintenance

- For everyday cleaning wipe the unit with a soft, dry cloth (or one that has been slightly dampened with water). To remove stubborn dirt, use a mild, neutral detergent. Afterwards, be sure to wipe the unit thoroughly with a soft, dry cloth.
- Never use benzine, thinners, alcohol or solvents of any kind, to avoid the risk of discoloration and/or deformation.

## **Additional Precautions**

- Protect the unit from strong impact.
- Do not allow objects or liquids of any kind to penetrate the unit. In the event of such an occurrence, discontinue use immediately. Contact qualified service personnel as soon as possible.
- Never strike or apply strong pressure to the display.
- A small amount of heat will radiate from the unit, and thus should be considered normal.
- Before using the unit in a foreign country, consult with qualified service personnel.
- Should a malfunction occur (or if you suspect there is a problem) discontinue use immediately. Contact qualified service personnel as soon as possible.
- To prevent the risk of electric shock, do not open the unit or its AC adaptor.

## **Memory Backup**

• The unit contains a battery which maintains the contents of memory while the main power is off. The expected life of this battery is 5 years or more. However, to avoid the unexpected loss of memory data, it is strongly recommended that you change the battery every 5 years.

Please be aware that the actual life of the battery will depend on the physical environment (especially temperature) in which the unit is used. When it is time to change the battery, consult with qualified service personnel.

- When the battery becomes weak the following message will appear in the display: "  $\exists \exists t. t. \exists r \exists L \Box \sqcup !$ ". Please change the battery as soon as possible to avoid the loss of memory data.
- Please be aware that the contents of memory may at times be lost; when the unit is sent for repairs or when by some chance a malfunction has occurred. Important data should be stored in another MIDI device (eg. a sequencer), or written down on paper. During repairs, due care is taken to avoid the loss of data. However, in certain cases, (such as when circuitry related to memory itself is out of order) we regret that it may be impossible to restore the data.

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#### FRONT AND REAR PANELS

*AECAUTIONS* 

# FRONT AND REAR PANELS

## Front Panel



# Rear Panel

• Audio Input jacks Audio signals from other devices are received through these jacks. The input signal will then be mixed with the audio signal of the Sound Canvas and will be output from the Audio Output jacks.

• Cable hook By hooking the AC adaptor cable around the cable hook, you can prevent the plug from accidentally being disconnected. ( $\sigma$  P.8)



# CONNECTIONS

## About the MIDI connectors

The Sound Canvas is equipped with 2 MIDI IN connectors. It makes no difference which connector you use when making MIDI IN connections. You can also connect two different MIDI devices. In this case, the MIDI messages received through both MIDI IN jacks will be mixed.

# When using this unit with a MIDI keyboard



When using this unit with a sequencer, computer, or a CD-ROM MIDI decoder



⇒CD-ROM is a type of storage media that is capable of storing many bytes of data, on a disk, similar to a compact disc. You can enjoy listening to performance data of audio and MIDI signals that have been stored on CD-ROM (MIDIworld<sup>™</sup>) if you have a compatible CD-ROM MIDI decoder (Hyper Audio System<sup>™</sup>: CDR-M10).

\* MIDIworld and Hyper Audio System are trademarks of Rittor Music and MIDIworld USA.



## Audio Input connections

The audio signals received through the Audio Input jacks will be mixed with the audio signals of the Sound Canvas and output from the Audio Output jacks. This function is convenient when using another MIDI sound module or a radio-cassette recorder.



⇒The included audio cable is equipped with a 1/4" (Phono) plug adaptor on one end and a standard RCA audio plug on the other end. If you remove the 1/4" (Phono) plug adaptor, both ends will have standard RCA audio plugs.

on the line

## Using headphones

Connect stereo headphones to the PHONES jack. For optimum performance, use headphones of an impedance from 8 to 150 ohms. Even when headphones are being used, sound will be output from the Output jacks.



# Connecting the AC adaptor



Connect the included AC adaptor to the Sound Canvas, and then plug it into an AC outlet. By looping the AC adaptor cable around the cable hook, you can prevent the plug from accidentally being disconnected.

**Note:** Please use only the included AC adaptor. Using other AC adaptors can result in malfunctions or electric shock.

 $\Rightarrow$  When the AC adaptor is connected to the Sound Canvas, the power will be on.

# Installing the Sound Canvas in a rack

Install the Sound Canvas into the RAD-50 Rack Mount Adaptor (sold separately) as illustrated in the following diagram. Other half-rack size devices, such as the Sound Brush can also be installed.

① With a screwdriver, carefully remove the four rubber feet from the bottom of the unit.



② Attach the RAD-50 adaptor to the Sound Canvas using the screw holes located nearest the front of the unit, <u>using the screws from the</u> <u>rubber feet</u>. Do not re-attach the rubber feet.



\* When re-attaching the rubber feet to the unit, be sure to use the same screws that you used to attach the unit to the rack mount. Use of a different type of screw could result in damage or malfunction.

# TURN THE POWER ON

Before you turn the power on, check the following points:

Is the Sound Canvas correctly connected to the external devices?

Is the volume of the amplifier or sound system turned down?



Turn the external devices and the Sound Canvas on.

The STANDBY indicator of the Sound Canvas will be off and the display will show the following:

PART	INSTR	UMENT
01 LEVEL 70	001 PAN 0	Piano 1
REVERB 80	CHORUS	•
K SHIFT	MIDI CH	<ul> <li>Second and the second a</li></ul>
0	01	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16
		PART

\* The STANDBY indicator will be lit when the power is off. (when the AC adaptor is connected)



Turn on the power to your external audio equipment. Adjust the volume of the amplifier or stereo system to the appropriate level.

Caution: High volume levels can damage speakers.

Ordinary audio speakers, as in a stereo system, are more sensitive than musical instrument amplification speakers. Take care when using ordinary audio speakers, sudden loud signals may damage them.

\* Depending on the unit's location or the lighting conditions, the Sound Canvas's display may not always be clearly visible. If such is the case, adjust the LCD contrast. (CP P.28).

# < How to turn the power off >

① Before turning the power off, make sure that the volume of the amplifier is turned down.

(2) Turn the power of each device off in the following order. Audio device → Sound Canvas and MIDI device

\* Refer to P.34 for information about returning to the factory preset.

# HOW TO USE THE REMOTE CONTROL

## Before using



The remote control unit contains a lithium battery. An insulation sheet is inserted to keep the battery from discharging. You must remove this insulation sheet before using the remote control. Grasp the tab and pull the sheet out.

## How to use the remote control



**Note:** The remote control is able to transmit only one button operation at a time.

- \* The remote control may not operate even within the range of operation if there is an obstacle between it and the main unit.
- \* Using the remote control near other equipment that uses remote control systems may result in operational errors.
- \* The life of the lithium battery depends on the amount and conditions of use. If after a while the operational range of the remote control decreases, change the lithium battery.
- \* If you will not be using the remote control for a long period of time, remove the lithium battery.

< Using the Sound Canvas together with the Sound Brush Sequencer >

When you use the Sound Canvas together with the Sound Brush sequencer, the remote control of the Sound Canvas can turn the power to both units ON and OFF simultaneously. When you use the remote control with both units, be sure they are placed within the range of operation.

When you want to control only one of the units, turn off the remote control receiving switch of the unit that you do not want to control.

\*When using the remote control to operate both units, be sure that both units are ON or OFF. If only one unit is ON when you begin, one units will always be ON while the other is OFF.

## When you don't want to use the Card Remote Control (Setting the remote control receiving switch)

#### 3 2,5 1 (4) PART INSTRUMENT ALL $(\mathbf{F}$ (ৰ) 4 PAN FVF MUTE REVERB CHORUS KEY SHIFT MIDI CH

PART INSTRUMENT

33

MIDI CH

70 L20 VERB CHORUS

>RxRemote:

ALL

80

0 17

K SHIFT



- 2 Press the PART buttons ( $\blacksquare$  and  $\blacktriangleright$ ) simultaneously.
- 3 Select "Rx Remote" with the ALL and MUTE buttons.
- Press INSTRUMENT to turn the remote control receiving switch off.
  Press INSTRUMENT to turn it hack on

Press INSTRUMENT **b** to turn it back on.

(5) After setting, press the PART buttons (◀ and ►) simultaneously to finalize the setting.

#### How to change the lithium battery.

0n

9 10 11 12 13 14 15

PART



# **Note:** Improper use of the lithium battery may cause leakage or explosion. Observe the following precautions:

- Use only the specified lithium battery (CR 2025).
- Ensure the polarity is correctly set (positive "+" side up).
- Do not short circuit the battery, attempt to dismantle it, or throw into an fire.

ROM

# HOW TO LISTEN TO ROM PLAY

Demo songs that make the best use of the internal Multi-timbre sounds are stored within the Sound Canvas. Refer to the included information sheet for details about the Demo songs. The process of auto-playing these demo songs is called ROM play.



**Note:** the Sound Canvas will be formatted to the GS Standard basic setting. Therefore, any parameters that have been edited will be lost.

- ① While holding PART and , turn the power on. When "Init GS, Sure?" will be shown in the display.
- 2 Press ALL to execute (Press MUTE to stop the operation).
- 3 Select a song with the PART  $\triangleleft$  buttons.
- ④ Press ALL to start the song.

The volume level of each instrument will be shown on the bar graph display. All songs will be played in order beginning with the song you chose.

- 5 Press MUTE to stop playback.
- 6 Press ALL and MUTE simultaneously to return to normal playing status.

# PLAYING THE VARIOUS INSTRUMENTS

The Sound Canvas contains various special effect sounds such as warble, and telephone, as well as many musical instrument sounds such as organ, piano, guitar, etc. Using these sounds, the Sound Canvas can reproduce to the performances of many types of music ranging from classical to rock to jazz. This manual refers to these sounds as "Instruments". If the Sound Canvas is connected to a MIDI keyboard, you can try out the sound of each instrument.

 $\Rightarrow$ Refer to the Instrument Table ( $rac{P.66}$ ) for the various kinds of instruments.

⇒The Sound Canvas also contains a drum set with various percussion instrument sounds. For more details, refer to "Drum set Table" (□ P.70).

# How to change the instruments



When you play your MIDI keyboard, the display will show the volume level of the instrument that is being heard.

- (1) Before changing instruments, press <u>ALL</u> to turn the button indicator off.
- 2 Play the sound, and by using the PART buttons, select the part number that corresponds to the number on the bar display showing a volume level.
- ③ Change instruments by using the INSTRUMENT buttons.

# CHANGING THE VOLUME LEVEL/PAN

How to set the correct volume level and make the necessary pan settings.

Changing the volume level of ALL (0 - 127)1 1 Press ALL to turn the button indicator light on. INSTRUMENT PART ALL 16 2 Use the LEVEL < buttons to adjust the volume LEVEL PAN level. MUTE CHORUS Higher values indicate higher volume levels. -MIDI CH KEY SHIFT •  $\Rightarrow$  When you press LEVEL  $\triangleleft$  and  $\triangleright$  simultaneously, the current setting will be shown on the Bar display. Volume level Press LEVEL  $\triangleleft$  and  $\triangleright$  again to return to the previous display. PART INSTRUMENT SOUND Canvas  $\Box I$ PAN 0 70  $\Rightarrow$ You can adjust the overall volume level by using the volume knob. CHORUS 33 80 However, if the volume knob is turned all the way down, no sound will SHIFT 17 be heard, regardless of the adjustments made using the above procedure.

● Changing the pan level of ALL (L63-0-R63)



PART



ALL pan adjusts the stereo location of all sounds.

1 Press ALL to turn the button indicator on.

- ② Use the PAN buttons to adjust the pan level.
  "0" indicates that sounds will be heard equally from the left and right speakers. Higher "L" values indicate that more sound will be heard from the left speaker. Higher "R" values indicate that more sound will be heard from the right speaker.
- ⇒When you press PAN **I** and **I** simultaneously, the current setting will be shown on the Bar display.

Press PAN  $\triangleleft$  and  $\triangleright$  again to return to the previous display.

- \* According to the instrument, even if you position pan to all the way left (or right) a small amount of sound might leak from the other speaker.
- \*When the Sound Canvas is connected to a monaural audio system, some effects cannot be properly attained.

BASIC PROCEDURES

# HOW TO ADJUST REVERB/CHORUS

By adding Reverb and Chorus effects, instrument sounds will be enhanced. Use and adjust them according to your taste.

## • How to adjust the Reverb level (0-127)





Reverb adds a spacious quality to the instrument sound. Listening to a sound containing Reverb is similar to listening in a concert hall. This adjustment determines how reverb is applied.

① Press ALL to turn the button indicator on.

② Use the REVERB ◄► buttons to adjust the reverb application.

Higher values indicate higher levels of Reverb.

⇒When you press REVERB and simultaneously, the current setting will be shown on the Bar display. Press REVERB and again to return to the previous display.

## ● How to adjust the Chorus level (0-127)





Chorus adds depth and warmth to the sound. This adjustment determines how Chorus is applied. Chorus is especially effective when used with instrument sounds such as organ, strings, etc.

- ① Press ALL to turn the button indicator on.
- Adjust the applied Chorus level by using the CHORUS
   buttons.

Higher values indicate higher levels of Chorus.

⇒When you press CHORUS and simultaneously, the current setting will be shown on the Bar display.

Press CHORUS <a>And <a>and <a>again to return to the previous display.</a>

# HOW TO TRANSPOSE ALL (KEY SHIFT)

Key shift is a function that changes the pitch of notes in semitone steps. For example: When using a sequencer to play the Sound Canvas, you can transpose to a different pitch without changing the settings of the sequencer.

\* Changing pitch using the Key shift function will not affect the pitch of the drum set.





- 1) Press ALL to turn the button indicator light on.
- 2 Change Key shift values by using the KEY SHIFT ▲ ▶ buttons.

As the value goes up (down) by 1, the pitch goes up (down) by one semitone. As the value goes up (down) by 12, the pitch goes up (down) by one octave. A setting of "0" indicates standard pitch.

 $\Rightarrow$  When you press KEY SHIFT  $\triangleleft$  and  $\triangleright$  simultaneously, the current setting will be shown on the Bar display.

Press KEY SHIFT  $\triangleleft$  and  $\blacktriangleright$  again to return to the previous display.

# SELECTING INSTRUMENTS

How to select an instrument for each part.

## Part and Instrument



The following section briefly explains, the relationship between Part and Instrument.

The Sound Canvas has 16 parts, and a different instrument can be assigned to each. You can think of a Part as being a musician playing an instrument, and in this way, the Sound Canvas can be thought of as 16 musicians playing many different instruments together.

A sound module such as the Sound Canvas is generally called a Multitimbral sound module.

In an external MIDI device, MIDI channels 1—16 correspond to parts 1—16 of the Sound Canvas. When the Sound Canvas left the factory, it was preset so that part 1 corresponds to MIDI channel 1, part 2 corresponds to MIDI channel 2 and so on. When you want to hear the instrument of a particular part, set the MIDI transmit channel of the external device (i.e. MIDI keyboard) to match the number of the part that you want to hear. Most MIDI keyboards have only one or two MIDI transmit channels so

there is a limit to the number of parts you can use at once. To make the best use of the Sound Canvas's functions, combine it with a device that was designed to transmit many channels of MIDI data, such as a sequencer.

 $\Rightarrow$ For more details about MIDI refer to "About MIDI" ( $\square$  P.58).

⇒When you want to change the MIDI channel of a part, refer to "Changing the MIDI receive channels" (□ P.35).

# < About the playable range of some instruments >

There are some notes that cannot be heard above or below a certain point depending on the particular instrument. This is because the instruments of the Sound Canvas are created based on the actual playable range of each acoustic instrument. Please consider the individuality of each instrument carefully before using it in a composition.

## • How to change instruments

Instrument name and number

PART

of the displayed part

Piano 1



Currently

selected part

01

70

80 33 Shift Midlich

SHIFT M

PART INSTRUMENT

001

이 CHORUS 33

01

 Before changing instruments, press <u>ALL</u> to turn the button indicator off.

② Select the part number by using the PART buttons.

The name of the current instrument will be shown in the display.

③ Press INSTRUMENT ◄ ► to select an instrument.

⇒Part number 10 is preset for the drum part and its various percussion sounds. For further details about the drum part, refer to the next page.

# How to change instruments using an external MIDI device

Part 1 (MIDI receive channel 1) will be changed to the instrument of program number 1.



Transmitting program number 1 (MIDI transmit channel 1) When you change instruments using a MIDI keyboard, the change information (program change message) will be transmitted from the MIDI OUT jack. When the message is received by the Sound Canvas, the instrument of the specified part (the same MIDI channel) will be changed.

The program number of the program change message determines which instrument will be selected. For example, if you select program number 1 on the MIDI keyboard, the Sound Canvas will also be changed to the instrument of program 1. Please check how the program numbers of the two MIDI devices correspond.

⇒In the Sound Canvas, the instrument number corresponds to the program number.

⇒Refer to the owners manual of your MIDI keyboard for information concerning its program numbers and sounds.

⇒If you don't want to change instruments from the external MIDI device, turn the instrument receiving switch of the Sound Canvas off (☞ P.46).

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# HOW TO SELECT THE DRUM SET

Try out the sounds of the various percussion instruments.

# Drum Set and drum part

The Sound Canvas contains a Drum Set with various percussion sounds. There are ten different combinations of percussion sounds to choose from. When you use the Drum Set, a part must be set for the drum part. Part 10 (MIDI receive channel 10) is the factory preset for the Drum Set. When you use part 10 for the Drum Set, set the MIDI transmit channel of the external MIDI device to 10. If you want the Drum Set to be heard without changing the MIDI transmit channel of the external MIDI device, set the same MIDI receive channel to the drum part.

⇒When using a sequencer, adjust the note number setting of the sequencer beforehand to the percussion sound note number of the drum set that you are using.

## • How to change the Drum Set



Currently selected Drum Set, name and number



- 1 Press ALL to turn the button indicator light off.
- ② Select part 10 by using the PART buttons.
- ③ Select Drum Set by using the INSTRUMENT ◀ ► buttons.
- ④ If your MIDI keyboard is connected now, you can hear the various percussion instrument sounds by pressing the keys. (There are some keys that cannot be heard.)
- ⇒Refer to the "Drum Set table" ( □ P.70) for a list of each Drum Set's percussion instruments.

⇒When you select the drum part, a "\*" mark will appear before the Drum Set name. This will enable you to quickly check which part is set to the drum part.

# How to change the Drum Set using an external MIDI device

You can change the Drum Set, as well as the instrument ( $\square$  P.59), with an external MIDI device. The Drum Set number corresponds to the program number.

⇒If you don't want to change the Drum Set from the external device, turn the instrument receiving switch of the Sound Canvas off (□ P.46).

## • When you want to change the drum part number



- 1 Press ALL to turn the button indicator off.
- ② Select the part number that you want to assign the drum part to by using the PART buttons.
- ③ Press INSTRUMENT ◀ and ► simultaneously.
- ④ Use ALL MUTE to select "Part Mode".

PART	INSTRUM	ENT		l
01		Mode:	Norm	
TO	0			
REVERB	CHORUS			
K SHIFT	MIDI CH			
0	01 : <del>-</del>	2345678	9 10 11 12 13 14 15	16
<u>(</u>			ART	

Fress INSTRUMENT to select "Drum 1" or "Drum 2".

Select "Norm" to return to the regular part.

⑥ After setting, press PART and simultaneously to finalize.

\* Numerous parts can be set in the drum part however the two Drum Set types, "Drum 1" and "Drum 2" can be changed simultaneously. For instance for setting the drum parts as shown below, when you change the part 1 Drum Set, the part 3 Drum Set is also changed.

> Part 1 (Drum 1) : STANDARD Part 2 (Drum 2) : Jazz Set Part 3 (Drum 1) : STANDARD

# PLAYING THE SOUND CANVAS USING A DRUM PAD

If you'd rather, you can play the Sound Canvas's drum sounds using a Roland PAD-5 (sold separately). The PAD-5 is an external MIDI device that has five drum pads that can be played by hand or with drum sticks. The PAD-5 also has a simple auto-play function that allows you to play a keyboard from the drum pads.

PAD-5	MIDI keyboard
MIDI OUT	

to.

⇒It makes no difference which MIDI IN jack each instrument is connected

⇒The PAD-5's MIDI transmit channel is preset to 10. Likewise, part 10 (MIDI receive channel 10) of the Sound Canvas is preset to the drum part, so it isn't necessary to change the setting.

# SETTING THE PART

You can set the volume level, pan, reverb, chorus and key shift for each part. You should make these settings with regard to the balance of each part.

# The performance of each function

#### (volume level): 0-127 LEVEL



Adjusting the volume level of each part.

Use the LEVEL < buttons to adjust the volume level. Higher values indicate higher volume levels.





Guitar Keyboard Bass o 0 Drum Set

The pan setting of each part determines the stereo location of each instrument. One example of pan setting is shown in the illustration. The bass and Drum Set are in the center while the keyboard is on the left side and the guitar is on the right side.

#### Use the PAN I buttons to set pan levels.

"0" indicates a central stereo location. Higher "L" values indicate that more sound will be heard from the left speaker. Higher "R" values indicate that more sound will be heard from the right speaker. When "Rnd (random)" is selected, the sound will be moved to a different stereo location every time the instrument is heard. This random panning creates a unique effect.

- ⇒The Drum Set has a preset stereo location for each percussion sound. If you change the pan level of the drum part, the stereo location of the entire Drum Set will be moved.
- \* According to the instrument, even if you position pan to all the way left (or right) a small amount of sound might leak from the other speaker.
- \*When the Sound Canvas is connected to a monaural audio system, some effects cannot be properly attained.



REVERB : 0-127

Use the REVERB application.

Higher values indicate higher levels of reverb.

\* If the reverb level ( P.16) of all parts is small, the effect will not be greatly noticeable.







Use the CHORUS **b** buttons to adjust the chorus application. Higher values indicate higher levels of chorus.

\* If the chorus level ( P.16) of all parts is small, the effect will not be greatly noticeable.

#### **EXEX** SHIFT : -24-0-+24 in semitones steps, $\pm 2$ octaves



PARI	INSTRU	JMENT		
01	001 PAN	Piano	1	
70	0			
REVERB	CHORUS	:		
80	, 33.			
K SHIFT	MIDI CH			
<u> </u>	<b>j</b> 01	123456	7 8 9 10 11	12 13 14 15 16
			PART	

Set the key shift of a part when you want to transpose only a specified instrument.

Use the KEY SHIFT **S** buttons to set the amount of key shift.

As the value goes up (down) by 1, the pitch goes up (down) by one semitone. As the value goes up (down) by 12, the pitch goes up (down) by one octave. A setting of "0" indicates standard pitch.

\* Changing pitch using the Key shift function will not affect the pitch of the drum part.

## How to set

1	@ 	
	PART	INSTRUMENT
ALL		
MUTE		
	REVERB	CHORUS
	KEY SHIFT	

PART	INSTR	UMENT
	001 PAN	Piano 1
70	0	,
REVERB 80	CHORUS 53	
K SHIFT	MIDI CH	:
0	01	
		1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16
		PART

- ① Make sure that the <u>ALL</u> indicator is off. If the indicator is on, press the button to turn it off.
- ② Use the PART ◀► buttons to select the part that you want to transpose (key shift).

Each setting of the current part will be shown on the display.

③ Use the following buttons to set each function:



⇒When you press **I** and **I** of a specified function simultaneously, the setting of each part will be shown on the bar display. Press **I** and **I** of the specified function simultaneously again to return to the previous display.

# MUTE

Mute is a function that temporarily mutes the sound of a part. "ALL mute" temporarily mutes the sound of all parts and "PART mute" temporarily mutes the sound of a specified part. The Mute function is used when you don't want sound (ALL or PART) to be heard for a moment.

#### Mute all parts (ALL mute) 1 2 1 Press ALL to turn the button indicator on. INSTRUMENT PART ALL $\mathbf{b}$ 2) Press MUTE to execute the function. PAN I EVE When the Mute function is operating, the button indicator will be lit. MUTE REVERB CHORUS Press the button again to return to the previous state. • MIDI CH KEY SHIFT < (PART mute)

#### Mute a specified part 2 1 3 PART INSTRUMENT ALL . PAN 4 MUTE CHORUS REVERB • MIDI CH KEY SHIFT



- ① Press ALL to turn the button indicator off.
- ② Use the PART ◀► buttons to select the part that you want to mute.
- ③ Press MUTE to execute the function.

When the Mute function is operating, the button indicator will be lit. Press the button again to return to the previous state.

⇒The MUTE indicator light will be lit only when the muted part is selected.

⇒The segment at the bottom of the bar display will be off, indicating a muted part.

CONVENIENT PROCEDURI

# MONITORING THE SOUND OF A PART

The monitor function has a Part Monitor that monitors the sound of one specified part, and All Monitor that monitors the sound of all parts regardless of the setting of Part Mute.

When you use ensemble performance with a sequencer, etc., Part Monitor is used to monitor the performance of one part When some parts are muted by Part Mute, All Monitor is used to monitor the sound of all parts for a short while.

# Monitoring the sound of a part (Part Monitor)



- ① Press ALL to turn the button indicator off.
- ② Use PART ◀ and ► to select the part that you want to monitor.
- ③ Press ALL and MUTE simultaneously. Mute indicator will blink. Only the current part can be monitored in this status.
- ⇒If you change parts in the monitor status, the sound of the part that you selected can be monitored (even if you select the part that is muted by Part Mute).
- ④ Press ALL and MUTE simultaneously again to return to the previous status.

Monitoring the sound of all parts (All Monitor)

[mi-m-i-m]	PART INSTRUMENT
ALL	
	LEVEL PAN
MUTE	
	REVERB CHORUS
	KEY SHIFT MIDI CH

- ① Press ALL to turn the button indicator on.
- ② Press ALL and MUTE simultaneously. Mute indicator will blink. The sound of all parts can be monitored in this status regardless of the setting of Part Mute.
- ③ Press ALL and MUTE simultaneously again to return to the previous status.

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# TUNING TO THE PITCH OF ANOTHER INSTRUMENT

Adjust Master Tune when you want to play along with another instrument with a slightly different pitch, or when you want to adjust the Sound Canvas's pitch to match that of another instrument.

Master Tune : 415.3—466.2Hz



ζ.		Ale de Carlos		
PART	INSTR	UMENT	Anna Anna an	]
<b>ALL</b>	>M.	Tune:	440.0	
70 REVERB 80 K SHIFT 0	CHORUS CHORUS 33 MIDI CH 17	1 2 3 4 5 6	7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15	16
			PART	

- ① Press ALL to turn the button indicator on.
- 2 Press the PART buttons ( and ) simultaneously.
- ③ Use the ALL and MUTE buttons to select "M.Tune".
- ④ Use the INSTRUMENT buttons to adjust the pitch.
  - The displayed value (440.0) is the frequency of A4 on a keyboard.
- ⑤ After tuning, press the PART buttons (◀ and ►) simultaneously to finalize the setting.

# ADJUSTING THE CONTRAST OF THE DISPLAY

In some cases, depending on placement or lighting conditions, the display screen may not be seen clearly. In such a case adjust the contrast of the display screen.



INSTRUMENT

SLCD.

CHORUS 53 MIDI CH

17

Contrast:

PART

11

PART

70

80

Shift Öl

- ① Press ALL to turn the button indicator on.
- ② Press the PART buttons ( and ) simultaneously.
- ③ Use the ALL and MUTE buttons to select "LCC Contrast".
- ④ Use the INSTRUMENT ◄ ► buttons to adjust the contrast.
- ⑤ After adjusting, press the PART buttons (◀ and ► simultaneously to finalize the adjustment.

# HOW TO SET THE BAR DISPLAY

(Bar display / Peak hold)

< Bar display >

You can select which type of display will be used to indicate the volume level. There are eight display types to choose from:



#### < Peak hold >

The Bar display holds the peak level segment for a few moments even if the volume level goes down. This will allow you to easily check the peak level (maximum value). You can select one of the four following types of peak level display:

Off : Peak level hold is not in effect.

Type 1 : The peak level segment goes down after holding the peak level (normal)

Type 2: The peak level segment goes off after holding the peak level

Type 3 : The peak level segment goes up after holding the peak level

\* When Type 1 or Type 3 is selected for Bar Display types 3, 4, 7, and 8, the Peak Level dot will be inverted.

Setting instructions 2;5 4 1 3 1 Press ALL to turn the button indicator on. INSTRUMENT PART ALL (2) Press the PART button ( $\blacksquare$  and  $\blacktriangleright$ ) simultaneously. PAN  $\overline{}$ CHORUS ③ Use the ALL and MUTE buttons to select the REVERB display function you want to set. MIDI CH KEY SHIFT "Display" : Bar display type "Peak Hold" : Peak hold type INSTRUMENT PART ④ Use the INSTRUMENT ◄ ► buttons to set the >Diselay: Type1 70 0 display types. REVERB CHORUS

> (5) After setting, press the PART button ( $\blacksquare$  and  $\blacktriangleright$ ) simultaneously to finalize the selection.

33 MIDI OH

17

SHIFT 0

# SETTING THE SOUND CANVAS TO THE SOUND ARRANGEMENT OF THE MT-32

The Sound Canvas can be set to the sound arrangement of the MT-32 (Multi-Timbral Sound Module) which is a standard sound producing device for computer music applications. If you want to hear song data that was created for the MT-32, set the Sound Canvas according to the instructions below.

## Initial settings

When you set the Sound Canvas to the sound arrangement of the MT-32, The Sound Canvas settings will become identical to the power on settings of the MT-32. The following illustration shows these settings.

Part	MIDI Receive channel	Instrument (Instrument number)	Volume level	Pan	Reverb	Chorus	Key Shift
1	1	Acou Piano 1 (1)	100	0	64	0	0
2	2	Slap Bass 1 (69)	100	L10	64	0	0
3	3.	Str Sect 1 (49)	100	L10	64	0	0
4	4	Brs Sect 1 (96)	100	L10 .	64.	· 0	0
5	5	Sax 1 (79)	100	L10	64	0	0
6	6	Ice Rain (42)	100	L46	64	0	0
7	7	Elec Piano 1 (4)	100	R27	64	0	0
8	8	Bottle Blow (111)	100	L63	64	0	0
9° - 2°	9	Orche Hit (123)	100	R63	64	0	0
10 (Drum)	.10 <sub>355</sub>	CM-64/32L Set (128)	100	0	64	0	0

\* Parts11-16 are factory presets.

< Setting of all parts >

oottinge

Volume level	Pan	Reverb	Chorus	Key Shift
127	0	64	64	0

## Differences of the MT-32

If you set the Sound Canvas to the sound arrangement of the MT-32, you will be able to play in the same manner as if you were playing the MT-32, however, since the sound module of the MT-32 is organized differently from the Sound Canvas, you will not be able to perfectly duplicate the operations of the MT-32. Please consider the following differences:

#### < Changing the sound >

When you change the sound of an instrument using velocity, modulation, aftertouch, etc., delicate changes in the sound will appear differently than those of the MT-32.

< Exclusive messages >

The Sound Canvas and the MT-32 cannot exchange exclusive messages Therefore if exclusive messages of the MT-32 are received by the Soun-Canvas, the settings of the latter will not be changed. For example, if th sound data of the MT-32 (exclusive message) is stored to song data, th same data cannot be perfectly reproduced when using the Sound Canvas.

< Pan >

Pan movement is opposite from an actual MT-32. To rectify this, connec the L/R of the Audio Output jacks conversely.

#### < Maximum simultaneous notes >

The MT-32 has a higher number of maximum simultaneous notes (MT-32 32 tones, Sound Canvas: 24 tones) but the Sound Canvas uses a lowe number of partials to create instrument sounds. So in actuality, the Sound Canvas makes better use of note number.

**Note:** When you set the Sound Canvas to the sound arrange ment of the MT-32, all prior settings will be lost.

⇒The maximum number of simultaneous notes will differ depending on the number of partials being used. For more details, refer to P.40.

⇒When you want to return to the previous sound arrangement after setting the Sound Canvas to the MT-32 arrangement, refer to "Returning to Factory Preset" on the page 34.

# • Setting the sound arrangement of the MT-32



"Init MT-32,Sure?" will be shown in the display.

② Press ALL to execute. (Press MUTE to stop the operation)

# MAKING THE BASIC GS STANDARD FORMAT

When you want to play song data that is conformed to GS Standard, format the unit to the basic setting of GS standard. When you format to the basic setting of GS standard, all settings of the Sound Canvas will be returned to the factory preset except the system functions ( $\Box$  P.63).



If the Sound Canvas receives an All Reset message, it will return to the basic setting of GS Standard format. (An "all reset" message is stored to the demo song of the separately sold Sound Brush sequencer.) If you don't want the Sound Canvas making the GS standard setting when receiving an all reset message, turn the GS Reset switch off (when the factory settings are on.).



# RETURNING TO FACTORY PRESET

Use the following procedure for things like returning the Sound Canvas to the factory preset after changing the settings o various functions, or for returning to the original sound arrangement of the MT-32 after having changed it.

Returning to factory pr	eset		
POWER STANDBYJ STANDBYJ MIDI IN 2 PHONES VOLUME PART INSTRUMENT Ø1 Init A1 SØ 33 K SWFT MIDI OH Ø 01 123 SOUND Canvas		ALL ALL MUTE MUTE KEY SHIFT KEY SHIFT	PAN CHORUS MIDI CH
	and ▶. "Init All, Sure?" will b	ON while pushing be displayed.	
and the second		v <sup>2</sup> a	
< Backup Switch On/Off >			· · ·
There is a backup switch contained in the Sound Usually, this switch is set to on, but when you w to the basic setting of GS Standard, turn the ba	ant to turn the power ba	ck on or if you want to re	e power is turned off. set the Sound Canvas
		n setting will be stored reg	ardless of the on⁄off
MUTEO		the button indicator light c	
KEY SHIFT MIDI CH		MUTE buttons to select "	
PART INSTRUMENT		to turn the switch "O turn the switch "On", pre	
ALL <u> &gt;Back UF: On</u> LEVEL 70 0: REVERB CHORUS 80 33: K SMFT MID 0:	⑤ After settings, Press to finalize.	the PART buttons ( 🔳 ar	nd 🕨) simultaneously
PART			

# CHANGING THE MIDI RECEIVE CHANNEL (PART)

Use the following procedure to change the MIDI receive channel of each part.



1 Press ALL to turn the button indicator off.

- ② Use the PART ◀ ► buttons to select the part. The MIDI receive channel of the selected part will be shown in the display.
- ③ Use the MIDI CH ► buttons to change the MIDI receive channel.



 $\Rightarrow$  If you press MIDI CH  $\triangleleft$  and  $\triangleright$  simultaneously, the MIDI receive channel setting of each part will be shown on the Bar Display. Press MIDI CH  $\triangleleft$  and  $\triangleright$  again to return to the previous display.

# CHANGING THE TYPE OF REVERB AND CHORUS

You can select one of eight types of both Reverb and Chorus effects. Make these selections according to your preference. The effect that is chosen will be applied to all parts, therefore when changing the type, please consider how the effect will affect each part. (rr P.23)

## < Reverb type >

Туре	Effect
Room 1-3	Reverb that simulates the natural echo of a room. Sharply-defined reverb with a broad spread.
Hall 1—2	Reverb that simulates the natural echo of a hall. Smooth reverb, with greater depth than room.
Plate	This effect simulates Plate Echo (a type of reverb that uses the vibration of metal plates to produce a metallic echo).
Delay	Standard delay effect.
Panning Delay	Delay repetitions pan to left and right. This effect can be used if the unit is connected to a stereo audio device. It is effective when the Sound Canvas is connected to a stereo system.

## < Chorus type >

Туре	Effect	· .
Chorus 1-4	Standard chorus effect.	
Feedback Chorus	Chorus effect that simulates a flanger with soft sound.	
Flanger	An effect that is sometimes used to simulate the takeoff and landing of a jet.	•
Short Delay	A delay repeated in a short time.	
Short Delay (FB)	A short delay repeated many times.	

# FOR IMPROVED PERFORMANCE

# How to change the Reverb and Chorus type



PART	INSTR	UMENT		
FILL	>Re!	verb:	Roomi	
70 REVERB	CHORUS	•		
80	33			
K SHIFT	мірі сн 17		7 8 9 10 11 12 13 1	
L		123450	PART	4 15 16

- ① Press ALL to turn the button indicator light on.
- (2) Press the PART buttons ( $\blacksquare$  and  $\blacktriangleright$ ) simultaneously.
- ③ Use ALL MUTE to select the function that you want to set. Reverb

Chorus

- ④ Use the INSTRUMENT ▶ buttons to select the type.
- ⑤ After setting, press the PART buttons (◀ and ►) simultaneously.
## CHANGING THE WAY THE SOUND IS OUTPUT

Bend Range, Modulation Depth, Key Range, Velocity sens Depth, Velocity sens Offset, and M/P mode functions can be set according to your own taste. These functions affect the way the sound of each part is output.

### The operation of each function

PART	INSTRUMENT
	>Bend Ran9e: + 2
70 REVERS 80 K SHIFT 0	С Сноячия 3.3 МІСІ СН 1.2.3.4.5.6.7.6.9.10.11.12.13.14.15.16 1.2.3.4.5.6.7.6.9.10.11.12.13.14.15.16
<u> </u>	PART

**Bend** Range: 0-+24 (semitone steps, +2 octaves)

Bend Range determines the range over which the pitch can change by using the pitch bend lever or wheel (pitch bend message) on a MIDI keyboard.

⇒The pitch bend lever (wheel) is often used to create vibrato effects and to emulate the sound of a violin or the bending of strings on an electric guitar.



PART	INSTRU	MENT	ν.	
01		. Depth:	127	D
70 REVERB 80 K SHIFT 0	CHORUS 33 MIDI CH 21	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9		•
		PAF	T	2

The Modulation Depth value determines the depth of the modulation (vibrato effect etc.) which is applied using the modulation lever or wheel (modulation message).

Nev Nev	ун	ange : C-1—G-9
PART	INSTR	UMENT
Ø1	≻К.	Range L:C#-1
70 REVERB 80	CHORUS 33	
	мірі сн © 1	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16
		PART

D-

PART	INSTR	UMENT	
		Range H: G 9	
70		•	
REVERB 80	chorus 고고	•	
K SHIFT	MIDICH	:	
0	01	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14	15 16
		PART	

Key Range is a function that determines the range over which a particular sound will be heard. This range is determind by the settings of Key Range L (the lowest note) and Key Range H (the highest note). The value is displayed using the name of the note that shows the position of the key. Middle C is C4. You can set this function within the range of C1 — G9.

Set Key Range when you are using a MIDI keyboard to play the Sound Canvas.

For example: Set parts 1 and 2 to the same MIDI receive channel. Then set the Key Range of part 1 to C-1—B3, and the Key Range of part 2 to C4—G9. Then, by assigning a different instrument to parts 1 and 2, you can play two different instruments on one MIDI keyboard with C-4 as the dividing point.



Range of part 1 | Range of part 2

### ● Velocity Sens Depth : 0-127 ● Velocity Sens Offset : 0-127

, ,			
PART	INSTRUM	IENT	
01	>Velo	) Depth: 127	I
ZØ	PAW []		
REVERB	CHORUS		
K SHIFT	SS:		
0	01		
<u> </u>	1	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 1 PART	6

~

Changing the velocity value of the note message that is received by the Sound Canvas will determine how the volume will be changed.

#### < Depth >

Higher Velocity Sens Depth values result in larger inclination of volume change. When you set the value to "0", the volume will not change regardless of how strongly you play the keyboard.



PART	INSTR	UMENT
01		lo Offset:127
TO	9200	an an an the second second
REVERB	CHORUS	
K SHIFT	MIDI CH	
0	01	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 B 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16
		PART

< Offset >

Velocity Sens Offset determines at what point volume will be changed according to keyboard dynamics. If the value is set to 64 or higher, the volume can be changed by playing the keyboard softly. If the value is set below 64, the volume can be changed by playing the keyboard more strongly.



### ● M/P mode : Poly, mono

PART	INSTRUMENT
01	>M/P Mode: Poly
REVERS REVERS K SHIFT	С снояиз 33 мір сн 21
	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16
	PART

Select the mode of sound output.

Poly : Many notes can be played or heard at once. This is the usual setting.
 Mono : Only one note can be played or heard at once. Use this setting for solo instruments such as brass, trumpet.

\* Modifying the setting of M/P mode will not affect the sound that is set to the drum part.

### Setting instructions



PART	INSTRUMENT
Ø1	>Part Mode: Norm
70	0
REVERB	CHORUS
K SHIFT	MIDI CH
0	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16
<b>C</b>	PART

- ① Make sure that the <u>ALL</u> button indicator is off. If the indicator is on, press the button to turn it off.
- 2 Press the PART buttons ( $\blacksquare$  and  $\blacktriangleright$ ) simultaneously.
- ③ Use the PART ◀ ► buttons to select the part.
- ④ Use the ALL and MUTE buttons to select the function that you want to set. Bend Range Modulation Depth Key Range L Key Range H

  - Velocity Depth
  - Velocity Offset
  - M/P Mode
- ⑤ Use the INSTRUMENT ◄ ► buttons to set the values.
- ⑥ After setting, press the PART buttons (◀ and ►) simultaneously to finalize the settings.

### HOW TO USE PARTS FOR ENSEMBLE **PERFORMANCE** (Partial reserve)

The Sound Canvas has a limited number of notes that can be played or heard simultaneously (the Maximum polyphony). When using a sequencer for ensemble performance (using many instruments at once) the maximum polyphony may be exceeded. The following section will explain how to resolve this problem.

### About the maximum polyphony

The Sound Canvas can play up to 24 notes simultaneously. The number of notes that will actually be heard depends upon the instrument that is selected.

Some instruments are created by combining two types of partials (parts of a sound) to get a more realistic sound. When you want to hear or play an instrument such as this, you must use two partials. Therefore, the maximum polyphony will be 12. When using many instruments at once (ensemble playing) to create song data, you should consider the number of partials in each part and the maximum number of notes that will actually be heard.

#### When exceeding maximum polyphony the

When using a sequencer to create song data, the song data should be written with the maximum polyphony of the Sound Canvas in mind. If the song data should happen to temporarily exceed the limit, it is possible that some important notes will be cut, making the song sound unnatural. The Sound Canvas provides a Note Sounding Priority and Partial Reserve function to minimize such occurences.

### Note Sounding Priority order of part

Note Sounding Priority order	Part number
1	10 (Drum part)
2	1
3	2
4	3
5	4
6	5
7	6
8	7
9	8
10	9
· 11	11
12	12
13	13
14	14
15	15
16	16

When the number of notes exceeds 24 partials, that have been sounding the longest notes will be turned off in order. The Note Sounding Priority order determines the priority with which to turn off the notes. In short, the part having the lowest priority will be turned off first, the next to lowest will be turned off second, and so on.

The part's Note Sounding Priority order is shown in the chart on the left. When you make a song, consider the priority order carefully when you specify each Sound Canvas part.

### < Partial Reserve >

The part's Note Sounding Priority only determines the priority order. It does not secure the number of notes that will be heard. Therefore, it is possible that a part will be cut off even if it has a high priority. Partial Reserve is an effective function for resolving this problem.

Partial Reserve is a function that reserves a minimum number of partials for each part, in case the total number of partials exceeds 24. For example, if you set the Partial Reserve of a particular part to 10, ten notes will be reserved for that part regardless of Note Sounding Priority order. If the instrument consists of one partial, ten notes will be secured for that instrument. Furthermore, the Sound Canvas can play up to 24 notes (partials) simultaneously, so the total number of partials that can be secured is 24.

#### Partial Reserve : 1-24 ⓓ 2, 4, 6 **(5**) INSTRUMENT PART ALL ◄ $(\blacktriangleright)$ < > MUTE ( 4 REVERB CHORUS • SHIFT MIDI CH •



- ① Make sure that the <u>ALL</u> button indicator is off. If the indicator is on, press the button to turn it off.
- 2 Press the PART buttons ( $\blacksquare$  and  $\blacktriangleright$ ) simultaneously.
- ③ Use the ALL and MUTE buttons to select "Partial Rsv".
- ④ Use the PART < ► buttons to select the part.
- (5) Use the INSTRUMENT buttons to set the partial number.
- ⑥ After setting, press the PART buttons (◀ and ►) simultaneously to finalize the setting.

\* The total number of partials that you can reserve for all parts is 24. If the number doesn't get any higher at the time of setting, make the partial reserve number of the other parts lower.

## SELECTING INSTRUMENT VARIATION

Some instruments have a variation that adds a different nuance to its sound. The following section will explain how to use Instrument Variation.



Using the Sound Canvas instruments that you have used until now as a foundation, the basic instrument is called "Capital", and the instrument that has a different nuance added to its sound is called "Variation".

The relationship between the Instrument number and the Variation number can be seen in the illustration on the left.

- ⇒Refer to "Instrument Table" ( P.66) to see which instrument has which kind of variation.
- ⇒Instruments that have the same sound arrangement as the MT-32 (or CM-32L) are set to variation number 127.

### < Variation of Instrument number 1-120 >



If you select an instrument for a part after altering the variation of the part, the instrument which is on the same line as the altered variation number will be selected. However, if you select an instrument that does not have a variation, the instrument capital will be substituted.

For example, if the current instrument is "E. Piano 1" (instrument number: 5) for part 1 and you change to variation number 8, "Detuned EP 1" of variation number 8 will be selected. Then if you change to instrument number 15, "Church Bell" will be selected. If you change to instrument number 9, since it has no variation, "Celesta" capital will be substituted.

⇒ When you specify variation number 63 and up, and the instrument is not assigned to its variation number, the capital instrument will not be substituted and no sound will be heard. < Variation of Special Effect sounds (Instrument number 121-127) >



< Sub Capital >



The operation of Special Effect sounds is different from other types of instruments.

Special Effect sounds such as "Falling rain" or "Laughter" are classified by instrument numbers according to their type. Capital is considered to be the foundation for other types of instruments, but Capital is considered to be one of the variations of Special Effect sounds. Therefore, when an instrument is not assigned to the variation number that you specified, the Capital instrument will not be substituted and no sound will be heard.

For example, if you change to instrument number 121 after changing to variation number 8 using another instrument, no sound will be heard because instrument number 121 is not assigned to variation number 8.

Sub Capital is a variation that, like capital, substitutes instruments when you change the variation. As is shown in the illustration on the left, the variation numbers in order from variation number 8 are designated as Sub Capital.

 $\Rightarrow$ Sub Capital (or Capital) is substituted only to instrument numbers 1 – 120/variation numbers 1 – 63.

If you change to another instrument number after selecting a variation number other than Sub Capital, Sub Capital or Capital will be substituted if the instrument is not assigned to its variation number. Which will be substituted is determined by the variation of the instrument number that you specified.



### How to change the variation



Variation number and instrument number



- 1 Make sure that the <u>ALL</u> button indicator is off. If the indicator is on, press the button to turn it off.
- ② Use the PART buttons to select the part.
- ③ Use the INSTRUMENT buttons to change to an instrument containing a variation.
- ④ Press the INSTRUMENT buttons (▲ and ►) simultaneously.

As soon as the displayed instrument number is changed to variation number, a "/" mark will be displayed in front of the instrument name and the variation can then be changed.

- ⑤ Use the INSTRUMENT ◀ ► buttons to change the variation.
- ⑥ Press the INSTRUMENT buttons (◀ and ►) simultaneously to finalize.
- ⇒When you want to return to the status in which instrument numbers can be changed, a mark will be displayed in front of the instrument name indicating what type of instrument has been selected.
  - Space: Capital
  - + : variation number 1 126
  - # : variation number 127 (MT-32 set)
- ⇒An instrument number and variation number that has no instrument assigned to it, or Capital/Sub-capital is substituted cannot be selected.

### • How to change the variation using an external MIDI device

The instrument number is changed by a program change message. The variation number is changed by the control O/value (variation number) of the control change message.

- a : Changing the variation of the instrument that has been selected
- (b): Changing to another instrument number (different variation number)
- © : Returning to the Capital instrument



After you transmit the control number 0/value (specified variation number), transmit the program change message (program number of specified instrument number).

(d): Changing to another instrument number (same variation number)



Instrument number

Transmit the program change message (program number of the desired instrument).

⇒Refer to the owners manual of your MIDI device for information about transmitting program change messages/control change messages.

⇒A mark will be displayed in front of the instrument name indicating what type of instrument has been selected.

Spece: Capital (variation number 0)

- + : Variation number 1—126
- # : Variation number 127 (MT-32 set)
- ⇒When Capital/Sub Capital is substituted, the instrument name that is substituted will be shown in the display.
- ⇒If you specify an instrument number to which Capital/Sub Capital is not assigned, no sound will be heard (the instrument name will not be displayed).

# When you don't want to change the instrument from the external MIDI device



PART	INSTR	JMENT
ALL	>R×	Inst Ch9: On
70	CHORUS	•
REVERB 80	33	· · ·
K SHIFT	мірі сн 17	
		1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 1011 12 13 14 15 16 PART

① Press ALL to turn the button indicator on.

- (2) Press the PART buttons ( $\blacksquare$  and  $\blacktriangleright$ ) simultaneously.
- ③ Use the ALL and MUTE buttons to select "Rx Inst Chg" (Instrument receiving switch).
- ④ Use the INSTRUMENT ■ button to select "Off".
   Press INSTRUMENT ► to reselect to "On".
- ⑤ After setting, press the PART buttons (◀ and ►) simultaneously to finalize the settings.
- ⇒When the instrument receiving switch is turned off, the instruments/drum set of all parts cannot be changed from an external MIDI device.

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### ALTERING THE SOUND

The sound of an instrument can be altered according to your taste.

### ]Before altering the sound

The Sound Canvas contains parameters (elements) that are used to alter the sound. Altering the sound means editing the basic settings of each instrument. Therefore, even if the value of a parameter is the same, the effect may be different depending on the instrument that is selected.

Sound parameters are also set for each part. Therefore, if you change to another instrument after changing the value of a parameter, that instrument's sound will be changed. The normal method of operation is to change the value of the parameter for the part in which only one specified instrument is used.

### The function of each parameter

### Vibrato

Vibrato adds a pitch-fluctuation effect to the sound.

### Vibrato Rate : - 50 - + 50

PART	INSTR	JMENT		_
	>ViŁ	). Rate:	0	]
REVER REVERB 80 K SHIFT 0	CHORUS 33 MIDI CH 01	1234567891	0 11 12 13 14 15 16	
Chantonia		PART		

#### This determines the speed with which the pitch will fluctuate.

- + Values : Pitch fluctuations will be faster
- Values : Pitch fluctuations will be slower

### Vibrato Depth : - 50 - + 50

PART	INSTRU	MENT	
01	>Vib	. Depth:	Ø
70	0		
REVERB	CHORUS		
K SHIFT	MIDICH		
0	01:	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 1	1 12 13 14 15 16
		PART	

Vibrato Delay : -50 - +50

PART	INSTRU	MENT	
01	>Vib	. Delay:	Ø
TO			
REVERB	CHORUS		
K SHIFT	MIDI CH		
0	01:	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	11 12 13 14 15 16
<u></u>	1	PART	

This determines the depth of the pitch fluctuations.

- + Values : Pitch fluctuations will be deeper
- Values : Pitch fluctuations will be shallower

This adjusts the time delay after which the vibrato will begin.

- + Values : the time delay will be longer
- Values : the time delay will be shorter

### Nuances of the sound

### Cutoff Freq. (Cutoff Frequency): -50 - +16

PART	INSTRUM	IENT			
01	>Cutc	rf f	Freq	5 <sup>12</sup>	0.
70	0				
REVERB 80	CHORUS				· .
K SHIFT	MIDI CH				
L EI	<u>د انا</u>	234			13 14 15 16
		• 37	PAR	IT - au	

This parameter determines the frequency at which the overtone element of the sound is cut. The change may be completely different depending on the instrument that is selected.

Generally speaking, higher values usually result in a softer sound.

⇒Most instrument sounds are created without a large cut in the overtone element. Raising the Cutoff Frequency of these instruments will not change the sound greatly.

### **Resonance :** - 50 - + 50

· · ·			
PART	INSTR	UMENT	
01	>Res	sonance:	0
LEVEL	PAN	•	
70	0		
REVERB	CHORUS	•	
80	33	:	
K SHIFT	MIDI CH	:	
. 0	01		
		12345678	9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16
		PA	RT

This parameter determines how much the overtone element which is cut by the Cutoff Freq. will be emphasized.

Generally speaking, higher values will result in a more peculiar synth-type sound.







**Decay time :** - 50 - + 50

PART	INSTRUMENT	1
01	>Decay Tm: 0	
REVERB	Рич [2]: снояция: 33: мир сн	_
<u> </u>		16
	PART	

These settings create changes in volume and Cutoff Frequency over time.

- A : Attack time
- D : Decay time
- R : Release time

This setting determines the time at which the sound begins.

This setting determines the time at which the sustain level is reached.

\* Use Release time to adjust the volume decrease on instruments that have a natural decay (such as piano and guitar).



ⓑ Use the INSTRUMENT ◄ ► buttons to set the value.

⑥ After setting, press the PART buttons (◀ and ►) simultaneously to finalize the settings.

### STORING THE SOUND CANVAS'S SETTINGS **TO A SEQUENCER**

You can transmit the following settings as MIDI messages (exclusive messages) from the Sound Canvas. Use this function when you want to save the Sound Canvas's settings in a sequencer or other device. You can also store the settings to the head of song data, then when you load the song data to be played, it can be played without having to make any prior settings. If you store edited sound data after the instrument change message, the specified instrument can be heard with its original sound.

Overall part settings							
Volume level of all parts							
Pan of all parts							
Reverb level of all parts							
Chorus level of all parts							
Key shift of all parts							
Master tune							
Reverb type							
Chorus type							

Part settings	1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 -
Instrument selection	Part Mode
Drum part setting	Bend range
Reverb	Partial reserve
Chorus	Key range low
Pan	Key range high
Volume level	Velocity sens depth
Key shift	Velocity sens offset
MIDI channel	M/P mode
	Vibrato rate
	Vibrato depth
	Vibrato delay
	Cutoff frequency
•	Resonance

Attack time Decay time Release time

\* Whether or not exclusive messages can be transmitted and received correctly depends on the type of sequencer. \* The above settings can be set using the Sound Canvas but other settings will also be transmitted. For more details, refer to the MIDI implementation (P.74).

- \* If you are using more than one Sound Canvas, transmit after changing the Device ID number of each unit ( P.53). The factory preset is 17.
- \* The setting of the partial reserve for each part will be transmitted as the setting for all parts.

How to transmit 2, 5 3 INSTRUMENT PART ALL (ৰ) LEVEL PAN MUTE ( < `► < 20 **•** • • • REVERB CHORUS 4 . KEY SHIFT MIDI CH < ) >

PART	INSTRUM	IENT		
	Dump	ALL,	Sure?	
7 @ REVERB	CHORUS			
80 K SHIFT	MIDI CH			
0	17:.	123456		14 15 16
			PART	

- (All Sound Canvas settings)
  - (1) Using a MIDI cable, connect MIDI OUT of the Sound Canvas to MIDI IN of the sequencer.
  - 2 Press ALL to turn the button indicator light on.
  - ③ Press the INSTRUMENT buttons (▲ and ►) simultaneously.

"Dump All, Sure?" will be shown in the display, and the Sound Canvas will be ready to transmit.

- ④ Start sequencer recording (Realtime recording).
- 5 Press ALL to transmit. (To stop the procedure, press MUTE .)
- 6 Stop sequencer recording.

How to transmit

### (all parts and specified part settings)



2

PART	INSTRUMENT
	Dump ALL+, Sure?
7 O Reverb	CHORUS
80 K SHIFT	33: Midi ch
Q	
	PART

- ① Using a MIDI cable, connect MIDI OUT of the Sound Canvas to MIDI IN of the sequencer.
- 2 After turning the ALL button indicator off, mute the part that you do not want to transmit (P P.25).
- 3 After turning the ALL button indicator on, press the PART buttons ( $\blacksquare$  and  $\blacktriangleright$ ) simultaneously.
- ④ Press the INSTRUMENT buttons ( and ►) simultaneously. "Dump ALL+, Sure?" will be shown in the display, and the Sound Canvas will be ready to transmit.
- ⑤ Start sequencer recording (Realtime recording).
- 6 Press ALL to transmit. (To stop the procedure, press MUTE .)
- ⑦ Stop sequencer recording.





PAR'

- ① Using a MIDI cable, connect MIDI OUT of the Sound Canvas to MIDI IN of the sequencer.
- ② After turning the ALL button indicator off, mute the part that you do not want to transmit (P P.25).
- ③ After pressing the PART buttons (▲ and ▶) simultaneously, press the INSTRUMENT buttons (▲ and ▶) simultaneously.

"Dump PART, Sure?" will be shown in the display, and the Sound Canvas will be ready to transmit.

(4) Start sequencer recording (Realtime recording).

- ⑤ Press ALL to transmit. (To stop the procedure, press MUTE.)
- 6 Stop sequencer recording.

### How to receive

- (1) Using a MIDI cable, connect MIDI IN of the Sound Canvas to MIDI OUT of the sequencer.
- ② It is not necessary to set the Sound Canvas to any special receiving status. Simply transmit the exclusive messages from the sequencer.
- ⇒When you do not want to receive exclusive messages, turn the exclusive receiving switch off (□ P.53).
- ⇒If the Device ID number of the exclusive message that is transmitted does not match the Device ID number of the Sound Canvas ( □ P.53), the exclusive message cannot be received correctly.

Exclusive messages (CPP.60) have what is called a device ID number (sometimes called "unit number") to distinguish each device when many devices are being used. Device ID numbers are given the numbers 1-32 (factory preset 17). When only one Sound Canvas is used, it is not necessary to change the Device ID number. When you do not want to receive exclusive messages, turn the exclusive receiving switch off (factory preset on).





## TROUBLESHOOTING

If the Sound Canvas does not perform as expect, please check the following points. If you can not solve the problem, discontinue use immediately, contact your Roland dealer or a nearby Roland service station as soon as possible.

 $\Rightarrow$ If an error message appears in the display during operation, refer to the error message table on the following page.

Cannot turn the power on

Be sure to use only the included AC adaptor.

#### No sound

Is the power to the connected devices turned on?

Is the volume knob turned all the way down?

Can you hear sound in the headphones? If not, the problem is probably in the cable, amp, or mixer.

Is the sound of all parts muted ( $rac{P.25}$ )?

Is the volume level of all parts too low ( $rac{rac}P.15$ )?

Is an external device using an expression pedal which is turned down?

### A specified part cannot be heard

Is the sound of that part muted (\$\mathbf{P}\$ P.25)? Is the volume level of the part too low (\$\mathbf{P}\$ P.23)? Does the part's MIDI receive channel match the MIDI transmit channel of the external device?

• Notes within a specified range cannot be heard Has the Key Range been set (**P** P.37)?

#### The pitch is wrong

Is the Master Tune setting correct ( **P**.27)?

Does the pitch of all parts differ by more than one semitone ( $\Box P.17$ )?

Is the pitch of the specified part off by more than one semitone ( $\Box P.24$ )?

Has pitch bend data been received, leaving the pitch "hanging" at some non-zero value? Return the bender to the center position or transmit the center value (63) of the pitch bend message.

#### • The instrument cannot be changed

Is the instrument receiving switch turned off ( P.46)?

#### The instruments sound strange

Have you changed to another instrument after editing the sound? Set all sound parameter values to 0 (rr P.36, 47).

### Notes of an important part are cut off Change the partial reserve settings (PP.41).

### Exclusive messages cannot be received

Is the exclusive message receiving switch turned off ( $\Box$  P.53)?

Does the Device ID number of the exclusive message that you are sending match the Device ID number of the Sound Canvas? (**P**.53)

APPEND

### ERROR MESSAGES

If you attempt to execute an incorrect operation or if some unexpected condition occurs, one of the following error messages will appear in the display (in the area that normally displays the instrument name and number). Refer to this list, and take the appropriate action.

Battery Low!	Reason : The internal memory backup battery is low.Action : Consult the nearest Roland service station.
Address Error!	Reason : The address of the exclusive message that is being received is incorrect.
DT1 Data Error!	Reason : DT I (Data Set 1) data that is being received is incorrect.
RQ1 Size Error!	Reason : The size of RQ 1 (Data Requirement 1) data that is being received is incorrect.
Check Sum Error!	Reason : The Check Sum that is being received is incorrect.
	Action : Check the data that is being transmitted and try the operation again. Also,
	make sure the MIDI cable isn't unplugged, broken, or shorted.
MIDI Buff. Full!	Reason : A large amount of MIDI data was received in a short time and could not be processed.
n jeve s se se Se statistica en se	Action : Check that the transmitting device is not transmitting excessive amounts of MIDI data.
MIDI Off Line!	Reason 1 : The MIDI device connected to MIDI IN has been turned off. Action 1 : This is not a malfunction.
	Reason 2 : It is possible that the MIDI cable connected to MIDI IN has been pulled out, or damaged.
на страна стр	Action 2 : Check the MIDI cable connections.

### **ABOUT MIDI**

MIDI (Musical Instrument Digital Interface) is a world-wide standard that provides a way for electronic musical instruments to communicate. Instruments that have MIDI connectors can be connected to any other MIDI device, regardless of the manufacturer or model, and exchange musical data as "MIDI messages".

## How MIDI messages are transmitted and received

### MIDI connectors

Three types of connectors are used to transmit and receive MIDI messages.

Depending on your setup, you can use MIDI cables to connect your equipment in various ways.



MIDI IN : This connector receives messages from another MIDI device itself.

MIDI OUT : This connector transmits messages from the device itself. MIDI THRU: This connector re-transmits the messages from MIDI IN, exactly as they were received.

\* MIDI THRU connectors can be used to "daisy-chain" any number of MIDI devices. However in practice, four or five units is the limit. When the MIDI signal is passed through many THRU connectors, it may become unreadable.

### MIDI channels

MIDI uses "channels" to independently control many devices through a single cable. You may think of MIDI channels as being similar to television channels. Electrical signals come into a television set from the antenna on many different channels at once, but only the channel to which the TV is tuned will be received.



MIDI provides sixteen channels (1-16) on which messages can be sent. Messages will be received only by instruments which are set to receive the matching channel. For example, with the MIDI channel settings in the following illustration, playing the keyboard will play only sound module B.



### ] MIDI messages used by the Sound Canvas

The various types of data transmitted and received via MIDI are called MIDI messages. MIDI messages can be broadly divided into two types; messages that are transmitted on a specific channel (Channel messages), and messages that carry information which applies to an entire MIDI system (System messages).

### Channel messages

Channel messages are used to convey musical actions, such as notes you play and controllers you move. Most MIDI messages fall into this category. The settings of the sound source will determine how it will produce sound in response to these messages.

#### Note messages

Note messages are transmitted when you play the keyboard. Each message contains information indicating which key was pressed (the note number) and how strongly it was pressed (the velocity). When you release a key, a similar message is sent, indicating which key was released.

Note number	A number indicating the note (key) that was pressed or released
Note on	A message indicating that a note (key) was pressed
Note off	A message indicating that a note (key) was released
Velocity	A number indicating how strongly the note (key) was pressed

Notes are numbered from 0-127, with middle C (C4) as 60. A different note number is assigned to each percussion sound in the drum part. Each note number will play a different percussion sound.

### Pitch Bend messages

Pitch Bend messages are transmitted when you move the pitch bend lever (wheel) found on most synthesizers.

### Aftertouch messages

Aftertouch messages are transmitted when you press down on the keyboard (of a synthesizer that is able to transmit aftertouch messages) after playing a note. There are two types of aftertouch; Channel aftertouch and Polyphonic aftertouch.

Channel aftertouch is transmitted as a single value for the entire keyboard, and applies to an entire MIDI channel. All notes receiving that MIDI channel will respond in the same way regardless of which key you apply pressure to.

Polyphonic aftertouch is transmitted independently for each key (note). Even for the same MIDI channel, only the note to which you apply pressure will be affected.

#### Program Change messages

Program change messages are used to change instruments. Instruments using program numbers 1— 128 will be changed by program change messages. The Sound Canvas also uses control change messages to change the variation of an instrument.

### Control Change messages

Control Change messages control musical expressions such as vibrato, hold, volume, and pan. Each function is designated by a control number (0-127), and controllable functions will be different depending on the MIDI device. The Sound Canvas uses the value of control number 0 to change the variation of an instrument.

### System messages

This category of message includes Exclusive messages, various types of messages used in synchronization, and messages to keep the MIDI system running properly. System messages are used regardless of the MIDI channel number. The Sound Canvas usually uses exclusive messages.

### Exclusive messages

Exclusive messages contain data that is unique to a specific family of devices made by a manufacturer, and are used to transfer sound data, etc. The Sound Canvas uses these messages to save system functions and part settings to a sequencer.

### < About MIDI implementation charts >

MIDI allows a wide variety of devices to exchange information, but it is not necessarily the case that all types of messages can be transmitted or received by every device.

For example if a keyboard that is able to transmit Aftertouch messages is connected to a sound module that is not able to receive Aftertouch messages, the Aftertouch messages transmitted by the keyboard will have no effect. For MIDI messages to be meaningful, they must be transmitted by one device and received by the other.

For this reason, a "MIDI Implementation Chart" (P.84) is included with every MIDI device, usually in the operating manual. By comparing the charts of two devices, you can determine how messages will be exchanged between the two devices. Since the charts are a standard size, you can fold the charts of the two devices together as shown below.

10.53	8 (M)	2			$f_{\rm eff}^{\rm eff} = \frac{1}{2} \int d^{2} d^{2$
1. A.	Function	Tranamitted	Received	Remarks	
, dan	1	, estatut			and the second
			а. Страдат — с	·	
· · .				1 A.	a the definition of the state of the

### ABOUT GS STANDARD

GS Standard was created in an attempt to standardize the way in which sound module are controlled by MIDI. This section will give you a simple overview of GS Standard.

### ] What is GS Standard

Until now, concerning the correspondence of instruments, how the sound was produced and various controller operations were different, depending on the MIDI sound module devices. Therefore, the user had to have a clear understanding of the operation of each device and how they corresponded when connected.

Sometimes, song data that was created by using one particular MIDI sound module could not be reproduced as expected on another MIDI sound module. The transmission and reception of MIDI messages has been standardized by "MIDI Standard" but operations that affect the way sound is heard were not always compatible between units.

To solve this problem, Roland introduces GS Standard which was created to standardize the way in which sound module are controlled by MIDI.

If a device contains a sound module that conforms to GS Standard, it is possible to reproduce the performance that was created on another GS Standard device. GS Standard was designed with careful consideration of future development, and GS Standard will be incorporated into many devices from now on.

Devices that contain sound module that conform to GS Standard will have the GS Standard mark on their panel.

### □ The main features of GS Standard

● 16 part multi-timbral sound module

GS Standard devices contain a 16-part multi-timbral sound module that utilizes full MIDI channel support. You can assign a different instrument to each part and therefore enjoy ensemble performance by using the instruments of each part.

● An abundance of internally stored instrument sounds and instrument specification exchangeability (□ P.42, 66).

GS Standard contains standard instruments (Capital) that can be used to reproduce many various styles of music, such as: classical, jazz, rock, popular, and ethnic, as well as instrument variations that make use of device features and future expansion.

There is exchangeability to specify instruments even to the device that has a different correspondence of variation.

GS Standard also contains many drum set types that incorporate various percussion sounds thus making it possible to choose the drum set that is most suitable for a particular song.

#### ● 24 guaranteed simultaneous notes (□ P.40)

GS Standard does not prescribe to any one specified sound module method so there is no limit to the maximum simultaneous notes that can be played.

However, GS Standard does guarantee that at least 24 notes can be played simultaneously. Also, most acoustic sounds consist of only one partial and were created with careful consideration as to how they can be used with each part most effectively thus surpassing earlier sound module methods.

Completion of MIDI control functions

GS Standard corresponds to various MIDI messages that are indispensable for playing expression such as Mono mode and Portamento. It is also possible to control most MIDI messages that are necessary for performance without using exclusive messages.

### General functions of GS Standard

: 16

Maximum number of simultaneous notes : 24 (partials) and up

Instrument specification

Number of parts

: GS Standard makes the specification of instruments possible by combining previously developed program change messages with control change messages (bank select) thus increasing the type of instruments that can be changed by an external device. This instrument specification exchangeability is possible even if there is a difference in the variation of other devices.

Drum Set Effects : The drum set can be changed with the program change message.

: GS Standard contains adjustable Reverb and Chorus effects.

## TABLE OF OPERATIONS

### • All parts and System function settings (When the ALL indicator is on)

	Volume Level	0-127		P.15
in Alternation	Pan	L63-0-R63	PAN	P.15
	Reverb	0-64-127	REVERB	P.16
	Chorus	0-64-127	CHORUS	P.16 P.17
	Key Shift	-24-0-+24	KEY SHIFT	
	Master Tune	415.3-440.0-466.2Hz		P.27
All parts	Reverb Type	Room1, 2, 3 Hall1, 2 Plate Delay Panning Delay		P.36
	Chorus Type	Chorus1, 2, 3, 4 Feedback Chorus Flanger Short Delay Short Delay (FB)	PART ■ * Part ► → ( <u>ALL MUTE</u> : Function selection → INSTRUMENT ■ : Set) →	P.36
	Rx. Inst Chg	Off, On	PART 🚽 * Part ►: Execute	P.46
	Rx. SysEx	Off, On		P.53
Ę	Rx GS Reset	Off, On		P.33
Ictio	Display	Type1—8		P.29
fur	Peak Hold	Off, Type1-3		P.29
System function	LCD Contrast	1-8-16		P.28
Sys	Back Up	Off, On		P.34
	Rx Remote	Off, On		P.11
	Device ID number	1-17-32		P.53

→ A\*B «> : Proceed to the next instruction

: Press A and B simultaneously.

: Repeat the operation.

\* Bold-faced values are the factory presets.

Instrument Selection	1-128	PART < ►: Part selection → INSTRUMENT < ►	P.14
Drum Set Selection		PART < ►: Drum part selection → INSTRUMENT < ►	P.20
Volume Level	0-100-127	PART ◄►: Part selection ⇒ LEVEL ◄►	P.23
Pan	Rnd, L63-0-R63	PART ◄►: Part selection ➡ PAN ◀►	P.23
Reverb	0-40-127	PART <b>I</b> Part selection <b>→</b> REVERB <b>I</b>	P.23
Chorus	0-127	PART ◄►: Part_selection    CHORUS   ►	P.24
Key Shift	- 24-0-+ 24	PART ◄►: Part selection	P.24
MIDI Receive Channel	1—16, Off	PART < ►: Part selection → MIDI CH < ►	P.35
Part Mode	Norm, Drum1, Drum2		P.21
Bend Range	0-+2-+24	· · ·	P.37
Modulation Depth	0-10-127		P.37
Key Range L	C-1G9		P.37
Key Range H	C-1-G9		P.37
Velocity Sens Depth	0-64-127		P.38
Velocity Sens Offset	0-64-127	PART ■ * PART ■	P.38
Partial Reserve	0-2-24	PART ■ Part selection →	P.41
M/P Mode	Poly, Mono	(ALL MUTE: Function selection →	P.39
Vib. Rate -	- 50-0-+ 50	INSTRUMENT ◀►: Set) →	P.47
Vib. Depth	- 50- <b>0</b> -+ 50	PART 🔳 * PART ►: Execute	P.47
Vib. Delay	- 50 <b>-0</b> -+ 50		P.47
Cutoff Freq.	- 50-0-+ 16		P.48
Resonance	- 50 <b>-0</b> -+ 50		P.48
Attack Time	- 50-0-+ 50		P.48
Decay Time	- 50-0-+ 50		P.48
Release Time	- 50-0-+ 50		P.49

: Proceed to the next instruction

: While holding A, press B.

A + B A \* B <..>>

: Press A and B simultaneously. : Repeat the operation.

\* Bold-faced values are the factory presets that are common for each part.

*64* 

### • Other functions

			,			
Making the	GS star	ndard setting	INSTRUMENT ► + Turn the power on ⇒ ALL	P.33		
Sound arran	ngement	of MT-32	INSTRUMENT	P.32		
Returning to factory pres		Sound Canvas ngs	INSTRUMENT INSTRUMENT + POWER SUPPLY ON	P.34		
		All settings of the Sound Canvas	ALL: indicator on → INSTRUMENT ◀ * INSTRUMENT ►→ ALL: execute	P.50		
- Transmit Sound Canvas settings		All parts and settings of the specified part	ALL: indicator off →         《PART ▲ ►: select the part that you do not transmit → MUTE! Mute on》→         ALL: indicator on →         PART ▲ * PART ► →         INSTRUMENT ▲ * INSTRUMENT ► →         ALL: execute			
		Specified part settings	ALL: indicator light off → 《PART ■ ►: select the part that you do not transmit → MUTE: Mute on» → PART ■ * PART ► → INSTRUMENT ■ * INSTRUMENT ► → ALL: execute	P.52		
	Set to	ROM play status	PART < * PART + power on			
•	Select	song	PART			
ROM play	Play st	tart	ALL	P.13		
	Play st	top	MUTE			
	Cancel	ROM play status	PART 🖪 * PART 🕨	1.		
Sélection of	variatior	An and a second	ALL: Indicator light off → PART ■ E: select the part that you want to change → INSTRUMENT ■ E: change to an instrument that has variation → INSTRUMENT ■ E = INSTRUMENT ■ E: Select variation → INSTRUMENT ■ E	P.44		
(* <b>1</b> * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *		→ A+B A*B	: Proceed to the next instruction : While holding A, press B : Press A and B simultaneously			

 A \* B + power on
 : While holding A and B simultaneously, turn the power on.

 ()
 : Repeat this operation

### **INSTRUMENT TABLE**

### • Capital (variation : 0)

	PC #	Instrument name	P	Recommended sound range		PC #	Instrument name	P	Recommended sound ra	
	1	Piano 1	1	A0 (21) - C8 (108)		33	Acoustic Bs.	1	E1 (28) — G3 (55)	ange v
	2	Piano 2	1	A0 (21) - C8 (108)		34	Fingered Bs.	1	E1 (28) — G3 (55)	*
	3	Piano 3	1	A0 (21) - C8 (108)		35	Picked Bs.	1	E1 (28) - G3 (55)	*
0	4	Honky-tonk	2	A0 (21) - C8 (108)	6	36	Fretless Bs.		E1 (28) — G3 (55)	*
Piano	5	E. Piano 1	1	C2 (36) — C7 (96)	Bass	37	Slap Bs. 1	1	E1 (28) — G3 (55)	*
	6	E. Piano 2	1	C2(36) - C7(96)		38	Slap Bs. 2	1	E1 (28) — G3 (55)	*
	7	Harpsichord	1	F2 (41) — F6 (89)		39	Synth Bass 1	1	E1 (28) — G3 (55)	*
	8	Clav.	1	C2 (36) — C7 (96)	1	40	Synth Bass 2	1	E1 (28) — G3 (55)	*
	9	Celesta	1	C4 (60) — C8 (108) *		41	Violin	1	G3 (55) — C7 (96)	
5	10	Glockenspiel	1	C5 (72) - C8 (108) *		42	Viola	1	G3(48) - C6(84)	
Percussion	11	Music Box	1	C4 (60) - C6 (84)	orchestra	43	Cello	1	C2 (36) - C5 (72)	
erc	12	Vibraphone	1	F3 (53) — F6 (89) *	1 Che	44	Contrabass	1	E1 (28) — G3 (55)	*
	13	Marimba	1	C3 (48) — C6 (84)	$\mathbf{N}$	45	Tremolo Str	1	E1 (28) - C7 (96)	
mat	14	Xylophone	1	F4 (65) - C7 (96) *	Strings,	46	PizzicatoStr	1	E1 (28) - C7 (96)	
Chromatic	15	Tubular-bell	1	C4 (60) — F5 (77) *	Str	47	Harp	1	B0 (23) — G7 (103)	
Ŭ	16	Santur	1	C4 (60) — C6 (84)		48	Timpani	1	C2 (36) — A3 (57)	
	17	Organ 1	1	C2 (36) — C7 (96)		49	Strings	1	E1 (28) — C7 (96)	
	18	Organ 2	1	C2 (36) — C7 (96)		50	Slow Strings	1	E1 (28) - C7 (96)	
	19	Organ 3	1	C2 (36) — C7 (96)		51	Syn. Strings1	1	C2 (36) — C7 (96)	
a	20	Church Org. 1	1	A0 (21) - C8 (108)	nble	52	Syn. Strings2	2	C2 (36) - C7 (96)	
Organ	21	Reed Organ	1.	C2 (36) - C7 (96)	Ensemble	53	Choir Aahs	1	C3 (48) — G5 (79)	
	22	Accordion Fr	2	F3 (53) — F6 (89)	Ē	54	Voice Oohs	1	C3 (48) — G5 (79)	
	23	Harmonica	. 1	C4 (60) - C6 (84)		55	SynVox	1	C3 (48) - C6 (84)	
	24	Bandneon	2	F3 (53) — F6 (89)		56	OrchestraHit	2	C3 (48) - C5 (72)	
	25	Nylon-str. Gt	1	E2 (40) C6 (84) *		57	Trumpet	1	A # 3 (58) — A # 6 (94)	*
	26	Steel-Str. Gt	1	E2 (40) - C6 (84) *		58	Trombone	1	A # 1 (34) — D # 5 (75)	*
	27	Jazz Gt.	1	E2 (40) - D6 (86) *		59	Tuba	1	F1 (29) — G3 (55)	*
Itar	28	Clean Gt.	1	E2 (40) - D6 (86) *	SS	60	MutedTrumpet	1	A # 3 (58) — A # 5 (82)	*
Guitar	29	Muted Gt.	1	E2 (40) - D6 (86) *	Brass	61	French Horn	2	F2 (41) - F5 (77)	*
·「	30	Overdrive Gt	1	E2 (40) - D6 (86) *		62	Brass 1	1	C2 (36) - C7 (96)	
Γ	31	DistortionGt	1	E2 (40) - D6 (86) *		63	Synth Brass1	2	C2 (36) - C7 (96)	
ſ	32	Gt. Harmonics	1	E2 (40) - D6 (86) *		64	Synth Brass2	2	C2 (36) - C7 (96)	

PC # : Program number (instrument number)

P : Number of partials

\* : The actual note number is different from what is shown

Instrument name

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	PC #	Instrument name	P	Recommended sound range		PC #	Instrument na
	65	Soprano sax	1	F # 3 (54) — D # 6 (87)	122	97	Ice Rain
	66	Alto sax	1	C # 3 (49) — G # 5 (80)		98	Soundtrack
	67	Tenor sax	1	F # 2 (42) — D # 5 (75)	×	99	Crystal
þ	68	Baritone sax	1	C # 2 (37) — G # 4 (68)	SFX	100	Atmosphere
Lead	69	Oboe	1	A # 3 (58) — G6 (91)	Synth	101	Brightness
	70	English Horn	1	E3 (52) — A5 (81)	Ś	102	Goblin
	71	Bassoon	1	A # 1 (34) — C5 (72)		103	Echo Drops
	72	Clarinet	1	D3 (50) — G6 (91)		104	Star Theme
	73	Piccolo	1	D5 (74) - C8 (108)	1.	105	Sitar
	74	Flute	1	C4 (60) - C7 (96)		·106	Banjo
	75	Recorder	1	C5 (60) — C7 (96)		107	Shamisen
ø	76	Pan flute	1	C4 (60) — C7 (96)	Ethnic	108	Koto
Pipe	77	Bottle Blow	2	C4 (60) — C7 (96)	臣	109	Kalimba
	78	Shakuhachi	2			110	Bag Pipe
	79	Whistle	1	en de la companya de La companya de la comp		111	Fiddle
	80	Ocarina	1			112	Shanai
	81	Square Wave	2	in the second		113	Tinkle Bell
	82	Saw Wave	2			114	Agogo
p	83	Syn. Calliope	2	and a second second Second second	ø	115	Steel Drums
lea	84	Chiffer Lead	2	n an	ssiv	116	Woodblock
Synth lead	85	Charang	-2		Percussive	117	Taiko
S	86	Solo Vox	2		۵.	118	Melo Tom 1
	87	5th Saw Wave	2	in the second		119	Synth Drum
	88	Bass & Lead	2	n an		120	Reverse: Cym.
	89	Fantasia	2	and Andreas and a second		121	Gt. FretNoise
	90	Warm Pad	1	-		122	Fl. Keyclick
etc.	91	Polysynth	2			123	Seashore
ad	92	Space Voice	1	· · ·	SFX	124	Bird
4	93	Bowed Glass	2		SF	125	Telephone 1
Synth pad	94	Metal Pad	2			126	Helicopter
.,	95	Halo Pad	2	• • • • •		127	Applause
	96	Sweep Pad	1			128	Gun Shot
				•			

PC # : Program number (instrument number) Ρ

: Number of partials

### Variation

PC #	CCO	Instrument name	P	Recommended sound range	PC #	CCO	Instrument name	P
5	8	Detuned EP 1	2	C2 (36) — C7 (96)		0	Gt. FretNoise	1
6	8	Detuned EP 2	2	C2 (36) - C7 (96)	121	1	Gt. Cut Noise	1
7	8	Coupled Hps.	2	F2 (41) — F6 (89)		2	String Slap	1
15	8	Church Bell	1	C4 (60) — F5 (77)	122	0	Fl. Keyclick	1
.17	8	Detuned Or. 1	2	C2 (36) — C7 (96)		0	Seashore	1
18	8	Detuned Or. 2	2	C2 (36) — C7 (96)		1	Rain	2
20	8	Church Org. 2	2	A0 (21) - C8 (108)	123	2	Thunder and the second s	1
22	8	Accordion It	2	F3 (53) — F6 (89)	123	3	Wind	1
25	8	Ukulele	1			4	Stream	2
	8	12-str. Gt	2	E2 (40) - C6 (84)		5	Bubble and the second s	2
26	16	Mandolin	1	G3 (55) — E6 (88)		0	Bird	2
27	8	Hawaiian Gt.	1	E2 (40) — D6 (86)	124	1	Dog	1
28	8	Chorus Gt.	2	E2 (40) - D6 (86)		2	Horse	1
29	8	Funk Gt.	1.1	E2 (40) - D6 (86)		0	Telephone 1	1
31	8	Feedback Gt.	2	E2 (40) — D6 (86)		1	Telephone 2	1
32	8	Gt. Feedback	1	E2 (40) - D6 (86)	125	2	DoorCreaking	1
39	8	Synth Bass 3	1	E1 (28) — G3 (55)	125	3	Door	1
40	8	Synth Bass 4	2	E1 (28) — G3 (55)		4	Scratch	1
49	8	Orchestra	2	C1 (24) — C7 (96)		5	Windchime	2
51	8	Syn. Strings3	2	C1 (24) - C7 (96)		0	Helicopter	1
62	8	Brass 2	2	C2 (36) - C7 (96)	]]	1	Car-engine	1
63	8	Synth Brass3	2	C2 (36) - C7 (96)	]	2	Car-stop	1
64	8	Synth Brass4	1	C2 (36) - C7 (96)		3	Car-pass	1
108	8	Taisho Koto	2		126	4	Car-crash	2
116	8	Castanets	1		126	5	Siren	· 1
117	8	Concert BD	1			6	Train	1
118	8	Melo Tom 2	. 1			7	Jetplane	2
119	8.	808 Tom	1	· ·		8	Starship	2
				■ nand		9	Burst Noise	2
PC #	: Prog	aram number (instru	ımen	t number)		0	Applause	2
P	: Num	ber of partials		•		1	Laughing	1
					107	2	Screaming	11
		-		•	127	3	Punch	1
						4	Heart Beat	1
				-		5	Footstep	1
						0	Gun Shot	1
					1			

Machinegun

Lasergun

Explosion

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128

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*68* 

### • Variation : MT-32 set (variation : 127)

PC#	Instrument name	Р	PC#	Instrument name	Ρ	PC#	Instrument name	Ρ	PC #	Instrument name	P.
1	Acou Piano 1	1	33	Fantasy	2	65	Acou Bass 1	1	97	Brs Sect 2	2
2	Acou Piano 2	1	34	Harmo Pan	2	66	Acou Bass 2	1	98	Vibe 1	1
3	Acou Piano 3 -	1	35	Chorale	1	67	Elec Bass 1	1	99	Vibe 2	-1
4	Elec Piano 1	1	. 36	Glasses	2	68	Elec Bass 2	1	100	Syn Mallet	1
5	Elec Piano 2	1	37	Soundtrack	2	69	Slap Bass 1	1	101	Windbell	2
6	Elec Piano 3	1	38	Atmosphere	2	70	Slap Bass 2	1	102	Glock	1
7	Elec Piano 4	1	39	Warm Bell	2	71	Fretless 1	1	103	Tube Bell	1
8	Honkytonk	2	40	Funny Vox	1	72	Fretless 2	1	104	Xylophone	1
9	Elec Org 1	1	41	Echo Bell	2	73	Flute 1	1	105	Marimba	1
10	Elec Org 2	2	42	Ice Rain	2	74	Flute 2	1	106	Koto	1
11	Elec Org 3	1.1	43	Oboe 2001	2	75	Piccolo 1	1	107	Sho	2
12	Elec Org 4	1	44	Echo Pan	2	76	Piccolo 2	2	108	Shakuhachi	2
13	Pipe Org 1	2	45	Doctor Solo	2	77	Recorder	1	109	Whistle 1	2
14	Pipe Org 2	2	46	School Daze	1	78	Pan Pipes	1	110	Whistle 2	1
15	Pipe Org 3	2	47	Bellsinger	1	79	Sax 1	1	111	Bottleblow _	2
16	Accordion	2	48	Square Wave	2	80	Sax 2	2	112	Breathpipe	1
17	Harpsi 1	1	49	Str Sect 1	1	81	Sax 3	1	113	Timpani	1
18	Harpsi 2	2	50	Str Sect 2	1	82	Sax 4	1	114	Melodic Tom	. 1.
19	Harpsi 3	1.1	51	Str Sect 3	1	83	Clarinet 1	1	115	Deep Snare	1
20	Clavi 1	1	52	Pizzicato	1	84	Clarinet 2	1	116	Elec Perc 1	1
21	Clavi 2	1	53	Violin 1	- 1 -	85	Oboe	1	117	Elec Perc 2	1
22	Clavi 3	1	54	Violin 2	1	86	Engl Horn	1	118	Taiko	1
23	Celesta 1	1	55	Cello 1	1	87	Bassoon	1	119	Taiko Rim	1
24	Celesta 2	1 1	56	Cello 2	1	88	Harmonica	1.	120	Cymbal	1
25	Syn Brass 1	2	57	Contrabass	1	89	Trumpet 1	1	121-	Castanets	1
26	Syn Brass 2	2	58	Harp 1	1	90	Trumpet 2	1	122	Triangle	1
27	Syn Brass 3	2	59	Harp 2	1	91	Trombone 1	2	123	Orche Hit	1
28	Syn Brass 4	2	60	Guitar 1	1	92	Trombone 2	2	124	Telephone	1
29	Syn Bass 1	1	61	Guitar 2	1	93	Fr Horn 1	2	125	Bird Tweet	1
30	Syn Bass 2	2	62	Elec Gtr 1	1	94	Fr Horn 2	2	126	One Note Jam	1.
31	Syn Bass 3	2	63	Elec Gtr 2	1	95	Tuba	1	127	Water Bell	2
32	Syn Bass 4	1	64	Sitar	2	96	Brs Sect 1	1	128	Jungle Tune	2

PC # : Program number (instrument number)

P : Number of partials

### DRUM SET TABLE

Note number	1:Standard Set 33:Jazz Set	9:Room Set	17:Power Set	25:Electronic Set	26:TR-808 Set	41:Brush Set	49:Orchestra Set
27	High Q		1 N T		4.2°		Closed Hi-Hat [EXC
28	Slap						Pedal Hi-Hat (EXC
29	Scratch Push	n, in a station of the second second	and the second second second	a the constant and a second			Open Hi+Hat [EXC
30	Scratch Pull	2. S.	$\sum_{i=1}^{N}   e_i  ^2 =   e_i  ^2 +  e_i ^2 = \sum_{i=1}^{N}  e_i ^$		and the second	3. S.	Hide Cymbal
31	Sticks		an a	di shekaran kara kara kara kara kara kara kara	en en en en antidestration de la sur au par	all and an e	a a she an e she alaman a magadi
32	Square Click		al fille and a state of the	-	a sana a sa		the second of
33	Metronome Click						and the second sec
		·					an ann an
35	Metronome Bell			(1) The second secon	<ul> <li>A statistic second secon</li></ul>	er at trad	Concert BD 2
	Kick Drum 2						
36	Kick Drum 1		MONDO Kick	Elec BD	808 Bass Drum		Concert BD 1
37	Side Stick	a jasa ing sa			808 Rim Shot		
38	Snare Drum 1		Gated SD	Elec SD	808 Snare Drum	Brush Tap	Concert SD
39	Hand Clap	A second seco	and the second	The second strategies and the second se		Brush Slap	Castanets
40	Snare Drum 2		, 김정병 가지랑 신우는	Gated SD		Brush Swirl	Concert SD
	Low Tom 2	Room Low Tom 2	Room Low Tom 2	Elec Low Tom 2	808 Low Tom 2		Timpani F
41	Closed Hi - hat [EXC1]	in the second se		The second second second second	BD8 CHH [EXC1]		Timpani F#
43	Low Tom 1	Room Low Torn 1	Room Low Tom 1	Elec Low Tom 1	808 Low Tom 1		Timpani G
43	Pedal Hi - hat [EXC1]				808 CHH [EXC1]	al margine and a	Timpani G#
45	Mid Tom 2	Room Mid Tom 2	Room Mid Tom 2	Elec Mid Tom 2	808 Mid Tom 2		Timpani A
i i i izdou postala			CONTRACTOR OF A TIME		808 OHH [EXC1]		Timpani A#
46	Open Hi – hat [EXC1]			Elec Mid Tom 1	808 Mid Tom 1		Timpani B
Cannon de compositor Angle	Mid Tom 1	Room Mid Tom 1	Room Mid Torn 1				
48	High Tom 2	Room HI Tam 2	Room HI Tom 2	Elec Hi Tom 2	808 Hi Tom 2		Timpani c
49	Crash Cymbal 1				808 Cymbai	Ang to a second composition	Timpani c#
50	High Tom 1	Room Hi Tom 1	Room HI Torn 1	Elec HI Tom 1	808 HI Tom 1		Timpani d
51	Ride Cymbal 1		and the state of the second		a second and the		Timpani d#
52	Chinese Cymbal		er en	Reverse Cymbal			Timpani e
50	Ride Bell			1 23	MC Soonest 17		Timpani 1
53 54	Tambourine		and an approximation of the state of the sta	i dan marina dan seria	na serie i serie and and and	di basa di sa	and the second
55	Splash Cymbal		And the second sec		Strategy and the		1. State 1. 1995 (1997)
56	Cowbell				808 Cowbell		
57	Crash Cymbal 2	A Barnetter Construction	A Real Annual				Concert Cymbal 2
-							
59 5B	Vibra - slap				2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	and the second	Concert Cymbal 1
	Ride Cymbal 2						in concentrayinder a
60	High Bongo	de la companya and	and the second				
61	Low Bongo						
62	Mute High Conga	<ol> <li>Second and the second se</li></ol>	the sector production of the sector of the	de la companya de la	808 High Conga	al constraints	an a
63	Open High Conga				808 Mid Conga		A. A.
64	Low Conga		a set of the		808 Low Conga		
Se objectence	High Timbale	and the second s	and a second	a second s	AND A CONTRACT OF A DAY	-	
65 66					A Start Start		(1.1.5 <sup>-1</sup> )
67	High Agogo	the second second second second	<ul> <li>A second s</li></ul>	and the second second second second second	and a company of the second	· · Januari · · · · · · · · · ·	
68	Low Agogo		10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 -		2.33 <u>2</u>		, associate
69	Cabasa						
_					808 Maracas		
71 70	Maracas	All the second second second second	(a) all construction of a modified state polytopic construction.	i ta se tet se se compater a la		ali internet and a second and a second	en la companya de la
	Short Hi Whistle [EXC2]		Contraction and the second sec	1			a ann an the second sec
72	Long Low Whistle [EXC2]						
73	Short Guiro [EXC3]	di marine i marine		4			
74	Long Guiro [EXC3]		and the second second		North La		
75	Ciaves	A second se	v	and the second sec	8D8 Claves	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	and a specific second
76	High Wood Block		a na san				
	Low Wood Block						
77			1				
-	Open Cuica [EXC4]		and the second		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	l	
79		in the second	123	· · · · · · · ·		1	-
80						+	+
81	Open Triangle [EXC5]						
.82	Shaker	1					
83	Jingle Bell	- San	and the second second second second second	and the second	te surface and surface and surface	l in the second	
84	Belitree						
85	Castanets				and the second second		
86	Mute Surdo [EXC6]						
	Open Surdo [EXC6]			1	1		an a
	, abourgo (avan)	1	1	. 1	1	1	

Blank

: Same as the percussion sound of "Standard"

---- : No sound

[EXC] : Percussion sound of the same number will not be heard at the same time.

a ta Barran

CEV	oot			57)
	sei	(Program	number	57)

Note numb		57:SFX Set	-
	39	High Q	
40		Siap	
41		Scratch Push	
	42	Scratch Pull	
43		Sticks	
	44	Square Click	
45		Metronome Click	
(7)	46	Metronome Bell	
47	1. (16)	Guitar silding finger	
48	de for	Guitar cutting noise (down)	
	49	Guitar cutting noise (up)	
50		String slap of double bass	
52	51	Key Click	
52		Laughing	1 - 93
53		Screaming	
	54	Punch	
55		Heart Beat	
	56	Footsteps1	
57		Footsteps2	
59	58	Applause	
59		Door Creaking	
60 _		Door	
	61	Scratch	0 30 
62	11000	Windchime	
64	63	Car-Engine	
04		Car-Stop	
65		Car-Pass	
	66	Car-Crash	
67.		Siren	
	68	Train a set of the set	<u> </u>
69		Jetplane	
71	70	Helicopter	
	2.2.1	Starship	
72		Gun Shot	
	73	Machinegun	
74	76		
76	75	Explosion	
	226122222	Dog	
77		Horse-Gallop	
	78	Birds Rain	2
79	00		
81	80	Thunder Wind	
	0.2		
83	82	Sea Shore	
		Stream Bubble	
84 _		BIDDIE	

---- : No sound

[EXC] : Percussion sounds of the same number cannot be heard at the same time.

_			
	CLACA	/201+	(Programnumber128)
			(Programpumper / 28)
-	UNI UT/	ULLJUL	(inogrammania)

	Note number	128:CM-64/32L Set
	34	
	35	Acoustic Bass Drum
ŝ	36	Acoustic Bass Drum
	37	Rim Shot Acoustic Snare Drum
	30	Hand Clap
	40	Electronic Snare Drum
	41	Acoustic Low Tom
	42	Closed High Hat [EXC1]
	43	Acoustic Low Tom
	44	Open High Hat 2 Acoustic Middle Tom
	46	Open High Hat 1 [EXC1]
	47 .	Acoustic Middle Tom
C	48	Acoustic High Tom
	49	Crash Cymbal
	50	Acoustic High Tom
	52	Ride Cymbal
	53	and a second
	53	Tambourine
	55	
	56	Cowbell
	57	
	59 59	
_		
2	<b>60</b> 61	Low Bongo
	62	Mute High Conga
	63	High Conga
	64	Low Conga
	65·	High Timbale
	66	Low Timbale
	67	High Agogo
	68 69	Low Agogo Cabasa
	70	Maracas
	71	Short Whistle
G	72	Long Whistle
01	73	Quijada
	74	
	76 75	Claves
		Laughing Screaming
	77	Punch
	79	Heartbeat
	80	Footsteps 1
	81	Footsteps 2
	82	Appiause
	83	Creaking
Ce	84	Door
	85	Scratch Windchime
	86 87	Engine
	88	Car-stop
	80	Car-pass
	89 90	Crash
	91	Siren
	92	Train
	93	Jet
	94 95	Helicopter
~	analar -	Starship Pistol
67	96 97	Machinegun
	98	Lasergun
		Explosion
	100	Dog
	101	Horse
	102	Birds
	103	Rain
	104	Thunder
	105	Wind
	107 106	Waves Stream
~		Bubble
CB	108	

\* The CM-64/32L set is the MT-32 drum set with SFX sounds added to it.

### **Roland Exclusive Messages**

#### 1. Data Format for Exclusive Messages

Roland's MIDI implementation uses the following data format for all exclusive messages (type IV):

Byte	Description
FOH	Exclusive status
41H	Manufacturer ID (Roland)
DEV	Device ID
MDL	Model ID
CMD	Command ID
[BODY]	Main data
F7H	End of exclusive

#### # MIDI status : FOH, F7H

An exclusive message must be flanked by a pair of status codes, starting with a Manufacturer-ID immediately after FOH (MIDI version1.0).

#### # Manufacturer-ID: 41H

The Manufacturer-ID identifies the manufacturer of a MIDI instrument that triggers an exclusive message. Value 41H represents Roland's Manufacturer-ID.

#### # Device-ID ; DEV

The Device-ID contains a unique value that identifies the individual device in the multiple implementation of MIDI instruments. It is usually set to 00H - 0FH, a value smaller by one than that of a basic channel, but value 00H - 1FH may be used for a device with multiple basic channels.

#### # Model-ID : MDL

The Model-ID contains a value that uniquely identifies one model from another. Different models, however, may share an identical Model-ID if they handle similar data.

The Model-ID format may contain 00H in one or more places to provide an extended data field. The following are examples of valid Model-IDs, each representing a unique model:

01H		
02H		
03H		
00H,	01H	
00H,	02H	
00H,	00H,	01H

#### # Command-ID : CMD

The Command-ID indicates the function of an exclusive message. The Command-ID format may contain 00H in one or more places to provide an extended data field. The following are examples of valid Command-IDs, each representing a unique function :

01H				
02H				
03H				
00H, 01H				
00H, 02H				
00H. 00H. 01H	ł			

# Main data : BODY

This field contains a message to be exchanged across an interface. The exact data size and contents will vary with the Model-ID and Command-ID.

### 2. Address-mapped Data Transfer

Address mapping is a technique for transferring messages conforming to the data format given in Section 1. It assigns a series of memoryresident records-waveform and tone data, switch status, and parameters, for example-to specific locations in a machine-dependent address space, thereby allowing access to data residing at the address a message specifies.

Address-mapped data transfer is therefore independent of models and data categories. This technique allows use of two different transfer procedures : one-way transfer and handshake transfer.

# One-way transfer procedure (See Section 3 for details.) This procedure is suited for the transfer of a small amount of data. It sends out an exclusive message completely independent of a receiving device status.

#### Connection Diagram



Connection at point 2 is essential for "Request data" procedures. (See Section 3.)

#### # Handshake-transfer procedure

(This device does not cover this procedure) This procedure initiates a predetermined transfer sequence (handshaking) across the interface before data transfer takes place. Handshaking ensures that reliability and transfer speed are high enough to handle a large amount of data.

**Connection Diagram** 



Connection at points 1 and 2 is essential.

#### Notes on the above two procedures

\* There are separate Command-IDs for different transfer procedures.
\* Devices A and B cannot exchange data unless they use the same transfer procedure, share identical Device-ID and Model ID, and are ready for communication.

#### 3. One-way Transfer Procedure

This procedure sends out data all the way until it stops and is used when the messages are so short that answerbacks need not be checked. For long messages, however, the receiving device must acquire each message in time with the transfer sequence, which inserts intervals of at least 20 milliseconds in between.

#### Types of Measages

Message	Command ID	n ann 1997 - Ch	- 10
Request data 1	RQ1 (11H)		
Data set 1	DT1 (12H)		

#### # Request data # 1 : RQ1 (11H)

This message is sent out when there is a need to acquire data from a device at the other end of the interface. It contains data for the address and size that specify designation and length, respectively, of data required.

On receiving an RQ1 message, the remote device checks its memory for the data address and size that satisfy the request.

If it finds them and is ready for communication, the device will transmit a "Data set 1 (DT1)" message, which contains the requested data. Otherwise, the device will send out nothing.

Byte	Description
F0H	Exclusive status
41H .	Manufacturer ID (Roland)
DEV	Device ID
MDL	Model ID
11H	Command ID
aaH	Address MSB
ssH	Size MSB
sum	Check sum
F7H	End of exclusive
- \*The size of the requested data does not indicate the number of bytes that will make up a DT1 message, but represents the address fields where the requested data resides.
- \*Some models are subject to limitations in data format used for a single transaction. Requested data, for example, may have a limit in length or must be divided into predetermined address fields before it is exchanged across the interface. \*The same number of bytes comprises address and size data, which,
- however, vary with the Model-ID.
- \*The error checking process uses a checksum that provides a bit pattern where the least significant 7 bits are zero when values for an address, size, and that checksum are summed.

#### # Data set 1 : DT1 (12H)

This message corresponds to the actual data transfer process. Because every byte in the data is assigned a unique address, a DT1 message can convey the starting address of one or more data as well as a series of data formatted in an address- dependent order.

The MIDI standards inhibit non-real time messages from interrupting an exclusive one. This fact is inconvenient for the devices that support a "soft-through" mechanism. To maintain compatibility with such devices, Roland has limited the DT1 to 256 bytes so that an excessively long message is sent out in separate segments.



\*A DT1 message is capable of providing only the valid data among

- those specified by an RQ1 message. \*Some models are subject to limitations in data format used for a single transaction. Requested data for example, may have a limit in length or must be divided into predetermined address fields before it is exchanged across the interface.
- \*The number of bytes comprising address data varies from one Model-ID to another.
- \* The error checking process uses a checksum that provides a bit pattern where the least significant 7 bits are zero when values for an address, size, and that checksum are summed.

#### # Example of Message Transactions

• Device A sending data to Device B Transfer of a DT1 message is all that takes place.



Device B requesting data from Device A Device B sends an RQ1 message to Device A. Checking the message. Device A sends a DT1 message back to Device B.

Device (A)	Device (B)
[Data set 1] 🗲	[Request data]
[Data set 1]	
* More than 20m se	ec time internal.
[Data set 1]	

[Data set 1]

#### Model SC-55

# MIDI Implementation

Version : 1.00

1. Receive	uala		OData entr	<b>Y</b>		
	cice Message		<u>Status</u> BnH BaH	<u>Second</u> 06H 26H	mmH upper and a second se	
Note off			BnH	2011	n in the second s	
<u>Status</u> 8nH	<u>Second</u> kkH	<u>Third</u> vvH		annel number le of the param	: OH - FH (0 - 15) 0 = ch.1 15 eter specified with RPN and/or NRPN	i = cl
9nH	kkH	00H	OVolume			
	annel number	: OH - FH (0 - 15) 0 = ch.1 15 = ch.16	_		•	
kk = Note nu vv = Velocity		:00H - 7FH (0 - 127) :00H - 7FH (0 - 127)	<u>Status</u> BnH	<u>Second</u> 07H	Third WWH the second s	
	part, recognized	e message = $ON$ ". when "Rx.Note off = $ON$ " at each instrument.	n = MIDI ch vv = Volume	annel number e	: OH - FH (0 - 15) 0 = ch.1 15 : OOH - 7FH (0 - 127)	; = c
Note on					ne of specified channel (part). ume = ON (default setting)".	
Status	Second	Third	OPanpot		$(1 + 1) \sum_{i=1}^{n} \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \frac{1}$	
9nH	kkH	vvH	<b>C</b> := 1	0	n an	
	nnel number	: 0H - FH (0 - 15) 0 = ch.1 15 = ch.16	<u>Status</u> BnH	<u>Second</u> 0AH	<u>Third</u> vvH	
kk = Note nu vv = Velocity		:00H - 7FH (0 - 127) :01H - 7FH (1 - 127)	n = MIDI ch vv = Panpot	annel number	:0H - FH (0 - 15) 0 = ch.1 15 :00H - 40H - 7FH (Left - Center -	
		e message = ON".				
		when "Rx.Note on = ON" at each instrument.			pplox. 7 - bit (127 steps). pot = ON (default setting)".	
_	key pressure		OExpressio	n	· · · · · ·	
<u>Status</u> AnH	<u>Second</u> kkH	<u>Third</u> vvH	<u>Status</u> BnH	Second OBH	<u>Third</u> vvH	
n = MIDI cha	innel number	: 0H - FH (0 - 15) = ch.1 15 = ch.16	20011			
kk = Note nu vv = Value	imber	:00H - 7FH (0 - 127) :00H - 7FH (0 - 127)	n = MID1 ch vv = Express	annel number sion	: 0H - FH (0 - 15) 0 = ch.1 15 : 00H - 7FH (0 - 127)	5 = C
<ul> <li>function".</li> <li>Control ch</li> </ul>		honic key pressure = $ON^{*}$ and set on "PAf controller			ne of specified channel (part). ression = ON (default setting)".	
*Recognized	when "Rx.Cont	rol change = ON" and set on "controller function".	<u>Status</u>	Second	Third	
OBank selec	et	•	BnH	40H		
				annel number	: OH - FH (0 - 15) = ch.1 15	
Status De U	Second	Third	vv = Control	Value	:00H - 7FH (0 - 127) 0 - 63 = OFF, 64 -	127
BnH BnH	00H 20H	mmH IIH	*Recognize	d when "Rx.Holo	d1 = ON (default setting)".	
n = MIDI cha mm,ll = Bank	nnel number number	0H - FH (0 - 15) = ch.1 15 = ch.16 0H,00H - 7FH,7FH (1 - 16384)	OPortamen	to		
			Status D-U	Second	Third	
	7 - bit is ignore ct" is suspende	d (value = 00). ed until receiving "Program change".	BnH	41H	vvH	
Modulation			n = MIDI ch vv = Conirol	annel number Value	: OH - FH (0 - 15) 0 = ch.1 15 : OOH - 7FH (0 - 127) 0 - 63 = OFF, 64 - 64 - 64 - 64 - 64 - 64 - 64 - 64	
<u>Status</u> BnH	<u>Second</u> 01H	<u>Third</u> vvH	*Recognize	d when "Rx.Por	tamento = ON (default setting)".	
			○ Sostenuto	-		
n = MIDI cha vv = Modulati	innel number ion depth	: 0H - FH (0 - 15) 0 = ch.1 15 = ch.16 : 00H - 7FH (0 - 127)	<u>Status</u> BnH	Second 42H	<u>Third</u> vvH	
		lation = ON (default setting)" and set on "controller s pitch modulation)".	n = MIDI ch	annel number	: OH - FH (0 - 15) = ch.1 15	
Portamento	o time		vv = Control		:00H - 7FH (0 - 127) 0 - 63 = OFF, 64 -	127
-	<b>.</b>		*Recognize	d when "Rx.Sosi	tenuto = ON (default setting)".	
<u>Status</u> BnH	<u>Second</u> 05H	<u>Third</u> vvH	O Soft			
n = MIDI cha vv = Portame	nnel number nto time	: 0H - FH (0 - 15) 0 = ch.1 15 = ch.16 : 00H - 7FH (0 - 127)	<u>Status</u> BnH	<u>Second</u> 43H	<u>Third</u> vvH	
			n = MIDI ch vv = Control	annel number Value	: OH - FH (0 - 15) 0 = ch.1 15 : OOH - 7FH (0 - 127) 0 - 63 = OFF, 64 -	

\*Recognized when "Rx.Soft = ON (default setting)".

OEffect1 depth (Reverb send level)

<u>Status</u>	<u>Second</u>	<u>Third</u>	
BnH	5BH	vvH	
n = MIDI cha	annel number	:0H - FH (0 - 15)	0 = ch.1 15 = ch.16
vv = Reverb	send depth	:00H - 7FH (0 - 127)	

OEffect3 depth (Chorus send level)

<u>Status</u> BnH	<u>Second</u> 5DH	<u>Third</u> vvH		
n = MIDI char vv = Chorus s		:0H - FH (0 - 15) :00H - 7FH (0 - 127)	0 = ch.1	15 = ch.16

#### ONRPN MSB/LSB.

Status	Second	Third	
BnH	63H	mmH	
BnH	62H	llH	

n = MIDI channel number : OH - FH (0 - 15) $0 = ch.1 \quad 15 = ch.16$ mm = MSB of the specified parameter by NRPN II = LSB of the specified parameter by NRPN

\*Recognized when "Rx.NRPN = ON (default setting)".

#### \* \* NRPN \* \*

NRPN (Non Registered Parameter Number) is an expanded control change message.

Each function of NRPN is described by individual manufacture.

You can change the value of several SC - 55 parameters. Set first NRPN MSB /LSB before sending data entry.

SC-55 can receive parameters as shown below;

NRPN	Data entry	Description			mm: OOH-18H (0 ~ 24 s 11: ignored (Up to 2 octaves, pow
MSB LSB D1H 08H	MSB maH	Vibrate rate		00H 01H mmH 11H	Master fine tuning
0111 0011		relative change on specified channel			mm, 11: 00H, 00H-40H, 00
	•	mm: 0EH-40H-72H (-50 - 0 - +50)			(-8192*100/8192 - 0 -
01H 09H	naH	Vibrate depth		00H 02H mmH	Master coarse tuning
		relative change on specified channel			mm: 28H-40H-58H (-24
		mm: 0EH-40H-72H (-50 - 0 - +50)			11: ignored
01H OAH	maH	Vibrate delay	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	7FH 7FH	RPN reset
		relative change on specified channel			Return to no specific
		mm: 0EH-40H-72H (-50 - 0 - +50)			Current setting value
					mm, 11: ignored
01H 20H	mnH	TVF cutoff frequency			
		relative change on specified channel mm: OEH-40H-72H (-50 - 0 - +50)		Program change	
				Status Sec	ond
01H 21H	anH	TVF resonance		CnH ppH	4 /
•••••		relative change on specified channel			
		mm: 0EH-40H-72H (-50 - 0 - +50)		n = MIDI channel	number : OH - FH
				pp = Program num	ber : 00H - 7FH
01H 63H	mmH	TVF&TVA Env. Attack time			
••••		relative change on specified channel		*Recognized when	n "Rx.Program change =
		mm: 0EH-40H-72H (-50 - 0 - +50)		-	
				Channel pressure	0
01H 64H	mmH	TVF&TVA Env. Decay time			
		relative change on specified channel		Status Sec	:ond
		mm: 0EH-40H-72H (-50 - 0 - +50)		DnH vvI	H
		a			
01H 66H	nm H	TVF&TVA Env. Release time		n = MIDI channel	
		relative change on specified channel		vv = Value	:00H - 7FH
		mm: 0EH-40H-72H (-50 - 0 - +50)			
				*Recognized when	"Rx.Channel pressure =
18H rrH	20H	Pitch coarse of drum instrument			
		relative change on specified drum instrume	nt		
		rr: key number of drum instrument			
		mm: 00H-40H-7FH (-64 - 0 - +63 semitone)			
1АН ггН	nnH	TVA level of drum instrument			
		absolute change on specified drum instrume	nt		
		rr: key number of drum instrument			
		mm: 00H-7FH (zero - maximum)			

#### 1CH rrH mmH Panpot of drum instrument absolute change on specified drum instrument rr: key number of drum instrument mm: 00H,01H-40H-7FH (Random, Left-Center-Right) 1DH rrH mmH Reverb send level of drum instrument absolute change on specified drum instrument rr: key number of drum instrument mm: OOH-7FH (zero - maximum) \*Data entry LSB is ignored. ORPN MSB/LSB <u>Second</u> 65H Third <u>Status</u> mmH BnH IIН 64H BnH

:0H - FH (0 - 15) 0 = ch.1 15 = ch.16 n = MIDI channel number mm = MSB of the specified parameter by RPN II = MSB of the specified parameter by RPN

\*Recognized when "Rx.RPN = ON (default setting)".

\* \* RPN \* \*

RPN (Registered Parameter Number) is the expanded contro change message. Each function of RPN is described by MIDI.

You can change the value of RPN parameters. First, set RPN MSB/LSB before sending data entry.

SC - 55 can receive Pitch bend sensitivity (RPN # 0), Master fine tuning (RPN # 1), Master coarse tuning (RPN # 2) and RPN reset (RPN # 16383).

RPN	Data entry	Description
MSB LSB	MSB LSB	14 <sup>4</sup>
00H 00H	<b>nnH</b>	Pitch bend sensitivity mm: 00H-18H (0 - 24 semitone) 11: ignored (Up to 2 octaves, power on default is two semitones)
00H 01H	mæH`11H	Master fine tuning mm, 11: 00H,00H-40H,00H-7FH,7FH (-8192#100/8192 - 0 - +8191#100/8192.cent)
00H 02H	<b>maH</b>	Master coarse tuning mm: 28H-40H-58H (-24 - 0 - +24 semitone) 11: ignored
7FH 7FH		RPN reset Return to no specified parameter of RPN and NRPN. Current setting value is no change. mm.ll: ignored
Progn	am change	
<u>Status</u> CnH	Second ppH	1
	I channel nur ogram number	

= ON (default setting)".

<u>Status</u> <u>Second</u> DnH vvH			
n = MIDI channel number vv = Value	:0H - FH (0 - 15) :00H - 7FH (0 - 127)	0 = ch.1	15 = ch.16

ON" and set on "controller function".

#### Pitch band change

Status	Second	Third	
Status	Second	<u>1 mru</u>	
EnH	llH	mmH	

: 0H - FH (0 - 15)n = MIDI channel number 0 = ch.1 15 = ch.16 : 00H,00H - 40H,00H - 7FH,7FH (- 8192 - 0 - + 8191) mm.ll = Value

\*Recognized when "Rx.Pitch bend change = ON (default setting)" and set on "controller function (default setting is pitch bend)".

#### Channel Mode Message

		sounds	off
--	--	--------	-----

<u>Status</u> BnH	<u>Second</u> 78H	<u>Third</u> 00H			
n = MIDI ch	annel number	: OH - FH	(0 - 15)	0 = ch.1	15 = ch.16

\*When "All sounds off" is received, all sounds on specified channel turn off immediately. However, the condition of channel messege : Note on, Hold 1 on and so on maintain.

#### Reset all controllers

<u>Status</u> BnH	Second 79H	<u>Third</u> 00H		•	
n = MIDI ci	hannel number	:0H - FH	(0 - 15)	0 = ch.1	15 = ch.16

\*When "reset all controllers" is received, controller value of specified channel return to power on default.

Controller	Value
Pitch bend change	±0 (Center)
Polyphonic key pressure	0 (off)
Channel pressure	0 (off)
Modulation	0 (off)
Expression	127 (maximum)
Hold1	0 (off)
Portamento	0 (off)
Sostenuto	0 (off)
Soft	0 (off)
RPN	No specified parameter, value is no change.
NRPN	No specified parameter, value is no change.

All notes off

<u>Status</u>	Second	<u>Third</u>	
BnH	7BH	00H	

n = MIDI channel number : OH - FH (0 - 15) 0 = ch.1 15 = ch.16

\*When "All notes off" is received, all on state notes turn to off in the specified channel. However, sound remains when hold1 and/or sostenuto is on.

#### OMNI OFF

		•	* Transmit at ab	out 250 milli – seconds interval.
Status	Second	Third		
BnH	7CH	OOH		
			System Exclusion	ve Message
n = MIDI d	channel number	: OH - FH (0 - 15) 0 = ch.1 15 = ch.16		
			Status Da	ita
* OMNI O	FF is only recog	nized as "all notes off". Mode dosen't change.	FOH iif	I,ddH,,eeH
			F7H	
OMNI O	N			
			FOH	: System exclusive
Status	Second	Third	ii = ID number	:41H (65)
BnH	7DH	00H	dd,,ee = data	:00H - 7FH (0 - 127)
			F7H	: EOX (End of Exclusive/System comm
n = MIDI c	hannel number	: 0H - FH (0 - 15) 0 = ch.1 15 = ch.16		
			* Poter to continu	9.4

\*OMNI ON is only recognized as "all notes off". Mode dosen't change, still OMNI OFF.

#### MONO

<u>Status</u> BnH	Second 7EH	<u>Third</u> mmH	

n = MIDI channel number mm = number of mono

: 0H - FH (0 - 15) 0 = ch.1 15 = ch.16:00H - 10H (0 - 16)

\*MONO is recognized as "all notes off". And the specified channel turns to Mode4 (m = 1), even if mm is not equal to 1 (mm is ignored).

POLY

Status	Second	Third
BnH	7FH	00H

n = MIDI channel number : OH - FH (0 - 15) 0 = ch.1 15 = ch.16

\*POLY is recognized as "all notes off". And the specified channel turns to Mode3.

#### System Realtime Message

Active sensing

<u>Status</u> FEH

\*Having received "active sensing", SC-55 expects the interval of any data to occur within 300 ms.

If the interval is over 420 milli - second, SC - 55 does "All sounds off", "All notes off" and "Reset all controllers" and returns to normal operation.(will not check interval time)

#### System Exclusive Message

<u>Status</u> FOH F7H	Data iiH,ddH,,eeH	
F0H ii = ID number dd,,ee = data F7H	: System exclusive : 41H (65) : 00H - 7FH (0 - 127) : EOX (End of Exclusive/System common)	

\*Refer to section 3, 4.

#### 2. Transmit data

System Realtime Message

Active sensing

Status FEH

. ....

\* Refer to section 3, 4.

#### 3. Exclusive communications

SC - 55 can transmit and receive the patch parameters using system exclusive message.

Model ID of SC - 55 is 42H (GSstandard) and 45H (SC - 55). Device ID is 00H - 1FH.

#### One way communication

#### •Request data 1 RQ1 (11H)

Byte .	Description
FOH	Exclusive status
41H	Manufacture's ID (Roland)
dev	Device ID (dev: 00H - 1FH)
mdl	Model ID (GSstandard)
11H	Command ID (RQ1)
aaH	Address MSB
bbH	:
ccH	Address LSB
ssH	Size MSB
ttH	<b>:</b>
uuH	Size LSB
sum	Check sum
F7H	EOX (End of exclusive)

#### Data set 1 DT1 (12H)

Byte	Description			
FOH	Exclusive statu	s		
41H	Manufacture's	ID	(Roland)	
dev	Device ID		(dev: 00H -	1FH)
mdi	Model ID		(GSstandard)	
1 <b>2H</b>	Command ID		(DT1)	
aaH	Address MSB			
bbH	Address			
ccH	Address LSB			
ddH	Data			
:	:			
ddH	Data			
sum	Check sum			
F7H	EOX	(End o	f exclusive)	

### 4. Parameter address map (Model ID = 42H)

The address and size are described with 7 - bit hexadecimal.

Address Binary Hexadecimal	MSB 0aaa aaaa AA	Obbb bbbb BB	LSB Occc cccc CC
Size Binary Hexdeciaml	MSB Osss ssss SS	Ottt tttt TT	LSB 0uuu uuuu UU

#### I Parameter base address

There are two types of the SC - 55 exclusive message. One is an individual parameter communication, another is a bulk dump communication.

Coarse address map of the exclusive communication is shown below;

#### < Model ID = 45H >



Notes : Using address of individual parameters

One system exclusive message "F0 ..... F7" can only have one parameter. You cannot use any address having "#" for the top address in a system exclusive message.

< MODEL ID = 45H >

### [ DISPLAY DATA ]

	ss (H)		E (H)	]	Data (H				neter				otion	:							Value	
0 00	00		00 20		20 - 7				LAYED						100033	****	*****				******	===;
0 00																						
0 00																					•	
0 00																						
0 00																						
					ognized		-															
	Whe	en da	ta si	ze i	s more	than	17 1	oytes,	the	displ	ay so	roll	autor	atica	al ly.							
0 01	00	00	00 40		00 - 11	F		DISPL	AYED	DOT I	ATA d	100 (	0 - 3	11					00	)		
00 0	01#										(	101							-			
00 0	02#										c	102										
0 <b>0</b> 0	:									:												
00 (	3F#										c	63										
	The	e rel	ation	of	the dat	ta an	d dot	is a	s fol	lows:												
	Whe	n bi	t# is	0, 1	the do	t is	turne	d off														
	Whe	n bi	t# is	1, 1	the do	t is	turne	d on.														
	0	1	2	3	4	5	· 6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15						
bit#	4	3	2	1	0	4	3	2	.1	0	4	3	2	1	0	4	3	2	1	0		
0	[d00	***	***	***	***]	[d16	***	***	***	<b>**</b> *]	[d32	***	***	***	<b>*</b> **]	<b>[d4</b> 8				1		
1	d01	***	***	***	***]	[d17	***	***	***	***]	[d33	***	***	***	***]					1		
2	d02	***	***	***	***]	[d18	***	***	***	***]	[d34	***	***	***	***]	- [d50				1		
3	d03	***	***	***	<b>*</b> **]	[d19	***	***	***	<b>**</b> *]	[d35	***	***	***	***]	[d51				1		
4	d04	***	***	***	***]	[d20	***	***	***	***]	[d36	***	***	***	***]	[d52				j		
5 [	d05	***	***	***	***]	d21	***	***	***	***]	[d37	***	***	***	***]	[d53				]		
6	d06	***	***	***	<b>*</b> **][	d22	***	***	***	<b>*</b> **]	[d38	***	***	***	***]	[d54				]		
7	d07	***	***	***	***][	d23	***	***	***	<b>*</b> **]	[d39	***	***	***	***]	[d55	<b></b>			]		
		***	***	***	***][		***	***	***	***]	( <b>d4</b> 0	***	***	***	***]	[d56	′ <del></del>			]		
		***	***	***	***][		***	***	***	<b>*</b> **)		***	***	***	***]	[d57				]		
		***	***	***	***][		***	***	***	***]		***	***	***	<b>*</b> **]	[d58				]		
•		***	***	***	***][		***	***	***	***]	-	***	***	***	<b>*</b> **]	[d59				]		
		***	***		***][		***		***	***]		***	***	***	***]	-				]		
-		***	***	***.			***.	***	***	***]		***	***	***	***]					]		
4 [	d14	***	***	***	***][	d30	***	***	***	***]	d46	***	***	***	***]	[d62				]		
-	d15		***	***	***][					***]												

#### < MODEL ID = 42H >

#### [ SYSTEM PARAMETERS ]

Address(H)	S12E (H)	Data(H)	Parameter	Description	Default Value (H)
40 00 00 40 00 01# 40 00 02# 40 00 03#	00 00 04	0018 - 07E8	MASTER TUNE	-100.0 - +100.0 [cent] Use nibblized data.	00 04 00 00
40 00 04	00 00 01	00 - 7F	MASTER VOLUME	0 - 127	7F
40 00 05	00 00 01	28 - 58	MASTER KEY-SH	IFT -24 - +24 semitones	40
40 00 06	00 00 01	01 - 7F	MASTER PAN		40
40 00 7F	00 00 01	00	System <sup>,</sup> reset	GSstandard MODE and set all internal o the default setting.	
For	example:				

lf you set +100.0 cent for master tune, you must send the message as follow. F0 41 10 42 12 40 00 00 00 07 0E 08 sum F7

lf you set 100(decimal) for master volume, you must send the message as follow. F0 41 10 42 12 40 00 04 64 sum F7

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#### [ PATCH PARAMETERS ]

* nbiock number	(0 – F),	Part 1	(default	MIDIch	= 1)	n = 1.
		:			:	:
		Part 9	(default	MIDIch	= 9)	n = 9
		Part10	(default	MIDIch	= 10)	n = 0
		Part11	(default	MIDIch	= 11)	n = A
		:			:	:
		Part16	(default	MIDIch	= 16)	n = F

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\* x...MIDI channel number (0 - F).

Address (H)	S I ZE (H)	Data (H)	Parameter	Description	Default Val		
40 01 00	00 00 10	20 - 7F	PATCH NAME	16 ASCII Characters			
40 01 0F#		00 10			02		
40 01 10	00 00 10	00 - 18	PARITAL RESERVE	Part 10 (Block 0: Drums) Part 1 (Block 1)	02 06		
40 01 11# 40 01 12#				Part 2 (Block 2)	02		
40 01 12#				Part 3 (Block 3)	02		
40 01 14#				Part 4 (Block 4)	02		
40 01 15#				Part 5 (Block 5)	02		
40 01 16#			•	Part 6 (Block 6)	02		
40 01 17#				Part 7 (Block 7)	02		
40 01 18#				Part 8 (Block 8)	02		
40 01 19#				Part 9 (Block 9)	02		
40 01 1A#				Part 11(Block A)	- 00		
40 01 :#				:			
40 01 1F#		-		Part 16 (Block F)	00		
				rves must be less than or equal to 24. maximum value for 24 voice sound generate	or.		
							•
40 01 30	00 00 01	00 - 07	REVERB MACRO	00: Room 1	04		
			•	01: Room 2		1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1	
				02: Room 3			
				03: Hall 1			
				04: Hall 2			
				05: Plate			
				06: Delay 07: Panning Delay			
40 01 31	00 00 01	00 - 07	REVERB CHARACTE	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	04		
40 01 31	00 00 01	00 - 07	REVERB PRE-LPF		00		
40 01 33	00 00 01	00 - 7F	REVERB LEVEL		40		
40 01 34	00 00 01	00 - 7F	REVERB TIME		40		
10 01 35	00 00 01	00 - 7F	REVERB DELAY FE	EDBACK	00		
40 01 36	00 00 01	00 - 7F	REVERB SEND LEV	EL TO CHORUS	00		
40 01 38	00 00 01	00 - 07	CHORUS MACRO	00: Chorus 1 01: Chorus 2	02		
				02: Chorus 3 03: Chorus 4 04: Feedback Chorus			
				05: Flanger 06: Short Delay 07: Short Delay(FB)		•	
40 01 39	00 00 01	00 - 07	CHORUS PRE-LPF		00		
10 01 3A	00 00 01	00 - 7F	CHORUS LEVEL		40		
10 01 3B	00 00 01	00 - 7F	CHORUS FEEDBACK		08 🕞		
40 01 3C	00 00 01	00 - 7F	CHORUS DELAY		50		
40 01 3D	00 00 01	00 - 7F	CHORUS RATE		03		
40 01 3E	00 00 01	00 - 7F	CHORUS DEPTH		13	+ 1	. •
40 01 3F	00 00 01	00 - 7F	CHORUS SEND LEV	EL TO REVERB	00		
40 ln 00 40 ln 01#	00 00 02	00 - 7F 00 - 7F	TONE NUMBER	CC#00 VALUE P.C. VALUE	00 00		
40 ln 02	00 00 01	00 - 10	Rx. CHANNEL	1 - 15,0FF	same as the	Part#	
40 ln 03	00 00 01	00 - 01	Rx. PITCH BEND	OFF / ON	01		
40 ln 04	00 00 01	00 - 01	Rx. CH PRESSURE		01		
40 in 05	00 00 01	00 - 01	RX. PROGRAM CHA		01		
40 ln 06 40 ln 07	00 00 01 00 00 01	00 - 01 00 - 01	RX. CONTROL CHA RX. POLY PRESSU		01		
40 in 07 40 in 08	00 00 01	00 - 01	RX. NOTE MESSAG		01		
40 1n 08 40 1n 09	00 00 01	00 - 01	RX. RPN	OFF / ON	01		
40 in 0A	00 00 01	00 - 01	Rx. NRPN	OFF / ON	01		
40 ln OB	00 00 01	00 - 01	Rx. MODURATION	OFF / ON	01		
40 in OC	00 00 01	00 - 01	Rx. VOLUME	OFF / ON	A1		
40 in OD	00 00 01	00 - 01	Rx. PANPOT	OFF / ON	A1		
	00 00 01	00 - 01	Rx. EXPRESSION	OFF / ON	01		
40 in de							
40 ln OE 40 ln OF	00 00 01	00 - 01	Rx. HOLD1	OFF / ON	01		

40       11       10       00       00       10       10       10       10       10       10       10       10       10       10       10       10       10       10       10       10       10       10       10       10       10       10       10       10       10       10       10       10       10       10       10       10       10       10       10       10       10       10       10       10       10       10       10       10       10       10       10       10       10       10       10       10       10       10       10       10       10       10       10       10       10       10       10       10       10       10       10       10       10       10       10       10       10       10       10       10       10       10       10       10       10       10       10       10       10       10       10       10       10       10       10       10       10       10       10       10       10       10       10       10       10       10       10       10       10       10       10 <td< th=""><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th></td<>					
40 in 12       00 00 01       00 - 01       Ex. SOT       OF / 08       01         40 in 13       00 00 01       00 - 02       ASIGN MODE       Mono / Poly (ex. FIG.) / Ex. FIG.)       00 at in-4         40 in 14       00 00 01       00 - 02       ASIGN MODE       0 - SIRLE       00 at in-4         40 in 15       00 00 01       00 - 02       USE FOS ENTIM PAIL       0 - 07       00 at in-4         40 in 15       00 00 01       28 - 58       PITCE EFTSET FIRE       -11.0 - 11.0 (Ex.)       00 at in-4         40 in 15       00 00 02       08 - 77       PAT LEVEL       0 - 127       64         40 in 16       00 01       00 - 77       PAT LEVEL       0 - 127       64         41 in 18       00 00 1       00 - 77       PAT LEVEL       0 - 127       64         41 in 18       00 00 1       00 - 77       PAT LEVEL       0 - 127       64         40 in 13       00 00 1       00 - 77       PAT LEVEL       0 - 127       64         41 in 18       00 00 1       00 - 77       PAT LEVEL       0 - 127       65         41 in 18       00 00 1       00 - 77       PAT LEVEL       0 - 127       66         41 in 18       00 00 1       00 - 77	40 ln 11 00 00 0	00 - 01	Rx. SOSTENUTO	OFF / ON	01
40 ln 13       00 00 01       00 - 01       MONO/POLY MODE       Mono / Poly (ebx 75 01 / Bx 77 00)       01         40 ln 14       00 00 01       00 - 02       ASIGN MODE       0 - SINCLS 1 - UNITEMENTIT 2 - FULL-MULTI       00 at n=0 0 at n=0 2 - FULL-MULTI       00 at n=0 0 at n=0 2 - FULL-MULTI         40 ln 15       00 00 01       00 - 02       USE FOR BRYIM PART       0 - 07 0 - 07       00 at n=0 0 at n=0 2 - MA2       00 at n=0 0 at n=0 2 - MA2         40 ln 15       00 00 01       00 - 07       PAT LEVEL       -11.012.0 [Elz]       04 0 at n=0 0 at n=0         40 ln 16       00 00 1       00 - 77       PAT LEVEL       0 - 127 0 - 127       64 0 (ebx 01 vv)       64 0 at n=0         40 ln 18       00 00 1       00 - 77       VELCITY SISE DFFT       0 - 127 0 - 127       60 0 (ebx 01 vv)       64 0 at n=0         40 ln 18       00 00 1       00 - 77 VELCITY SISE DFFT       0 - 127 0 - 127       60 0 (ebx 01 vv)       64 0 at n=0       00 00 1       0 - 77 0 (cbx 01 vv)       64 0 at n=0       0 at n=0       0 at n=0         40 ln 19       00 00 1       00 - 77 VELCITY SISE DFTT       0 - 127 0 - 127       00 0 (cbx 01 vv)       0 at n=0         40 ln 20 00 00 1       00 - 77 VELCITY SISE DFTF       0 - 127 0 - 127       10 (cbx 01 vv)       0 - 127 0 - 127       10 (cbx 01 vv) <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>					
40 in 14       00 00 01       00 - 02       ASIGN MORE       0 - SIGGE 1 - UNITED-MULTI 2 - FULL-MULTI       0 at n=0 0 at n=0 1 - WITED-MULTI 2 - FULL-MULTI         40 in 15       00 00 01       02 - 02       USE FOR ENTIME PART 2 - MAP2       0 - 07 0 - 07 0 - 04 - 1042       0 0 at n=0 1 - MAP1 2 - MAP2         40 in 16       00 00 01       23 - 58       PITCH KEY SHIFT 2 - MAP2       -24 - 424 (seatcoad)       00 0 0 00 0 0 0 00       00 0 0 0 00       00 0 0 - 77       PART LEVEL 0 - 127       -24 - 424 (seatcoad)       00 0 0 0 00         40 in 18       00 0 0 0 10       0 - 77       PART LEVEL 0 - 127       -120 - 412.0 (bl) 0 0 0 0 0 10       00 0 0 0 10       00 0 - 77       VILICITY SISTE DEPTH 0 - 127       64 0 0 110       00 0 0 0 0 10       0 - 77       VILICITY SISTE OFFER       -120 - 412.0 (bl) 0 0 0 0 0 10       00 0 0 0 0 10       0 - 77       VILICITY SISTE OFFER       0 - 127       10 0 0 0 0 0 10       0 - 77         40 in 13       00 0 0 10       0 - 77       VILICITY SISTE OFFER       0 - 127       10 0 0 0 0 0 10       0 - 77       VILICITY SISTE OFFER       0 - 127       10 0 0 0 0 0 10       0 - 77       VILICITY SISTE OFFER       0 - 127       10 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0					
40 in 14       00 00 01       00 - 02       ASIGN MORE       0 - SIGGE 1 - UNITED-MULTI 2 - FULL-MULTI       0 at n=0 0 at n=0 1 - WITED-MULTI 2 - FULL-MULTI         40 in 15       00 00 01       02 - 02       USE FOR ENTIME PART 2 - MAP2       0 - 07 0 - 07 0 - 04 - 1042       0 0 at n=0 1 - MAP1 2 - MAP2         40 in 16       00 00 01       23 - 58       PITCH KEY SHIFT 2 - MAP2       -24 - 424 (seatcoad)       00 0 0 00 0 0 0 00       00 0 0 0 00       00 0 0 - 77       PART LEVEL 0 - 127       -24 - 424 (seatcoad)       00 0 0 0 00         40 in 18       00 0 0 0 10       0 - 77       PART LEVEL 0 - 127       -120 - 412.0 (bl) 0 0 0 0 0 10       00 0 0 0 10       00 0 - 77       VILICITY SISTE DEPTH 0 - 127       64 0 0 110       00 0 0 0 0 10       0 - 77       VILICITY SISTE OFFER       -120 - 412.0 (bl) 0 0 0 0 0 10       00 0 0 0 0 10       0 - 77       VILICITY SISTE OFFER       0 - 127       10 0 0 0 0 0 10       0 - 77         40 in 13       00 0 0 10       0 - 77       VILICITY SISTE OFFER       0 - 127       10 0 0 0 0 0 10       0 - 77       VILICITY SISTE OFFER       0 - 127       10 0 0 0 0 0 10       0 - 77       VILICITY SISTE OFFER       0 - 127       10 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	40 lp 13 00 00 01	00 - 01	MONO/POLY MODE	Mono / Poly	01
40 in 14       00 00 01       00 - 02       ASSIGN MODE       0 - SINGLE 1 - LIAMTET-MUTIT 2 - FUL-MUTIT       0 on in mo 0 at info 2 - SUM_MUTIT         40 in 15       00 00 01       00 - 02       USE FOR ENTIMP FAIT       0 - 07F 1 - MAT2       0 on the 0 - 07F 1 - MAT2       0 on the 0 - 07F 1 - MAT2         40 in 15       00 00 01       25 - 58       PITCE OFFSET FIRE VIEW SNIFT       -24 - 424 (senitose)       40         40 in 15       00 00 01       00 - 77       PART LEVEL VIEW SNIFT       -12.0 - 12.0 (Bz] (Bze inbolized data)       08 00         40 in 18       00 00 01       00 - 77       PART LEVEL VIEW SNIFT       -12.0 - 12.0 (Bz] (Bze inbolized data)       00         40 in 10       00 00 01       00 - 77       PART LEVEL VIEW AND COMMAN       -12.7 + 0.0 (Bz) (Bze inbolized data)       00         40 in 10       00 00 01       00 - 77       PART LEVEL VIEW AND COMMAN       -12.7 + 0.0 (Bz) (Bze inbolized data)       00         40 in 12       00 00 01       00 - 77       EXY ANDE COM VIEW AND COMMAN       -12.7 + 0.0 (Bz) (Bze inbolized data)       00         40 in 32       00 00 01       00 - 77       EXY ANDE COM VIEW AND COMMAN       -12.7 + 0.0 (Bz) (Bze inbolized data)       00         40 in 33       00 00 01       02 - 72       TOE MODIT 2       -0.0 + 65       0.0 (Bz) (Bze inbolized					••
1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1					
1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1	40 ln 14 00 00 01	00 - 02	ASSIGN MODE	0 = SINGLE	00 st n=0
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	40 10 14 00 00 01	00 - 02			
40 ln 15       00 00 01       00 - 02:       USE FOR ENTIME PART       0 - 077 1 - MAP1       00 nt n1-0 2 - MAP2         40 ln 15       00 00 01       28 - 58       PITCE KEY SHIFT       -24 - 244 (sectood)       40         40 ln 15       00 00 02       08 - 78       PITCE KEY SHIFT       -24 - 244 (sectood)       40         40 ln 15       00 00 01       00 - 77       PART LEVEL       0 - 127 (cbs 01 wy)       60         40 ln 15       00 00 01       00 - 77       VILOCITY SINES DEFTH       0 - 127 (cbs 01 wy)       60         40 ln 15       00 00 01       00 - 77       VILOCITY SINES DEFTH       0 - 127 (cbs 01 wy)       60         40 ln 15       00 00 01       00 - 77       VILOCITY SINES DEFTH       0 - 127 (cbs 01 wy)       60         40 ln 15       00 00 01       0 - 77       KEY AMAGE LOW       C - 128 (cbs 01 wy)       60         40 ln 22       00 00 01       0 - 77       EXY MAGE DOFF       0 - 127 (cbs 60 wy)       60         40 ln 33       00 00 01       0 - 77       EXY MAGE DOFF       0 - 127 (cbs 60 wy)       60         40 ln 33       00 00 01       0 - 77       EXY MAGE DOFF       0 - 127 (cbs 60 wy)       60         40 ln 34       00 00 01       0 - 77       EXY EMAGE DOFY			•		UI AL III-U
$ \begin{array}{c} 1 & 4021 \\ 2 & 4022 \\ 2 & 4022 \\ 2 & 4022 \\ 2 & 4022 \\ 2 & 4022 \\ 2 & 4022 \\ 2 & 4022 \\ 2 & 4022 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.$				Z - FULL-RIULII	
$ \begin{array}{c} 1 & 4021 \\ 2 & 4022 \\ 2 & 4022 \\ 2 & 4022 \\ 2 & 4022 \\ 2 & 4022 \\ 2 & 4022 \\ 2 & 4022 \\ 2 & 4022 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.18 \\ 4 & 10.$	40 Jp 15 00 00 01	00 - 02	HEE BOD DUVTUN DADT	0 = 0FF	00 ot p1-0
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	40 10 15 00 00 01	00 - 02	OUE FOR MITTIM FART		
40         in 11         00         00         128         -56         PITCH KEY SHIFT $-2424$ [sentroce]         40           40         in 14         00         00         02         06         -78         PITCH OFFSET FINE $-12.0$ $-12.0$ $-12.0$ $-12.0$ $-12.0$ $-12.0$ $-12.0$ $-12.0$ $-12.0$ $-12.0$ $-12.0$ $-12.0$ $-12.0$ $-12.0$ $-12.0$ $-12.0$ $-12.0$ $-12.0$ $-12.0$ $-12.0$ $-12.0$ $-12.0$ $-12.0$ $-12.0$ $-12.0$ $-12.0$ $-12.0$ $-12.0$ $-12.0$ $-12.0$ $-12.0$ $-12.0$ $-12.0$ $-12.0$ $-12.0$ $-12.0$ $-12.0$ $-12.0$ $-12.0$ $-12.0$ $-12.0$ $-12.0$ $-12.0$ $-12.0$ $-12.0$ $-12.0$ $-12.0$ $-12.0$ $-12.0$ $-12.0$ $-12.0$ $-12.0$ $-12.0$ $-12.0$ $-12.0$ $-12.0$ $-12.0$ $-12.0$ $-12.0$ $-12.0$ $-12.0$ $-12.0$ $-12.0$ $-12.0$ $-12.0$					UI AL II-U
44 in 17         00 00 02         68 - F8         PICH OFFSET FINE         -12.0 - 121         0 End           44 in 184         00 00 01         00 - 77         PART LEVEL         0 - 127         64           46 in 13         00 00 01         00 - 77         PART LEVEL         0 - 127         64           46 in 13         00 00 01         00 - 77         PART PARFOT         64         65         64           46 in 13         00 00 01         00 - 77         PART PARFOT         66         77         66         77           40 in 12         00 00 01         00 - 77         PART PARFOT         66         77         66         77           40 in 12         00 00 01         00 - 77         EXP MARE 108         C - 1 - 66         77         60           40 in 12         00 00 01         00 - 77         C21 ONTROLER WAREE 108         C - 1 - 66         77         60         127         10           40 in 22         00 00 01         00 - 77         C22 ONTROLER WAREE 108         C - 1 - 66         77         60         127         10         67         127         10         67         127         10         67         50         50         60         00         12				2 - MAP2	
44 in 17         00 00 02         68 - F8         PICH OFFSET FINE         -12.0 - 121         0 End           44 in 184         00 00 01         00 - 77         PART LEVEL         0 - 127         64           46 in 13         00 00 01         00 - 77         PART LEVEL         0 - 127         64           46 in 13         00 00 01         00 - 77         PART PARFOT         64         65         64           46 in 13         00 00 01         00 - 77         PART PARFOT         66         77         66         77           40 in 12         00 00 01         00 - 77         PART PARFOT         66         77         66         77           40 in 12         00 00 01         00 - 77         EXP MARE 108         C - 1 - 66         77         60           40 in 12         00 00 01         00 - 77         C21 ONTROLER WAREE 108         C - 1 - 66         77         60         127         10           40 in 22         00 00 01         00 - 77         C22 ONTROLER WAREE 108         C - 1 - 66         77         60         127         10         67         127         10         67         127         10         67         50         50         60         00         12	40 1- 10 00 00 01	00 E 0	DITCH VEV CHIET	-91 - 191	10
40 in 17       00 00 02       08 - F8       PITCH OFFSET FINE       -12.0 - 12.0 [hz]       08 00         40 in 18       00 00 01       00 - 77       PART LEVEL       0 - 127       40         40 in 10       00 00 01       00 - 77       VILCOLTY SENE OFFET       0 - 127       40         40 in 10       00 00 01       00 - 77       VILCOLTY SENE OFFET       0 - 127       40         40 in 10       00 00 01       00 - 77       VILCOLTY SENE OFFET       0 - 127       40         40 in 12       00 00 01       00 - 77       VILCOLTY SENE OFFET       0 - 127       10         40 in 12       00 00 01       00 - 77       VILCOLTY SENE OFFET       0 - 127       10         40 in 20 00 00 01       00 - 77       VILCOLTY SENE OFFET       0 - 127       11         40 in 20 00 00 01       00 - 77       VILCOLTY SENE OFFET       0 - 127       11         40 in 22 00 00 01       00 - 77       VILCOLTY SENE OFFET       0 - 127       11         40 in 32 00 00 01       00 - 77       VILCOLTY SENE OFFET       0 - 127       11         40 in 33 00 00 01       00 - 72       TORE MODIFY 1       -50 - 50       -50 - 50       40         177 cotolf frag       VITATO OFFET       0 - 60 - 60	40 in 15 00 00 01	28 - 58	PIICH KEY SHIFT		40
40       In 18       Use Albblied data.         40       In 13       00       00       01       00       77       PART LEVEL       0       -127       64         40       In 13       00       00       01       07       77       VELOCITY SENSE DEFTH       0       -127       40         40       In 10       00       00       01       07       77       PART LEVEL       0       -127       40         40       In 10       00       00       01       07       77       PART ANFOT       Bandom, 50(LEFT)       +63(LEFT)       +63(LEFT)       +63(LEFT)       40         40       In 20       00       01       07       77       CCI CONTROLLER NUMBER       0       -127       10         40       In 20       00       01       07       77       REFERS SEND DEFT       0       -127       00       (Ex 50 w)       40         40       In 30       00       01       07       77       REFERS SEND DEFT       -50       -50       40       40       10       20       00       10       77       CUE ONFY       -50       -50       40       10       10       10       10 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>[semitone]</td> <td></td>				[semitone]	
40       In 18       Use Albblied data.         40       In 13       00       00       01       00       77       PART LEVEL       0       -127       64         40       In 13       00       00       01       07       77       VELOCITY SENSE DEFTH       0       -127       40         40       In 10       00       00       01       07       77       PART LEVEL       0       -127       40         40       In 10       00       00       01       07       77       PART ANFOT       Bandom, 50(LEFT)       +63(LEFT)       +63(LEFT)       +63(LEFT)       40         40       In 20       00       01       07       77       CCI CONTROLLER NUMBER       0       -127       10         40       In 20       00       01       07       77       REFERS SEND DEFT       0       -127       00       (Ex 50 w)       40         40       In 30       00       01       07       77       REFERS SEND DEFT       -50       -50       40       40       10       20       00       10       77       CUE ONFY       -50       -50       40       10       10       10       10 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>10 0 · 10 0 [11-]</td> <td></td>				10 0 · 10 0 [11-]	
40       1n       10       00       00       -77       PART LETEL       0       -127       64         41       1n       10       00       00       01       00       77       VELOCITY SENSE DEFT       0       -127       40         40       1n       10       00       00       01       07       FERDER       07       127       40         40       1n       10       00       00       01       07       FERDER       07       127       40         40       1n       00       00       01       07       FEY RANGE LOW       C-1       -09       00       00       00       00       00       00       00       00       00       00       00       00       00       00       00       00       00       00       00       00       00       00       00       00       00       00       00       00       00       00       00       00       00       00       00       00       00       00       00       00       00       00       00       00       00       00       00       00       00       00       00       00       <		08 - 18	PTICH OFFSET FINE		08 00
(-bx 07 v/)         (-bx 07 v/)           40 in 13 00 00 01 00 - 77         VELOCITY SENSE DFFST         0 - 127         40           40 in 10 00 00 01 00 - 77         VELOCITY SENSE DFFST         0 - 127         40           40 in 10 00 00 01 00 - 77         KEY EANGE LOW         C - 1 - 69         00           40 in 10 00 00 01 00 - 77         KEY EANGE LOW         C - 1 - 69         00           40 in 20 00 00 11 00 - 77         KEY EANGE LOW         C - 1 - 69         00           40 in 20 00 00 01 00 - 77         CCC CONTROLLER NUMEE 0         0 - 127         10           40 in 22 00 00 01 00 - 77         CCC CONTROLLER NUMEE 0         0 - 127         00           40 in 32 00 00 01 00 - 77         CCC CONTROLLER NUMEE 0         0 - 127         00           40 in 33 00 00 01 00 - 77         REVEND EPTH         0 - 127         00           40 in 33 00 00 01 00 - 72         TOBE MODIFY 1         -50 - 450         40           40 in 33 00 00 01 00 - 72         TOBE MODIFY 2         -50 - 450         40           40 in 32 00 00 01 00 - 72         TOBE MODIFY 3         -50 - 450         40           40 in 30 00 00 01 00 - 72         TOBE MODIFY 4         -50 - 450         40           40 in 33 00 00 01 00 - 72         TOBE MODIFY 5         -50 - 450	40 in 18#			USE hibbilzed data.	
(-bx 07 v/)         (-bx 07 v/)           40 in 13 00 00 01 00 - 77         VELOCITY SENSE DFFST         0 - 127         40           40 in 10 00 00 01 00 - 77         VELOCITY SENSE DFFST         0 - 127         40           40 in 10 00 00 01 00 - 77         KEY EANGE LOW         C - 1 - 69         00           40 in 10 00 00 01 00 - 77         KEY EANGE LOW         C - 1 - 69         00           40 in 20 00 00 11 00 - 77         KEY EANGE LOW         C - 1 - 69         00           40 in 20 00 00 01 00 - 77         CCC CONTROLLER NUMEE 0         0 - 127         10           40 in 22 00 00 01 00 - 77         CCC CONTROLLER NUMEE 0         0 - 127         00           40 in 32 00 00 01 00 - 77         CCC CONTROLLER NUMEE 0         0 - 127         00           40 in 33 00 00 01 00 - 77         REVEND EPTH         0 - 127         00           40 in 33 00 00 01 00 - 72         TOBE MODIFY 1         -50 - 450         40           40 in 33 00 00 01 00 - 72         TOBE MODIFY 2         -50 - 450         40           40 in 32 00 00 01 00 - 72         TOBE MODIFY 3         -50 - 450         40           40 in 30 00 00 01 00 - 72         TOBE MODIFY 4         -50 - 450         40           40 in 33 00 00 01 00 - 72         TOBE MODIFY 5         -50 - 450					·
40       11.4       00       00       10       00       17       YELOCITY SENSE DEFTH       0       127       40         40       11.5       00       00       01       77       YELOCITY SENSE DEFTH       0       127       40         40       11.5       00       00       01       77       YELOCITY SENSE DEFTH       0       127       40         40       11.6       00       00       01       77       YELOCITY SENSE DEFTH       0       127       40         40       11.6       00       00       10       77       CCICONTROLLER NUMBER       0       127       11         40       11.2       00       00       10       77       CCICONTROLLER NUMBER       0       127       11         40       11.3       00       00       10       77       CCICONTROLLER NUMBER       0       127       100         40       11.33       00       00       01       02       70       TOKE MODIFY 1       -50       -50       40         40       11.33       00       00       01       02       70       TOKE MODIFY 2       -50       -50       40       40 <t< td=""><td>40 IN 19 00 00-01</td><td>00 - 7F</td><td>PARI LEVEL</td><td></td><td>64</td></t<>	40 IN 19 00 00-01	00 - 7F	PARI LEVEL		64
40       11       12       00       00       00       77       PART PANFOT       Bandom. =SGLEFT) - +SS(LEFT)       40         40       11       00       00       01       00       77       PART PANFOT       Bandom. =SGLEFT) - +SS(LEFT)       40         40       11       00       00       01       77       EYF PANFOT       Bandom. =SGLEFT) - +SS(LEFT)       40         40       11       00       00       10       77       CCI CONTIGULER NUMBED       0       127       10         40       11       20       00       10       77       CCI CONTIGULER NUMBED       0       127       10         40       11       20       00       01       0       77       CCI CONTIGULER NUMBED       0       127       28         40       11       30       00       01       0       77       CCI CONTIGUENT       0       127       28         40       11       32       00       00       10       0       77       TOBE MODIFY 2       -50       -50       40         40       11       32       00       00       10       0       77       TOBE MODIFY 3       -50					
40         In 1C         00         00         00         77         FART PANFOT         Bandom, -B3 (LET) - 453 (LBHT) (FK 00) w, except random)         40           40         in 11         00         00         01         07         TF         EXP RANCE LOW         C-1         -69         00           40         in 12         00         00         00         00         07         TF         EXP RANCE LOW         C-1         -69         77           40         in 22         00         00         01         07         TF         CC2 CONTROLLER NUMBER         0<-127					
40 in 15       00 00 01       00 - 7F       KEY ENGE LOR       C-1 - 69       00         40 in 15       00 00 01       00 - 7F       CC1 CONTROLLEN NUMEER       0 - 127       10         40 in 22       00 00 01       00 - 7F       CC2 CONTROLLEN NUMEER       0 - 127       10         40 in 22       00 00 01       00 - 7F       CC2 CONTROLLEN NUMEER       0 - 127       00         40 in 22       00 00 01       00 - 7F       CC2 CONTROLLEN NUMEER       0 - 127       00         40 in 33       00 00 01       00 - 7F       EVEERS SEND DEFTH       0 - 12       28         (40 in 33       00 00 01       0E - 72       TONE MODIFY 1       -50 - 450       40         40 in 33       00 00 01       0E - 72       TONE MODIFY 2       -50 - 450       40         40 in 33       00 00 01       0E - 72       TONE MODIFY 3       -50 - 450       40         40 in 35       00 00 01       0E - 72       TONE MODIFY 3       -50 - 450       40         40 in 35       00 00 01       0E - 72       TONE MODIFY 6       -50 - 450       40         40 in 35       00 00 01       0E - 72       TONE MODIFY 7       -50 - 450       40         40 in 35       00 00 01 <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>· · · · ·</td><td></td><td></td></td<>			· · · · ·		
$ \begin{array}{c} 40 \ \mbox{ in 1D} & 00 \ \mbox{ 00 } 01 & 00 - 7F & EY BANGE HOM & C-1 - 06 & 7F \\ 40 \ \mbox{ in 1F } & 00 \ \mbox{ 00 } 01 & 00 - 7F & C21 \ \mbox{ C1 CONTBULLER NUMBER } & 0 - 127 & 10 \\ 40 \ \mbox{ in 22 } & 00 \ \mbox{ 00 } 01 & 00 - 7F & C22 \ \mbox{ C2 CONTBULLER NUMBER } & 0 - 127 & 10 \\ 40 \ \mbox{ in 22 } & 00 \ \mbox{ 00 } 01 & 00 - 7F & C22 \ \mbox{ CONTBULLER NUMBER } & 0 - 127 & 10 \\ 40 \ \mbox{ in 22 } & 00 \ \mbox{ 00 } 01 & 00 - 7F & C22 \ \mbox{ CONTBULLER NUMBER } & 0 - 127 & 00 \\ \mbox{ (ek 56 bv)} & 0 - 127 & 00 \\ \mbox{ (ek 56 bv)} & 0 - 128 & (ek 56 bv) & 00 \\ \mbox{ (ek 56 bv)} & -50 & -560 & 40 \\ \mbox{ (br ratio opt response)} & (ek 63 \ \mbox{ 00 } 16 \ \mbox{ 00 } 01 & 0E - 72 & TONE \ \mbox{ MODIFY 1 } & -50 & -560 & 40 \\ \mbox{ Vibrato depth } & (ek 63 \ \mbox{ 00 } 16 \ \mbox{ 00 } 01 & 0E - 72 & TONE \ \mbox{ MODIFY 1 } & -50 & -560 & 40 \\ \mbox{ Vibrato depth } & (ek 63 \ \mbox{ 00 } 16 \ \mbox{ 00 } 01 & 0E - 72 & TONE \ \mbox{ MODIFY 1 } & -50 & -560 & 40 \\ \mbox{ Vibrato depth } & (ek 63 \ \mbox{ 00 } 16 \ \mbox{ 00 } 01 & 0E - 72 & TONE \ \mbox{ MODIFY 1 } & -50 & -560 & 40 \\ \mbox{ Vibrato MODIFY 4 } & -50 & -560 & 40 \\ \mbox{ Vibrato MODIFY 5 } & -50 & -560 & 40 \\ \mbox{ 10 n 35 } & 00 \ 00 \ \mbox{ 01 } 0E - 72 & TONE \ \mbox{ MODIFY 5 } & -50 & -560 & 40 \\ \mbox{ 10 n 37 } & 00 \ 00 \ \mbox{ 01 } 0E - 72 & TONE \ \mbox{ MODIFY 6 } & -50 & -560 & 40 \\ \mbox{ 10 n 37 } & 00 \ 00 \ \mbox{ 01 } 0E - 72 & TONE \ \mbox{ MODIFY 6 } & -50 & -560 & 40 \\ \mbox{ 10 n 42# } & 00 - 7F & SCALE TUNING C & -64 & +63 \  (eb 63 \ 01 \ 62 \ 62 \ 03 \ 01 \ 02 \ 02 \ 77 & SCALE TUNING C & -64 & -463 \ \mbox{ (ent 13 \ 00 \ 02 \ 02 \ 77 & SCALE TUNING C & -64 & -463 \ \mbox{ (ent 13 \ 00 \ 01 \ 02 \ 77 \ SCALE TUNING C & -64 & -463 \ \mbox{ (ent 14 \ 00 \ 01 \ 02 \ 77 \ SCALE TUNING C & -64 & -463 \ \mbox{ (ent 14 \ 00 \ 01 \ 02 \ 02 \ 77 \ SCALE TUNING C & -64 & -463 \ \mbox{ (ent 14 \ 00 \ 01 \ 02 \ 02 \ 77 \ SCALE TUNING C & -64 & -463 \ \mbox{ (ent 14 \ 00 \ 01 \ 02 \ 02 \ $	40 in 10 00 00 01	00 - 7F	PART PANPOT		40
44       111       112       00       00       00       77       EXT RANGE HUGH       C-1       -08       77         40       112       00       00       01       00       -77       CCC CONTROLLER NUMBER       0       -127       10         40       112       00       00       01       00       -77       CCC CONTROLLER NUMBER       0       -127       10         40       112       00       00       01       00       -77       CCC CONTROLLER NUMBER       0       -127       00         40       113       00       00       01       02       -72       TORE MODIFY 1       -50       -50       40         40       113       00       00       01       02       -72       TORE MODIFY 2       -50       -50       -50       40         40       113       00       00       01       02       -72       TORE MODIFY 3       -50       -50       -50       40         40       113       00       00       01       02       -72       TORE MODIFY 3       -50       -50       40       40       10       10       10       10       10       10					
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$					
40         11         00         00         00         7F         CC2 CONTROLLER NUMBER         0         127         11           40         1n 21         00         00         00         0         0         7F         CERORUS SEID DEFTH         0         127         10           40         1n 22         00         00         01         0         7F         REVERS SEND DEFTH         0         -127         10           40         1n 31         00         00         01         0E         72         TORE MODIFY 1         -50         -450         40           40         1n 32         00         00         01         0E         72         TORE MODIFY 2         -50         -450         40           40         1n 33         00         00         01         0E         72         TORE MODIFY 3         -50         -450         40           40         1n 34         00         00         01         0E         72         TORE MODIFY 5         -50         -56         40           40         1n 35         00         00         01         0E         72         TORE MODIFY 6         -50         -50         40     <					
40 in 21       00 00 01       00 - 7F       CHORES SEND DEFTH       0 - 127       00         40 in 22       00 00 01       00 - 7F       REVERB SEND DEFTH       0 - 12       28         40 in 30       00 00 01       0E - 72       TORE MODIFY 1       -50 - 450       40         40 in 31       00 00 01       0E - 72       TORE MODIFY 2       -50 - 450       40         40 in 32       00 00 01       0E - 72       TORE MODIFY 3       -50 - 450       40         40 in 33       00 00 01       0E - 72       TORE MODIFY 4       -50 - 450       40         40 in 34       00 00 01       0E - 72       TORE MODIFY 5       -50 - 450       40         40 in 35       00 00 01       0E - 72       TORE MODIFY 6       -50 - 450       40         40 in 35       00 00 01       0E - 72       TORE MODIFY 6       -50 - 450       40         40 in 35       00 00 01       0E - 72       TORE MODIFY 6       -50 - 450       40         40 in 40       00 00 01       0E - 72       TORE MODIFY 6       -50 - 450       40         40 in 454       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING C       -64 - 463 [cent]       40         40 in 454       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING C       -64 -					
(-Ex. ED vv)           (-Ex. ED vv)           40 ln 30         00 00 01         0E - 72         TORE MDDIFYI $-12$ (-Ex. ED vv)           40 ln 30         00 00 01         0E - 72         TORE MDDIFY 1 $-50560$ 40           40 ln 31         00 00 01         0E - 72         TORE MDDIFY 2 $-50560$ 40           40 ln 32         00 00 01         0E - 72         TORE MDDIFY 4 $-50560$ 40           40 ln 33         00 00 01         0E - 72         TORE MDDIFY 4 $-50560$ 40           40 ln 35         00 00 01         0E - 72         TORE MDDIFY 4 $-50560$ 40           40 ln 35         00 00 01         0E - 72         TORE MDIFY 5 $-50 - 560$ 40           40 ln 35         00 00 01         0E - 72         TORE MDIFY 7 $-50 - 560$ 40           40 ln 35         00 00 01         0E - 72         TORE MDIFY 7 $-50 - 560$ 40           40 ln 35         00 00 01         0E - 72         TORE MDIFY 8 $-50 - 560$ 40           40 ln 45         00 0 - 7F         SCALE TUNING C $-54 - 453$ (cent]         40 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>					
40 in 22       00 00 01       00 - 7F       REVERS SEND DEFTE       0 - 12       28         40 in 30       00 00 01       0E - 72       TORE MODIFY 1       -50 - 50       40         40 in 31       00 00 01       0E - 72       TORE MODIFY 2       -50 - 560       40         40 in 32       00 00 01       0E - 72       TORE MODIFY 2       -50 - 560       40         40 in 33       00 00 01       0E - 72       TORE MODIFY 3       -50 - 560       40         40 in 33       00 00 01       0E - 72       TORE MODIFY 4       -50 - 560       40         40 in 35       00 00 01       0E - 72       TORE MODIFY 5       -50 - 560       40         40 in 35       00 00 01       0E - 72       TORE MODIFY 5       -50 - 560       40         40 in 35       00 00 01       0E - 72       TORE MODIFY 5       -50 - 560       40         40 in 37       00 00 01       0E - 72       TORE MODIFY 5       -50 - 560       40         40 in 42       00 0 - 7F       SCALE TUNING C       -64 - 463 (cent]       40         40 in 434       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING C       -64 - 463 (cent]       40         40 in 434       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING F       -64 - 463 (cent]	40 ln 21 00 00 01	00 - 7F	CHORUS SEND DEPTH		00
40         In 30         00         00         01         0E         72         TORE MODIFY 1         -50         +50         40           40         In 31         00         00         01         0E         -72         TORE MODIFY 2         -50         -50         -50         40           40         In 32         00         00         01         0E         -72         TORE MODIFY 3         -50         -50         40           40         In 33         00         00         01         0E         -72         TORE MODIFY 4         -50         -50         40           40         In 35         00         00         01         0E         -72         TORE MODIFY 4         -50         -50         40           40         In 35         00         00         01         0E         -72         TORE MODIFY 5         -50         -50         40           40         In 35         00         00         01         0E         -72         TORE MODIFY 6         -50         +50         40           40         In 35         00         00         01         0E         -72         TORE MODIFY 6         -50         +50					
40 in 30       00 00 01       0E - 72       TORE MODIFY 1       -50 - 450       40         40 in 31       00 00 01       0E - 72       TORE MODIFY 2       -50 - 450       40         40 in 32       00 00 01       0E - 72       TORE MODIFY 2       -50 - 450       40         40 in 32       00 00 01       0E - 72       TORE MODIFY 3       -50 - 450       40         40 in 33       00 00 01       0E - 72       TORE MODIFY 4       -50 - 450       40         40 in 34       00 00 01       0E - 72       TORE MODIFY 4       -50 - 450       40         40 in 35       00 00 01       0E - 72       TORE MODIFY 5       -50 - 450       40         40 in 55       00 00 01       0E - 72       TORE MODIFY 6       -50 - 450       40         40 in 55       00 00 01       0E - 72       TORE MODIFY 7       -50 - 450       40         40 in 50       00 00 01       0E - 72       TORE MODIFY 8       -50 - 450       40         40 in 40       00 00 01       0E - 72       TORE MODIFY 8       -50 - 450       40         40 in 43f       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING C       -64 - 453 [cent]       40         40 in 43f       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING D#       -64 -	40 ln 22 00 00 01	00 - 7F	REVERB SEND DEPTH		28
40 In 31       00 00 01       0E - 72       TONE MODIFY 2       -50 - 450       40         40 In 32       00 00 01       0E - 72       TONE MODIFY 3       -50 - 450       40         40 In 33       00 00 01       0E - 72       TONE MODIFY 4       -50 - 450       40         40 In 33       00 00 01       0E - 72       TONE MODIFY 4       -50 - 450       40         40 In 34       00 00 01       0E - 72       TONE MODIFY 4       -50 - 450       40         40 In 35       00 00 01       0E - 72       TONE MODIFY 4       -50 - 450       40         40 In 35       00 00 01       0E - 72       TONE MODIFY 5       -50 - 450       40         40 In 35       00 00 01       0E - 72       TONE MODIFY 6       -50 - 450       40         40 In 35       00 00 01       0E - 72       TONE MODIFY 8       -50 - 450       40         40 In 40       00 00 01       0E - 72       TONE MODIFY 8       -50 - 450       40         40 In 40       00 00 01       0E - 72       TONE MODIFY 8       -50 - 450       40         40 In 42#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING C# -64 - 453 [cent]       40       40       40         40 In 454       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING C#					
40 in 31       00 00 01       0E - 72       TONE MODIFY 2       -50 - 450       40         40 in 32       00 00 01       0E - 72       TONE MODIFY 3       -50 - 450       40         40 in 32       00 00 01       0E - 72       TONE MODIFY 4       -50 - 450       40         40 in 33       00 00 01       0E - 72       TONE MODIFY 4       -50 - 450       40         40 in 34       00 00 01       0E - 72       TONE MODIFY 4       -50 - 450       40         40 in 35       00 00 01       0E - 72       TONE MODIFY 4       -50 - 450       40         40 in 35       00 00 01       0E - 72       TONE MODIFY 7       -50 - 450       40         40 in 35       00 00 01       0E - 72       TONE MODIFY 7       -50 - 450       40         40 in 37       00 00 01       0E - 72       TONE MODIFY 7       -50 - 450       40         40 in 40       00 00 01       0E - 72       TONE MODIFY 8       -50 - 450       40         40 in 42       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING C       -64 - 453 [cent]       40         40 in 434       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING F       -64 - 453 [cent]       40         40 in 454       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING F       -64 - 453 [cent]	40 ln 30 00 00 01	0E - 72			40
Vibrato depth         (=Ex K S 01 62 09 05 vv)         40           40 in 32         00 00 01         0E - 72         TONE MODIFY 3         -50 - 450         40           40 in 33         00 00 01         0E - 72         TONE MODIFY 4         -50 - 450         40           40 in 34         00 00 01         0E - 72         TONE MODIFY 4         -50 - 450         40           40 in 34         00 00 01         0E - 72         TONE MODIFY 6         -50 - 450         40           40 in 35         00 00 01         0E - 72         TONE MODIFY 6         -50 - 450         40           40 in 36         00 00 01         0E - 72         TONE MODIFY 6         -50 - 450         40           40 in 36         00 00 01         0E - 72         TONE MODIFY 7         -50 - 450         40           40 in 41         00 00 01         0E - 72         TONE MODIFY 7         -50 - 450         40           40 in 41         00 - 7F         SCALE TUNING C         -64 - 453 [cent]         40           40 in 43*         00 - 7F         SCALE TUNING D#         -64 - 453 [cent]         40           40 in 43*         00 - 7F         SCALE TUNING D#         -64 - 453 [cent]         40           40 in 43*         00 - 7F					
40 in 32       00 00 01       0E - 72       TOTE MODIFY 3       -50 - 450       40         40 in 33       00 00 01       0E - 72       TOTE MODIFY 4       -50 - 450       40         40 in 34       00 00 01       0E - 72       TOTE MODIFY 5       -50 - 450       40         40 in 35       00 00 01       0E - 72       TOTE MODIFY 5       -50 - 450       40         40 in 35       00 00 01       0E - 72       TOTE MODIFY 6       -50 - 450       40         40 in 35       00 00 01       0E - 72       TOTE MODIFY 7       -50 - 450       40         40 in 35       00 00 01       0E - 72       TOTE MODIFY 7       -50 - 450       40         40 in 36       00 00 01       0E - 72       TOTE MODIFY 7       -50 - 450       40         40 in 40       00 00 01       0E - 72       TOTE MODIFY 8       -50 - 450       40         40 in 41#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING C       -64 - 463 [cent]       40       40         40 in 43#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING E       -64 - 463 [cent]       40         40 in 44#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING F       -64 - 463 [cent]       40         40 in 44#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING F       -64 - 463 [cent] <td>40 ln 31 00 00 01</td> <td>0E - 72</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>40</td>	40 ln 31 00 00 01	0E - 72			40
$40 \ln 33$ $00 \ 00 \ 01$ $6E - 72$ TVF cutoff freq. $(-Bx \ 63 \ 01 \ 62 \ 20 \ 06 \ vv)$ $40 \ln 34$ $00 \ 00 \ 01$ $6E - 72$ TOWE MODIFY 4 $-50 - +50$ $40$ $40 \ln 34$ $00 \ 00 \ 01$ $6E - 72$ TOWE MODIFY 5 $-50 - +50$ $40$ $40 \ln 35$ $00 \ 00 \ 01$ $6E - 72$ TOWE MODIFY 5 $-50 - +50$ $40$ $40 \ln 35$ $00 \ 00 \ 01$ $6E - 72$ TOWE MODIFY 6 $-50 - +50$ $40$ $40 \ln 35$ $00 \ 00 \ 01$ $6E - 72$ TOWE MODIFY 7 $-50 - +50$ $40$ $40 \ln 35$ $00 \ 00 \ 01$ $6E - 72$ TOWE MODIFY 8 $-50 - +50$ $40$ $40 \ln 40$ $00 \ 00 \ 01$ $6E - 72$ TOWE MODIFY 8 $-50 - +50$ $40$ $40 \ln 40$ $00 \ 00 \ 00 \ 00$ $0E - 72$ TOWE MODIFY 8 $-50 - +50$ $40$ $40 \ln 43$ $00 - 7F$ SCALE TUNING C $-64 - +63$ [cent] $40$ $40 \ln 43$ $00 - 7F$ SCALE TUNING E $-64 - +63$ [cent] $40$ $40 \ln 43$ $00 - 7F$ SCALE TUNING F # $-64 - +63$ [cent] $40$					
40 in 33       00 00 01 $CE - 72$ TONE MODIFY 4 $-50 - +50$ 40         40 in 34       00 00 01 $CE - 72$ TONE MODIFY 5 $-50 - +50$ 40         40 in 35       00 00 01 $CE - 72$ TONE MODIFY 5 $-50 - +50$ 40         40 in 35       00 00 01 $CE - 72$ TONE MODIFY 6 $-50 - +50$ 40         40 in 35       00 00 01 $CE - 72$ TONE MODIFY 7 $-50 - +50$ 40         40 in 37       00 00 01 $CE - 72$ TONE MODIFY 8 $-50 - +50$ 40         40 in 37       00 00 01 $CE - 72$ TONE MODIFY 8 $-50 - +50$ 40         40 in 40       00 00 02 $O0 - 7F$ SCALE TUNING C2 $-64 - +63$ [cent]       40         40 in 422       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING C4 $-64 - +63$ [cent]       40         40 in 434       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING C4 $-64 - +63$ [cent]       40         40 in 454       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING C4 $-64 - +63$ [cent]       40         40 in 454       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING C4 $-64 - +63$ [cent]       40         40 in 454       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING C4 <t< td=""><td>40 ln 32 00 00 01</td><td>0E - 72</td><td></td><td></td><td>40</td></t<>	40 ln 32 00 00 01	0E - 72			40
40       In 34       00       00       01 $6E - 72$ TORE MODIFY 5 $-5656$ 40         40       In 35       00       00       10 $E - 72$ TORE MODIFY 5 $-5656$ 40         40       In 35       00       00       10 $E - 72$ TORE MODIFY 6 $-50 - +50$ 40         40       In 35       00       00       10 $E - 72$ TORE MODIFY 6 $-50 - +50$ 40         40       In 37       00       00       10 $E - 72$ TORE MODIFY 7 $-50 - +50$ 40         40       In 37       00       00       10 $E - 72$ TORE MODIFY 8 $-50 - +50$ 40         40       In 437       00       00 $-7F$ SCALE TUNING C $-64 - +63$ [cent]       40         40       In 427       00 $-7F$ SCALE TUNING C $-64 - +63$ [cent]       40         40       In 435       00 $-7F$ SCALE TUNING E $-64 - +63$ [cent]       40         40       In 454       00 $-7F$ SCALE TUNING E $-64 - +63$ [cent]       40         40       <					
40 In 34       00 00 01       0E - 72       TOME MODIFY 5 $-50 - +50$ 40         40 In 35       00 00 01       0E - 72       TOME MODIFY 6 $-50 - +50$ 40         40 In 35       00 00 01       0E - 72       TOME MODIFY 6 $-50 - +50$ 40         40 In 37       00 00 01       0E - 72       TOME MODIFY 7 $-50 - +50$ 40         40 In 37       00 00 01       0E - 72       TOME MODIFY 7 $-50 - +50$ 40         40 In 37       00 00 01       0E - 72       TOME MODIFY 8 $-50 - +50$ 40         40 In 40       00 00 0C       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING C $-64 - +63$ [cent]       40         40 In 42#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING C $-64 - +63$ [cent]       40         40 In 43#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING D# $-64 - +63$ [cent]       40         40 In 43#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING D# $-64 - +63$ [cent]       40         40 In 43#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING C# $-64 - +63$ [cent]       40         40 In 45#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING C# $-64 - +63$ [cent]       40         40 In 45#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING C# $-64 - +63$ [cent]	40 ln 33 00 00 01	0E - 72		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	40
40 ln 35       00 00 01       0E - 72       TORE MODIFY 6       -50       -50       40         40 ln 36       00 00 01       0E - 72       TONE MODIFY 6       -50       -50       -40         40 ln 36       00 00 01       0E - 72       TONE MODIFY 7       -50       -450       40         40 ln 37       00 00 01       0E - 72       TONE MODIFY 7       -50       -50       -40         40 ln 37       00 00 01       0E - 72       TONE MODIFY 8       -50       -40       40         40 ln 40       00 00 00       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING C       -64       -483 [cent]       40         40 ln 41#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING D#       -64       -463 [cent]       40         40 ln 42#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING D#       -64       -463 [cent]       40         40 ln 44#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING F#       -64       -463 [cent]       40         40 ln 45#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING F#       -64       -463 [cent]       40         40 ln 45#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING F#       -64       -463 [cent]       40         40 ln 45#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING F#       -64       -463 [cent]       40	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
40 in 35       00 00 01       0E - 72       TOME MODIFY 6       -50 - +50       40         40 in 36       00 00 01       0E - 72       TOME MODIFY 7       -50 - +50       40         40 in 37       00 00 01       0E - 72       TOME MODIFY 7       -50 - +50       40         40 in 37       00 00 01       0E - 72       TOME MODIFY 8       -50 - +50       40         40 in 40       00 00 00 0       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING C       -64 - +63 [cent]       40         40 in 42#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING C       -64 - +63 [cent]       40         40 in 43#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING C       -64 - +63 [cent]       40         40 in 45#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING C       -64 - +63 [cent]       40         40 in 45#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING C       -64 - +63 [cent]       40         40 in 45#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING C       -64 - +63 [cent]       40         40 in 45#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING C       -64 - +63 [cent]       40         40 in 45#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING C       -64 - +63 [cent]       40         40 in 45#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING C       -64 - +63 [cent]       40         40 in 45#	40 ln 34 00 00 01	0E - 72		-	40
40 in 35       00 00 01 $0E - 72$ TONE MODIFY 7       -50 - 450       40         40 in 37       00 00 01 $0E - 72$ TONE MODIFY 8       -50 - 450       40         40 in 37       00 00 01 $0E - 72$ TONE MODIFY 8       -50 - 450       40         40 in 40       00 00 00 $0E - 72$ TONE MODIFY 8       -50 - 450       40         40 in 41#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING C       -64 - 463 [cent]       40         40 in 42#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING C#       -64 - 463 [cent]       40         40 in 42#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING D#       -64 - 463 [cent]       40         40 in 42#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING F       -64 - 463 [cent]       40         40 in 45#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING F       -64 - 463 [cent]       40         40 in 45#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING F       -64 - 463 [cent]       40         40 in 46#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING F       -64 - 463 [cent]       40         40 in 48#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING 6#       -64 - 463 [cent]       40         40 in 48#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING 6#       -64 - 463 [cent]       40         40 in 48#       00 - 7					
40 in 36       00 00 01       0E - 72       TONE MODIFY 7       -50 - 450       40         40 in 37       00 00 01       0E - 72       TONE MODIFY 8       -50 - 450       40         40 in 37       00 00 01       0E - 72       TONE MODIFY 8       -50 - 450       40         40 in 40       00 00 00       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING C       -64 - 453 [cent]       40         40 in 41#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING C#       -64 - 453 [cent]       40         40 in 42#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING D#       -64 - 453 [cent]       40         40 in 43#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING E       -64 - 453 [cent]       40         40 in 45#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING F       -64 - 453 [cent]       40         40 in 45#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING F       -64 - 453 [cent]       40         40 in 45#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING F       -64 - 453 [cent]       40         40 in 45#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING F       -64 - 453 [cent]       40         40 in 45#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING A       -64 - 453 [cent]       40         40 in 45#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING A       -64 - 453 [cent]       40         40 in 45#       00 - 7F<	40 in 35 00 00 01	0E - 72			40
40       In 37       00       00       01 $0E - 72$ TONE MODIFY 8 Vibrato delay       -50 - +50 -50 - +50       40         40       In 40       00       00       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING C SCALE TUNING C 0 - 7F       -54 - +53 SCALE TUNING C 0 - 7F       -64 - +53 SCALE TUNING C 0 - 7F       40         40       In 41#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING C SCALE TUNING D 0 - 7F       -64 - +53 SCALE TUNING D 0 - 7F       -64 - +53 SCALE TUNING C 0 - 64 - +53 SCALE TUNING E 0 - 64 - +53 SCALE TUNING E 0 - 7F       40         40       In 43#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING E 0 - 7F       -64 - +53 SCALE TUNING E 0 - 7F       -64 - +63 SCALE TUNING E 0 - 64 - +63 SCALE TUNING E 0 - 7F       40         40       In 45#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING F SCALE TUNING G 0 - 7F       -64 - +63 SCALE TUNING G 0 - 64 - +63 SCALE TUNING G 0 - 64 - +63 SCALE TUNING G 0 - 64 - +63 SCALE TUNING G 0 - 7F       -64 - +63 SCALE TUNING G 0 - 64 - +63 SCALE TUNING G 0 - 7F       -64 - +63 SCALE TUNING G 0 - 64 - +63 SCALE TUNING G 0 - 7F       -64 - +63 SCALE TUNING G 0 - 64 - +63 SCALE TUNING G 0 - 64 - +63 SCALE TUNING G 0 - 7F       -64 - +63 SCALE TUNING G 0 - 64 - +63 SCALE TUNING G 0 - 7F       -64 - +63 SCALE TUNING G 0 - 64 - +63 SCALE TUNING G 0 - 7F       -64 - +63 SCALE TUNING G 0 - 64 - +63 SCALE TUNING G 0 - 64 - +63 SCALE TUNING G 0 - 7F       -64 - +63 SCALE TUNING G 0 - 64 - +63 SCALE TUNING G 0 - 7F       -64 - +63 SCALE TUNING G 0 - 7F       -64 - +63 SCALE TUNING G 0 - 7F       -64 - +63 SCALE TU		AT 80			
40 In 37       00 00 01 $0E = 72$ TONE MODIFY 8 $-50 = +50$ 40         40 In 40       00 00 0C       00 = 7F       SCALE TUNING C $-64 = +63$ [cent]       40         40 In 41#       00 = 7F       SCALE TUNING C# $-64 = +63$ [cent]       40         40 In 42#       00 = 7F       SCALE TUNING C# $-64 = +63$ [cent]       40         40 In 42#       00 = 7F       SCALE TUNING D# $-64 = +63$ [cent]       40         40 In 44#       00 = 7F       SCALE TUNING D# $-64 = +63$ [cent]       40         40 In 45#       00 = 7F       SCALE TUNING D# $-64 = +63$ [cent]       40         40 In 45#       00 = 7F       SCALE TUNING F $-64 = +63$ [cent]       40         40 In 46#       00 = 7F       SCALE TUNING F $-64 = +63$ [cent]       40         40 In 46#       00 = 7F       SCALE TUNING G# $-64 = +63$ [cent]       40         40 In 48#       00 = 7F       SCALE TUNING G# $-64 = +63$ [cent]       40         40 In 48#       00 = 7F       SCALE TUNING G# $-64 = +63$ [cent]       40         40 In 48#       00 = 7F       SCALE TUNING A $-64 = +63$ [cent]       40         40 In 48#       00 =	40 IN 35 00 00 01	02 - 12			40
Vibrato delay       (*Bx 63 01 62 0A 06 vv)         40 In 40       00 00 0C       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING C $-64 - +63$ [cent]       40         40 In 42#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING C# $-64 - +63$ [cent]       40         40 In 42#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING D# $-64 - +63$ [cent]       40         40 In 43#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING D# $-64 - +63$ [cent]       40         40 In 44#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING E $-64 - +63$ [cent]       40         40 In 45#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING F $-64 - +63$ [cent]       40         40 In 45#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING F $-64 - +63$ [cent]       40         40 In 45#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING G $-64 - +63$ [cent]       40         40 In 45#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING G $-64 - +63$ [cent]       40         40 In 45#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING G $-64 - +63$ [cent]       40         40 In 45#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING G# $-64 - +63$ [cent]       40         40 In 45#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING G# $-64 - +63$ [cent]       40         40 In 45#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING G# $-64 - +63$ [cent] <t< td=""><td>40 Jp 37 00 00 01</td><td>OF - 72</td><td></td><td></td><td>40</td></t<>	40 Jp 37 00 00 01	OF - 72			40
40 In 40       00 00 0C       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING C $-64 - +63$ [cent]       40         40 In 41#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING C# $-64 - +63$ [cent]       40         40 In 42#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING D $-64 - +63$ [cent]       40         40 In 42#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING D $-64 - +63$ [cent]       40         40 In 43#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING E $-64 - +63$ [cent]       40         40 In 44#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING F $-64 - +63$ [cent]       40         40 In 45#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING F $-64 - +63$ [cent]       40         40 In 45#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING F $-64 - +63$ [cent]       40         40 In 45#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING G $-64 - +63$ [cent]       40         40 In 45#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING G $-64 - +63$ [cent]       40         40 In 45#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING G# $-64 - +63$ [cent]       40         40 In 45#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING G# $-64 - +63$ [cent]       40         40 In 45#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING A# $-64 - +63$ [cent]       40         40 In 45#       00 - 7F       SC	40 11 01 00 00 01				
40 In 41#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING C#       -64 - +63 [cent]       40         40 In 42#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING D       -64 - +63 [cent]       40         40 In 43#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING D       -64 - +63 [cent]       40         40 In 44#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING E       -64 - +63 [cent]       40         40 In 45#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING F       -64 - +63 [cent]       40         40 In 45#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING F       -64 - +63 [cent]       40         40 In 45#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING F       -64 - +63 [cent]       40         40 In 45#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING G       -64 - +63 [cent]       40         40 In 45#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING G#       -64 - +63 [cent]       40         40 In 48#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING A       -64 - +63 [cent]       40         40 In 48#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING B       -64 - +63 [cent]       40         40 In 48#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING B       -64 - +63 [cent]       40         40 In 48#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING B       -64 - +63 [cent]       40         40 In 48#       00 - 7F       MOD TYF CUTOFF CONTROL       -24 - +24 [seni			101010 0010		
40 In 41#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING C#       -64 - +63 [cent]       40         40 In 42#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING D       -64 - +63 [cent]       40         40 In 43#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING D       -64 - +63 [cent]       40         40 In 44#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING E       -64 - +63 [cent]       40         40 In 45#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING F       -64 - +63 [cent]       40         40 In 45#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING F       -64 - +63 [cent]       40         40 In 45#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING F       -64 - +63 [cent]       40         40 In 45#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING G       -64 - +63 [cent]       40         40 In 45#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING G#       -64 - +63 [cent]       40         40 In 48#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING A       -64 - +63 [cent]       40         40 In 48#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING B       -64 - +63 [cent]       40         40 In 48#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING B       -64 - +63 [cent]       40         40 In 48#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING B       -64 - +63 [cent]       40         40 In 48#       00 - 7F       MOD TYF CUTOFF CONTROL       -24 - +24 [seni	40 ln 40 00 00 0C	00 - 7F	SCALE TUNING C	-64 - +63 [cent]	40
40 ln 42#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING D $-64 - +63$ [cent]       40         40 ln 43#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING D# $-64 - +63$ [cent]       40         40 ln 44#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING E $-64 - +63$ [cent]       40         40 ln 45#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING F $-64 - +63$ [cent]       40         40 ln 46#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING F $-64 - +63$ [cent]       40         40 ln 46#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING G $-64 - +63$ [cent]       40         40 ln 48#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING G $-64 - +63$ [cent]       40         40 ln 48#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING G# $-64 - +63$ [cent]       40         40 ln 48#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING G# $-64 - +63$ [cent]       40         40 ln 48#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING B $-64 - +63$ [cent]       40         40 ln 48#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING B $-64 - +63$ [cent]       40         40 ln 48#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING B $-64 - +63$ [cent]       40         40 ln 48#       00 - 7F       MOD PTCH CONTROL $-24 - +24$ [semitone]       40         40 ln 40 no 00 0 0 1 00 - 7F       MOD TVF CUTOFF CONTROL </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>					
40       In 43#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING D#       -64 - +63 [cent]       40         40       In 44#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING E       -64 - +63 [cent]       40         40       In 45#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING F       -64 - +63 [cent]       40         40       In 46#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING F       -64 - +63 [cent]       40         40       In 46#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING G#       -64 - +63 [cent]       40         40       In 47#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING G#       -64 - +63 [cent]       40         40       In 48#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING G#       -64 - +63 [cent]       40         40       In 48#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING A#       -64 - +63 [cent]       40         40       In 48#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING B       -64 - +63 [cent]       40         40       In 48#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING B       -64 - +63 [cent]       40         40       In 48#       00 - 7F       MOD TYF CUTOFF CONTROL       -24 - +24 [semitone]       40         40       2n 00       00 01       00 - 7F       MOD AMPLITUDE CONTROL       -64 - +63 [cent]       40         40       2n 00 <td></td> <td>00 - 7F</td> <td>SCALE TUNING D</td> <td>-64 - +63 [cent]</td> <td></td>		00 - 7F	SCALE TUNING D	-64 - +63 [cent]	
40       In 44#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING E       -64 - +63 [cent]       40         40       In 45#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING F       -64 - +63 [cent]       40         40       In 46#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING F       -64 - +63 [cent]       40         40       In 46#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING G       -64 - +63 [cent]       40         40       In 47#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING G       -64 - +63 [cent]       40         40       In 48#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING G#       -64 - +63 [cent]       40         40       In 48#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING A       -64 - +63 [cent]       40         40       In 4A#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING B       -64 - +63 [cent]       40         40       In 4A#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING B       -64 - +63 [cent]       40         40       In 4B#       00 - 7F       MOD PITCH CONTROL       -24 - +24 [semitone]       40         40       2n 00       00 01       00 - 7F       MOD MAPLITUDE CONTROL       -100.0 - +100.0 [%]       40         40       2n 02       00 00       00 - 7F       MOD LFOI TVF DEPTH       0 - 500 [cent]       40         40					
40       In 44#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING E       -64 - +63 [cent]       40         40       In 45#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING F       -64 - +63 [cent]       40         40       In 46#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING F       -64 - +63 [cent]       40         40       In 46#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING G       -64 - +63 [cent]       40         40       In 47#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING G       -64 - +63 [cent]       40         40       In 48#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING G#       -64 - +63 [cent]       40         40       In 48#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING A       -64 - +63 [cent]       40         40       In 4A#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING B       -64 - +63 [cent]       40         40       In 4A#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING B       -64 - +63 [cent]       40         40       In 4B#       00 - 7F       MOD PITCH CONTROL       -24 - +24 [semitone]       40         40       2n 00       00 01       00 - 7F       MOD MAPLITUDE CONTROL       -100.0 - +100.0 [%]       40         40       2n 02       00 00       00 - 7F       MOD LFOI TVF DEPTH       0 - 500 [cent]       40         40					
40       In 44#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING E       -64 - +63 [cent]       40         40       In 45#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING F       -64 - +63 [cent]       40         40       In 46#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING F       -64 - +63 [cent]       40         40       In 46#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING G       -64 - +63 [cent]       40         40       In 47#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING G       -64 - +63 [cent]       40         40       In 48#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING G#       -64 - +63 [cent]       40         40       In 48#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING A       -64 - +63 [cent]       40         40       In 4A#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING B       -64 - +63 [cent]       40         40       In 4A#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING B       -64 - +63 [cent]       40         40       In 4B#       00 - 7F       MOD PITCH CONTROL       -24 - +24 [semitone]       40         40       2n 00       00 01       00 - 7F       MOD MAPLITUDE CONTROL       -100.0 - +100.0 [%]       40         40       2n 02       00 00       00 - 7F       MOD LFOI TVF DEPTH       0 - 500 [cent]       40         40					
40       In 44#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING E       -64 - +63 [cent]       40         40       In 45#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING F       -64 - +63 [cent]       40         40       In 46#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING F       -64 - +63 [cent]       40         40       In 46#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING G       -64 - +63 [cent]       40         40       In 47#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING G       -64 - +63 [cent]       40         40       In 48#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING G#       -64 - +63 [cent]       40         40       In 48#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING A       -64 - +63 [cent]       40         40       In 4A#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING B       -64 - +63 [cent]       40         40       In 4A#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING B       -64 - +63 [cent]       40         40       In 4B#       00 - 7F       MOD PITCH CONTROL       -24 - +24 [semitone]       40         40       2n 00       00 01       00 - 7F       MOD MAPLITUDE CONTROL       -100.0 - +100.0 [%]       40         40       2n 02       00 00       00 - 7F       MOD LFOI TVF DEPTH       0 - 500 [cent]       40         40	40 ln 43#	00 - 7F	SCALE TUNING D#	-64 - +63 [cent]	40
40 ln 45#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING F       -64 - +63 [cent]       40         40 ln 46#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING F#       -64 - +63 [cent]       40         40 ln 47#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING G#       -64 - +63 [cent]       40         40 ln 48#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING G#       -64 - +63 [cent]       40         40 ln 48#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING G#       -64 - +63 [cent]       40         40 ln 48#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING A#       -64 - +63 [cent]       40         40 ln 48#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING A#       -64 - +63 [cent]       40         40 ln 48#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING B       -64 - +63 [cent]       40         40 ln 48#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING B       -64 - +63 [cent]       40         40 ln 48#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING B       -64 - +63 [cent]       40         40 ln 48#       00 - 7F       MOD TYF CUTOFF CONTROL       -24 - +24 [semitone]       40         40 ln 00 00 01 00 - 7F       MOD MPLITUDE CONTROL       -100.0 - +100.0 [%]       40         40 ln 00 00 01 00 - 7F       MOD LFO1 PITCH DEPTH       0 - 500 [cent]       60         40 ln 00 00 01 00 - 7F       MOD LFO1 TYF DEPTH       0 - 2400 [cent]					
40 In 46#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING F#       -64 - +63 [cent]       40         40 In 47#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING G       -64 - +63 [cent]       40         40 In 48#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING G#       -64 - +63 [cent]       40         40 In 48#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING G#       -64 - +63 [cent]       40         40 In 48#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING A#       -64 - +63 [cent]       40         40 In 48#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING A#       -64 - +63 [cent]       40         40 In 48#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING B       -64 - +63 [cent]       40         40 In 48#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING B       -64 - +63 [cent]       40         40 In 48#       00 - 7F       MOD PITCH CONTROL       -24 - +24 [semitone]       40         40 In 48#       00 - 00 01       00 - 7F       MOD AMPLITUBE CONTROL       -100.0 - +100.0 [%]       40         40 In 40       00 00 01       00 - 7F       MOD LFOI NATE CONTROL       -100.0 - +100.0 [%]       40         40 In 40       00 00 01       00 - 7F       MOD LFOI NATE CONTROL       -100.0 - +100.0 [%]       40         40 In 00 00 01       00 - 7F       MOD LFOI TVP DEPTH       0 - 500 [cent]       0A					
40 ln 47#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING G       -64 - +63 [cent]       40         40 ln 48#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING G#       -64 - +63 [cent]       40         40 ln 48#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING G#       -64 - +63 [cent]       40         40 ln 48#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING A       -64 - +63 [cent]       40         40 ln 48#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING A       -64 - +63 [cent]       40         40 ln 48#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING B       -64 - +63 [cent]       40         40 ln 48#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING B       -64 - +63 [cent]       40         40 ln 48#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING B       -64 - +63 [cent]       40         40 ln 48#       00 - 01       28 - 58       MOD PITCH CONTROL       -24 - +24 [semitone]       40         40 ln 00 00 01       00 - 7F       MOD LFOI RATE CONTROL       -10.0 - +10.0 [%]       40         40 ln 00 00 01       00 - 7F       MOD LFOI RATE CONTROL       -10.0 - +10.0 [%]       40         40 ln 00 00 01       00 - 7F       MOD LFOI TVF DEPTH       0 - 500 [cent]       0A         40 ln 00 00 01       00 - 7F       MOD LFOI TVF DEPTH       0 - 100.0 [%]       00         40 ln 00 00 01       00					
40 $1n 48#$ 00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING G# $-64 - +63$ [cent]       40         40 $1n 49#$ 00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING A $-64 - +63$ [cent]       40         40 $1n 44#$ 00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING A $-64 - +63$ [cent]       40         40 $1n 4A#$ 00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING B $-64 - +63$ [cent]       40         40 $1n 4B#$ 00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING B $-64 - +63$ [cent]       40         40 $2n 00$ 00       00 01 $28 - 58$ MOD PITCH CONTROL $-24 - +24$ [semitone]       40         40 $2n 00$ 00 01       00 - 7F       MOD TYF CUTOFF CONTROL $-9600 - 94500$ [cent]       40         40 $2n 00$ 00 00 $00 - 7F$ MOD LFOI TUDE CONTROL $-100.0 - 100.0$ [%]       40         40 $2n 00$ 00 00 $00 - 7F$ MOD LFOI TUDE CONTROL $-100.0 - 100.0$ [%]       40         40 $2n 05$ 00 00 $00 - 7F$ MOD LFOI TVF DEPTH $0 - 500$ [cent]       0A         40 $2n 06$ 00 00 $10 - 7F$ MOD LFOI TVF DEPTH $0 - 2400$ [cent]       00         <					
40 In 48#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING A       -64 - +63 [cent]       40         40 In 4A#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING A#       -64 - +63 [cent]       40         40 In 4A#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING A#       -64 - +63 [cent]       40         40 In 4B#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING B       -64 - +63 [cent]       40         40 In 4B#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING B       -64 - +63 [cent]       40         40 In 4B#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING B       -64 - +63 [cent]       40         40 In 4B#       00 - 7F       MOD PITCH CONTROL       -24 - +24 [semitone]       40         40 In 00 00 01 00 - 7F       MOD MPLITUDE CONTROL       -9600 - +9600 [cent]       40         40 In 03 00 00 01 00 - 7F       MOD LFOI PITCH DEPTH       0 - 100.0 [%]       40         40 In 04 00 00 01 00 - 7F       MOD LFOI PITCH DEPTH       0 - 500 [cent]       00         40 In 05 00 00 01 00 - 7F       MOD LFOI TVF DEPTH       0 - 2400 [cent]       00         40 In 08 00 00 01 00 - 7F       MOD LFOI TVF DEPTH       0 - 100.0 [%]       00         40 In 08 00 00 01 00 - 7F       MOD LFO2 PITCH DEPTH       0 - 600 [cent]       00         40 In 08 00 00 01 00 - 7F       MOD LFO2 TVF DEPTH       0 - 2400 [cent]       00					
40 ln 4A#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING A#       -64 - +63 [cent]       40         40 ln 4B#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING B       -64 - +63 [cent]       40         40 ln 4B#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING B       -64 - +63 [cent]       40         40 ln 4B#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING B       -64 - +63 [cent]       40         40 ln 4B#       00 - 7F       MOD PITCH CONTROL       -24 - +24 [semitone]       40         40 ln 00 00 01 00 - 7F       MOD APPLITUPE CONTROL       -9600 - +100.0 [%]       40         40 ln 00 00 01 00 - 7F       MOD LFOI RATE CONTROL       -10.0 - +100.0 [%]       40         40 ln 00 00 01 00 - 7F       MOD LFOI PITCH DEPTH       0 - 500 [cent]       40         40 ln 00 00 01 00 - 7F       MOD LFOI TVF DEPTH       0 - 500 [cent]       00         40 ln 00 00 01 00 - 7F       MOD LFOI TVF DEPTH       0 - 2400 [cent]       00         40 ln 00 00 01 00 - 7F       MOD LFOI TVF DEPTH       0 - 100.0 [%]       00         40 ln 08       00 00 10 00 - 7F       MOD LFOI TVF DEPTH       0 - 100.0 [%]       00         40 ln 08       00 00 01 00 - 7F       MOD LFO2 TVF DEPTH       0 - 600 [cent]       00         40 ln 08       00 00 01 00 - 7F       MOD LFO2 TVF DEPTH       0 - 2400 [cent] <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>• •</td> <td></td>				• •	
40 ln 4B#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING B       -64 - +63 [cent]       40         40 ln 4B#       00 - 7F       SCALE TUNING B       -24 - +24 [semitone]       40         40 ln 4B#       00 0 01 lo 0 - 7F       MOD PITCH CONTROL       -24 - +24 [semitone]       40         40 ln 4D       00 0 01 lo 0 - 7F       MOD TYF CUTOFF CONTROL       -9600 - +9600 [cent]       40         40 ln 00 00 01 lo 0 - 7F       MOD AMPLITUBE CONTROL       -10.0 - +10.0 [K]       40         40 ln 00 00 01 00 - 7F       MOD LF01 RATE CONTROL       -10.0 - +10.0 [K]       40         40 ln 00 00 01 00 - 7F       MOD LF01 TVF DEPTH       0 - 500 [cent]       0A         40 ln 00 00 01 00 - 7F       MOD LF01 TVF DEPTH       0 - 500 [cent]       0A         40 ln 00 00 01 00 - 7F       MOD LF01 TVF DEPTH       0 - 100.0 [K]       00         40 ln 00 00 01 00 - 7F       MOD LF01 TVF DEPTH       0 - 100.0 [K]       00         40 ln 00 00 01 00 - 7F       MOD LF02 TVF DEPTH       0 - 100.0 [K]       00         40 ln 00 00 01 00 - 7F       MOD LF02 TVF DEPTH       0 - 600 [cent]       00         40 ln 00 00 01 00 - 7F       MOD LF02 TVF DEPTH       0 - 2400 [cent]       00         40 ln 00 00 01 00 - 7F       MOD LF02 TVF DEPTH       0 - 2400 [cent]       00					
40 2n 00       00 00 01       28 - 58       MOD PITCH CONTROL       -24 - +24 [semitone]       40         40 2n 01       00 00 01       00 - 7F       MOD TYF CUTOFF CONTROL       -8600 - +9600 [cent]       40         40 2n 02       00 00 01       00 - 7F       MOD AMPLITUDE CONTROL       -100.0 - +100.0 [%]       40         40 2n 03       00 00 01       00 - 7F       MOD LF01 RITE CONTROL       -10.0 - +10.0 [%]       40         40 2n 03       00 00 01       00 - 7F       MOD LF01 RITE CONTROL       -10.0 - +10.0 [%]       40         40 2n 04       00 00 01       00 - 7F       MOD LF01 TVF DEPTH       0 - 500 [cent]       0A         40 2n 05       00 00 01       00 - 7F       MOD LF01 TVF DEPTH       0 - 2400 [cent]       00         40 2n 06       00 00 1       00 - 7F       MOD LF01 TVA DEPTH       0 - 100.0 [%]       00         40 2n 07       00 00 1       00 - 7F       MOD LF02 RITCH DEPTH       0 - 100.0 [%]       00         40 2n 08       00 00 1       00 - 7F       MOD LF02 TVF DEPTH       0 - 600 [cent]       00         40 2n 08       00 00 1       00 - 7F       MOD LF02 TVF DEPTH       0 - 2400 [cent]       00         40 2n 04       00 00 1       00 - 7F       MOD LF02 TVF DEPTH </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>					
40       2n       01       00       00       -7F       MOD TVF CUTOFF CONTROL       -9600       -9600       [cent]       40         40       2n       02       00       00       01       00       -7F       MOD AMPLITUDE CONTROL       -100.0       -100.0       +100.0       [K1]       40         40       2n       03       00       00       00       -7F       MOD LFOI RATE CONTROL       -100.0       -100.0       [K2]       40         40       2n       03       00       01       00       -7F       MOD LFOI RATE CONTROL       -10.0       -10.0       [K2]       40         40       2n       05       00       00       01       00       -7F       MOD LFOI PITCH DEPTH       0       500 [cent]       00         40       2n       05       00       00       100       -7F       MOD LFOI TVF DEPTH       0       2400 [cent]       00         40       2n       06       00       01       00       -7F       MOD LFO2 PITCH DEPTH       0       10.0       [K1]       00         40       2n       06       00       01       00       7F       MOD LFO2 PITCH DEPTH       0					
40       2n       01       00       00       -7F       MOD TVF CUTOFF CONTROL       -9600       -9600       [cent]       40         40       2n       02       00       00       01       00       -7F       MOD AMPLITUDE CONTROL       -100.0       -100.0       +100.0       [K1]       40         40       2n       03       00       00       00       -7F       MOD LFOI RATE CONTROL       -100.0       -100.0       [K2]       40         40       2n       03       00       01       00       -7F       MOD LFOI RATE CONTROL       -10.0       -10.0       [K2]       40         40       2n       05       00       00       01       00       -7F       MOD LFOI PITCH DEPTH       0       500 [cent]       00         40       2n       05       00       00       100       -7F       MOD LFOI TVF DEPTH       0       2400 [cent]       00         40       2n       06       00       01       00       -7F       MOD LFO2 PITCH DEPTH       0       10.0       [K1]       00         40       2n       06       00       01       00       7F       MOD LFO2 PITCH DEPTH       0	40 2n 00 00 00 01	28 - 58	MOD PITCH CONTROL	-24 - +24 [semitone]	40
40 2n 02       00 00 01       00 - 7F       MOD AMPLITUDE CONTROL       -100.0 - +100.0 [%]       40         40 2n 03       00 00 01       00 - 7F       MOD LF01 RATE CONTROL       -10.0 - +10.0 [Wz]       40         40 2n 04       00 00 01       00 - 7F       MOD LF01 RATE CONTROL       -10.0 - +10.0 [Wz]       40         40 2n 05       00 00 01       00 - 7F       MOD LF01 PITCH DEPTH       0 - 600 [cent]       0A         40 2n 05       00 00 01       00 - 7F       MOD LF01 TVF DEPTH       0 - 2400 [cent]       00         40 2n 06       00 00 10       00 - 7F       MOD LF01 TVF DEPTH       0 - 100.0 [%]       00         40 2n 06       00 00 10       00 - 7F       MOD LF02 TVF DEPTH       0 - 2400 [cent]       00         40 2n 08       00 00 10       00 - 7F       MOD LF02 TVF DEPTH       0 - 600 [cent]       00         40 2n 08       00 00 10       00 - 7F       MOD LF02 TVF DEPTH       0 - 2400 [cent]       00         40 2n 04       00 00 10       00 - 7F       MOD LF02 TVF DEPTH       0 - 2400 [cent]       00         40 2n 04       00 00 01       00 - 7F       MOD LF02 TVA DEPTH       0 - 100.0 [%]       00         40 2n 10       00 00 01       00 - 7F       BEND TVF CUTOFF CONTROL <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>					
40       2n       03       00       00       01       00       -7F       MOD LF01 RATE CONTROL       -10.0       +10.0       [Hz]       40         40       2n       04       00       00       01       00       -7F       MOD LF01 PITCH DEPTH       0       -600 [cent]       0A         40       2n       05       00       00       100       -7F       MOD LF01 PITCH DEPTH       0       -2400 [cent]       00         40       2n       05       00       00       00       -7F       MOD LF01 TVF DEPTH       0       -100.0       [X]       00         40       2n       05       00       00       01       00       -7F       MOD LF01 TVA DEPTH       0       -100.0       [X]       00         40       2n       05       00       01       00       -7F       MOD LF02 TVA DEPTH       0       -100.0       [X]       00         40       2n       06       00       01       00       -7F       MOD LF02 TVF DEPTH       0       -2400 [cent]       00         40       2n       0A       00       01       00       -7F       MOD LF02 TVF DEPTH       0       -2400 [cent]					
40       2n       04       00       00       01       00       -7F       MOD LFOI PITCH DEPTH       0       -600 [cent]       0A         40       2n       05       00       00       1       00       -7F       MOD LFOI TVP DEPTH       0       -2400 [cent]       00         40       2n       06       00       01       00       -7F       MOD LFOI TVP DEPTH       0       -100.0 [%]       00         40       2n       06       00       01       00       -7F       MOD LFOI TVA DEPTH       0       -100.0 [%]       00         40       2n       07       00       01       00       -7F       MOD LFO2 RATE CONTROL       -10.0 - +10.0 [%]       40         40       2n       08       00       00       100       -7F       MOD LFO2 TVF DEPTH       0       -600 [cent]       00         40       2n       08       00       01       00       -7F       MOD LFO2 TVF DEPTH       0       -2400 [cent]       00         40       2n       04       00       01       00       -7F       MOD LFO2 TVF DEPTH       0       -100.0 [%]       00         40       2n       04					
40       2n       05       00       00       01       00       7F       MOD LF01       TVF DEPTH       0       2400 [cent]       00         40       2n       06       00       01       00       7F       MOD LF01       TVA DEPTH       0       - 100.0       [X]       00         40       2n       06       00       01       00       7F       MOD LF02       PITK       0       - 10.0       + 10.0       [X]       40         40       2n       08       00       01       00       7F       MOD LF02       PITCH DEPTH       0       600       [cent]       00         40       2n       08       00       01       00       7F       MOD LF02       PITCH DEPTH       0       600       [cent]       00         40       2n       08       00       01       00       7F       MOD LF02       TVF DEPTH       0       2400 [cent]       00         40       2n       0A       00       01       00       7F       MOD LF02       TVA DEPTH       0       100.0       [X]       00         40       2n       0A       00       01       00       7F <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>					
40 2n 06       00 00 01       00 - 7F       MOD LF01 TVA DEPTH       0 - 100.0 [%]       00         40 2n 07       00 00 01       00 - 7F       MOD LF02 RATE CONTROL       -10.0 - +10.0 [Hz]       40         40 2n 08       00 00 01       00 - 7F       MOD LF02 RATE CONTROL       -10.0 - +10.0 [Hz]       40         40 2n 09       00 00 01       00 - 7F       MOD LF02 TVF DEPTH       0 - 600 [cent]       00         40 2n 08       00 00 01       00 - 7F       MOD LF02 TVF DEPTH       0 - 2400 [cent]       00         40 2n 0A       00 00 01       00 - 7F       MOD LF02 TVA DEPTH       0 - 100.0 [%]       00         40 2n 10       00 00 01       40 - 58       BEND PITCH CONTROL       0 - 24 [semitone]       42         40 2n 11       00 00 1       00 - 7F       BEND TVF CUTOFF CONTROL -9600 - +9600 [cent]       40         40 2n 12       00 00 1       00 - 7F       BEND AMPLITUBE CONTROL -9600 - +100.0 [%]       40					
40       2n       07       00       00       01       00       7F       MOD LF02 RATE CONTROL       -10.0       +10.0       [Hz]       40         40       2n       08       00       00       10       0       7F       MOD LF02 PITCH DEPTH       0       -600 [cent]       00         40       2n       09       00       00       10       0       7F       MOD LF02 TVF DEPTH       0       -2400 [cent]       00         40       2n       0A       00       00       01       00       -7F       MOD LF02 TVF DEPTH       0       -100.0 [%]       00         40       2n       0A       00       00       01       00       -7F       MOD LF02 TVF DEPTH       0       -2400 [cent]       00         40       2n       10       00       01       40       -58       BEND PITCH CONTROL       0       -24 [semitone]       42         40       2n       10       00       01       00       -7F       BEND TVF CUTOFF CONTROL       0       -49600 [cent]       40         40       2n       12       00       00       01       00       -7F       BEND AMPLITUDE CONTROL       -9600 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>					
40 2n 08       00 00 01       00 - 7F       MOD LF02 PITCH DEPTH       0 - 600 [cent]       00         40 2n 09       00 00 01       00 - 7F       MOD LF02 TVF DEPTH       0 - 2400 [cent]       00         40 2n 0A       00 00 01       00 - 7F       MOD LF02 TVF DEPTH       0 - 2400 [cent]       00         40 2n 10       00 00 01       40 - 58       BEND PITCH CONTROL       0 - 24 [semitone]       42         40 2n 11       00 00 01       00 - 7F       BEND TVF CUTOFF CONTROL -9600 - +9600 [cent]       40         40 2n 12       00 00 1       00 - 7F       BEND TVF CUTOFF CONTROL -9600 - +9600 [cent]       40					
40       2n       09       00       00       01       00       7F       MOD LF02       TVF DEPTH       0       - 2400 [cent]       00         40       2n       0A       00       01       00       - 7F       MOD LF02       TVA DEPTH       0       - 100.0 [X]       00         40       2n       10       00       01       40       - 58       BEND PITCH CONTROL       0       - 24 [semitone]       42         40       2n       11       00       00       10       0       - 7F       BEND TVF CUTOFF CONTROL       -9600       - +9600 [cent]       40         40       2n       12       00       00       01       00       - 7F       BEND AMPLITUDE CONTROL       -9600       - +100.0 [X]       40					
40 2n 0A       00 00 01       00 - 7F       MOD LF02 TVA DEPTH       0 - 100.0 [%]       00         40 2n 10       00 00 01       40 - 58       BEND PITCH CONTROL       0 - 24 [semitone]       42         40 2n 11       00 00 01       00 - 7F       BEND TVF CUTOFF CONTROL -9600 - +9600 [cent]       40         40 2n 12       00 00 01       00 - 7F       BEND AMPLITUDE CONTROL -9600 - +100.0 [%]       40					
40 2n 10       00 00 01       40 - 58       BEND PITCH CONTROL       0 - 24 [semitone]       42         40 2n 11       00 00 01       00 - 7F       BEND TVF CUTOFF CONTROL -9600 - +9600 [cent]       40         40 2n 12       00 00 01       00 - 7F       BEND AMPLITUDE CONTROL -100.0 - +100.0 [%]       40					
40 2n 11         00 00 01         00 - 7F         BEND TVF CUTOFF CONTROL -9600 - +9600 [cent]         40           40 2n 12         00 00 01         00 - 7F         BEND AMPLITUDE CONTROL -100.0 - +100.0 [%]         40					
40 2n 11         00 00 01         00 - 7F         BEND TVF CUTOFF CONTROL -9600 - +9600 [cent]         40           40 2n 12         00 00 01         00 - 7F         BEND AMPLITUDE CONTROL -100.0 - +100.0 [%]         40	40 2n 10 00 00 01	40 - 58	BEND PITCH CONTROL	0 - 24 [semitone]	42
40 2n 12 00 00 01 00 - 7F BEND AMPLITUDE CONTROL -100.0 - +100.0 [%] 40					
				· • · ·	

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40 2n 14	00 00 01	00 - 7F	BEND LFO1 PITCH DEPTH 0 - 600 [cent]
40 2n 15	00 00 01	00 - 7F	BEND LFO1 TVF DEPTH 0 - 2400 [cent]
40 2n 16	00 00 01	00 - 7F	BEND LFO1 TVA DEPTH 0 - 100.0 [%]
40 2n 17	00 00 01	00 - 7F	BEND LFO2 RATE CONTROL -10.0 - +10.0 [Hz]
40 2n 18	00 00 01	00 - 7F	BEND LFO2 PITCH DEPTH 0 - 600 [cent]
40 2n 19	00 00 01	00 - 7F	BEND LFO2 TVF DEPTH 0 - 2400 [cent]
40 2n 1A	00 00 01	00 - 7F	BEND LFO2 TVA DEPTH 0 - 100.0 [%]
40 2n 20	00 00 01	28 - 58	CAF PITCH CONTROL -24 - +24 [semitone]
40 2n 21	00 00 01	00 - 7F	CAF TVF CUTOFF CONTROL -9600 - +9600 [cent]
40 2n 22	00 00 01	00 - 7F	CAF AMPLITUDE CONTROL -100.0 - +100.0 [%]
40 2n 23	00 00 01	00 - 7F	CAF LFO1 RATE CONTROL -10.0 - +10.0 [Hz]
40 2n 24	00 00 01	00 - 7F	CAF LFO1 PITCH DEPTH 0 - 600 [cent]
40 2n 25	00 00 01	00 - 7F	CAf LF01 TVF DEPTH 0 - 2400 [cent]
40 2n 26	00 00 01	00 - 7F	CAT LFO1 TVA DEPTH 0 - 100.0 [%]
40 2n 27	00 00 01	00 - 7F	CAF LFO2 RATE CONTROL -10.0 - +10.0 [Hz]
40 2n 28	00 00 01	00 - 7F	CAI LFO2 PITCH DEPTH 0 - 600 [cent]
40 2n 29	00 00 01	00 - 7F	CAT LFO2 TVF DEPTH 0 - 2400 [cent]
40 2n 2A	00 00 01	00 - 7F	CAF LFO2 TVA DEPTH 0 - 100.0 [%]
			PAf PITCH CONTROL -24 - +24 [semitone]
40 2n 30	00 00 01 .		PAI TVF CUTOFF CONTROL -9600 - +9600 [cent]
40 2n 31	00 00 01 00 00 01	00 - 7F 00 - 7F	PAT AMPLITUDE CONTROL -100.0 - +100.0 [%]
40 2n 32		00 - 7F 00 - 7F	PAT LF01 RATE CONTROL -100.0 - +10.0 [Hz]
40 2n 33	00 00 01 00 00 01	00 - 7F	PAT LFOT RATE CONTROL 10.0 [ne.0 [he]]
40 2n 34 40 2n 35	00 00 01	00 - 7F	PAT LFOI TVF DEPTH 0 - 2400 [cent]
40 2n 35 40 2n 36	00 00 01	00 - 7F	PAT LFOI TVA DEPTH 0 - 100.0 [%]
40 2n 30 40 2n 37	00 00 01	00 - 7F	PAT LF02 RATE CONTROL -10.0 - +10.0 [Hz]
40 2n 37 40 2n 38	00 00 01	00 - 7F	PAf LF02 PITCH DEPTH 0 - 600 [cent]
40 2n 39	00 00 01	00 - 7F	PAf LFO2 TVF DEPTH 0 - 2400 [cent]
40 2n 3A	00 00 01	00 - 7F	PAT LFO2 TVA DEPTH 0 - 100.0 [%]
40 2n 40	00 00 01	28 - 58	CC1 PITCH CONTROL -24 - +24 [semitone]
40 2n 41	00 00 01	00 - 7F	CC1 TVF CUTOFF CONTROL -9600 - +9600 [cent]
40 2n 42	00 00 01	00 - 7F	CC1 AMPLITUDE CONTROL -100.0 - +100.0 [%]
40 2n 43	00 00 01	00 - 7F	CC1 LF01 RATE CONTROL -10.0 - +10.0 [Hz]
40 2n 44	00 00 01	00 - 7F	CC1 LF01 PITCH DEPTH 0 - 600 [cent]
40 2n 45	00 00 01	00 7F	CC1 LF01 TVF DEPTH 0 - 2400 [cent]
40 2n 46	00 00 01	00 - 7F	CC1 LF01 TVA DEPTH 0 - 100.0 [%]
40 2n 47	00 00 01	00 - 7F	CC1 LF02 RATE CONTROL -10.0 - +10.0 [Hz]
40 2n 48	00 00 01	00 - 7F	CC1 LF02 PITCH DEPTH 0 - 600 [cent]
40 2n 49	00 00 01	00 - 7F	CC1 LF02 TVF DEPTH 0 - 2400 [cent]
40 2n 4A	00 00 01	00 - 7F	CC1 LF02 TVA DEPTH 0 - 100.0 [%]
10 0- 50	00 00 01	00 - ED	
40 2n 50	00 00 01	28 - 58 00 - 75	CC2 PITCH CONTROL -24 - +24 [semitone] CC2 TVF CUTOFF CONTROL -9600 - +9600 [cent]
40 2n 51	00 00 01	00 - 7F 00 - 7F	CC2 AMPLITUDE CONTROL -100.0 - +100.0 [%]
40 2n 52	00 00 01 00 00 01	00 - 7F 00 - 7F	CC2 LF01 RATE CONTROL -10.0 - +10.0 [Hz]
40 2n 53	00 00 01	00 - 7F	CC2 LFOI RATE CONTROL 0 - 500 [cent]
40 2n 54 40 2n 55	00 00 01	00 - 7F	CC2 LFOI TVF DEPTH 0 - 2400 [cent]
40 2n 55 40 2n 56	00 00 01	00 - 7F	CC2 LF01 TVA DEPTH 0 - 100.0 [%]
40 2n 50 40 2n 57	00 00 01	00 - 7F	CC2 LF02 RATE CONTROL -10.0 - +10.0 [Hz]
40 2n 57 40 2n 58	00 00 01	00 - 7F	CC2 LF02 PITCH DEPTH 0 - 600 [cent]
40 2n 59	00 00 01	00 - 7F	CC2 LF02 TVF DEPTH 0 - 2400 [cent]
40 2n 5A	00 00 01	00 - 7F	CC2 LFO2 TVA DEPTH 0 - 100.0 [%]
40 211 UN	00 00 01	<b>UU</b> 11	

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#### [ INFORMATION ] ----- RQ1 ONLY -----

τ.

\*r:ROM number (0 - 2)

Ad	dre	ss (H)	SIZE(H)	Data (H)	Parameter	Description	
40	30 :	00 #	00 00 20	20 - 7F	SYSTEM INFORMATION	ASCII Character "GS Standard VER=1.11	
40	:	# # 1F#				47 53 20 53 74 61 6E 64 61 72 64 20 20 56 45 52 3D 31 2E 31 31 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20	

#### [ DRUM SETUP PARAMETER ]

\* m : Map number (0 = MAP1, 1 = MAP2) \* rr : drums part key number (00 - 7F)

41	n0	00	00	00	OC	 20	- 7	 F	DRUMS MAP NAME	Description ASCII Character
41	m0	# 0B#								
41	n1	rr	.00	00	01	00	- 7	F	PLAY KEY NUMBER	
41	<b>m</b> 2	rr	00	00	01	00	- 7	F	LEVEL	(=Bx 63 18 62 rr 06 vv) TVA level
41	n3	rr	00	00	01	00	- 7	F	ASSIGN GROUP	<pre>&gt;&gt; (=Bx 63 1A 62 rr 06 vv) Non, 1 - 127</pre>
41	n4	rr	00	00	01	00	- 7	F	NUMBER PANPOT	Random, -63 (LEFT) - +63 (RIGHT)
41	m5	rr	00	00	01	00	- 7	F	REVERB DEPTH	(=Bx 63 1C 62 rr 06 vv) 0.0 - 1.0 Multiplicand of the part reverb depth
41	<b>n6</b>	rr	00	00	01	00	- 7	F	CHORUS DEPTH	(=Bx 63 1D 62 rr 06 vv) 0.0 - 1.0
41	n7	rг	00	00	01	.00	- 0	1 .	Rx. NOTE OFF	Multiplicand of the part chorus depth OFF / ON
41	m8	rr	00	00	01	00	- 0	1	Rx. NOTE ON	OFF / ON

--- PATCH ALL (64 + (112 \* 16) = 0x740 byte) --- 0x740 \* 2 (nibblize) = 1D 00 (MIDI) Address(H) S1ZE(H) Data(H) Parameter Description

48 00 00 1D 00 | # 29 packets 48 1C 7F#

--- PATCH COMMON (64 = 0x40 byte) --- 0x40 \* 2 (nibblize) = 01 00 (MIDI)

Address (H)	SIZE(H)	Data (H)	Parameter	Description	
șevernatere	225222222222		****************	****************	
					•
48 00 00 0	0 01 00				

48 00 7F#

1 packet

		•		
PATCH PART 0x70 * 2 (ni	$\Gamma  (112 = 0x7)$	0 byte) 60 (MIDI)		49 mA 00 00 02 00   CHORUS DEPTH 2 packet
				49 mB 7F
dress(H) SIZE(H)	Data (H)	Parameter	Description	49 mC 00 00 02 00
				Rx. NOTE ON/OFF 2 packet
01 00 00 01 60			and a second	and the second
1 # 02 5F#	PART10		2 packet	49 mE 00 00 00 18
				DRUM MAP NAME 1 packet
02 50 00 01 60	PART1		2 packet	49 mE 17
04 3F#	1 10(12			na an a
				m: map number (0 - 1)
04 40 00 01 60	PART2		2 packet	
05 1F#				
05 20 00 01 60				and the second
. #	PARTS		2 packet	Micro Edit
07 7F#				Parameter values used in exclusive messages can be modified directly by using panel procedure
08 00 00 01 60				* While in the Micro Edit status, press the INSTRUMENT buttons (
#	PART4		2 packet	transmit the displayed parameter values from MIDI OUT.
09 5F#				Alighting Bustom Drim Ret and All Bast segmentations
09 60 00 01 60				Modifying System, Drum Set, and All Part parameters > ① After turning the ALL button indicator on, press the PART buttons ( and ) simult
#	PART5	· · · ·	2 packet	
OB 3F#				2) Press ALL and MUTE quickly two times simultaneously. The value (hexidecimal numb
OB 40 00 01 60				will be shown in the upper section of the display indicating the Micro Edit status.
# OD 1F#	PARTS		2 packet	(3) Use ALL MUTE to select parameter address that you want to modify (in the Drum Set's of use PART 4 b cleet the key number).
UD 11#	•			() Use INSTRUMENT () to modify the value.
OD 20 00 01 80	PART7		2 packet	⑤ After pressing ALL and MUTE simultaneously, press the PART buttons (◀ and ►
# 0E 7F#	FAR! /		1 Monor	finalize.
	a sanahira a			< Modifying parameters that can be set for each part >
OF 00 00 01 60	PARTS		2 packet	① After turning the ALL button indicator off, press the PART buttons (◀ and ►) simult
10 5F#				ousiy.
10 80 .00 01 60				Press <u>ALL</u> and <u>MUTE</u> quickly two times simultaneously. The value (hexidecimal numi will be shown in the upper section of the display indicating the Micro Edit status.
#	PARTS		2 packet	(3) Use PART () b is select the part.
12 3F#	• 1 <sup>•</sup> •			( Use ALL MUTE) to select the parameter address that you want to modify.
12 40 00 01 60				Use INSTRUMENT      Ise to modify the value.
1 # 2	PART11		2 packet	(b) After pressing ALL and MUTE simultaneously, press the PART buttons ( and finalize.
14 1F#			•	Intelize,
14 20 00 01 60			1. A.	
15 7F#	PART12		2 packet	
10 //#				
16 00 00 01 60	D.10710		2 packet	
17 5F#	PART13		2 packet	
1997 - 1998 1997 - 1998		201		
17 60 00 01 60 ; #	PART14		2 packet	n an an ann an an ann an an an ann an an
19 3F#	1 1011 27			
19 40 00 01 60	PART15		2 packet	and a second
1B 1F#		e.	-	
1B 20 00 01 60				$= \left\{ \left\{ \left\{ 1 \leq i \leq n \right\}, \left\{ 1 \leq i < n $
#	PART16		2 packet	
1C 7F#			•	
1				

----- DRUM MAP PARAMETER(128 = 80h) 0x80 \* 2(nibbilize) = 00 02 00 (MIDI)

Address (H)	S IZE (R)	·····································	
49 m0 00 i	00 02 00	PLAY KEY NUMBER	2 packet
49 ml 7F			
49 m2 00   49 m3 7F	00 02 00	LEVEL	2 packet
49 m4 00   49 m5 7F	00 02 00 Number	ASSIGN GROUP	2 packet
49 m6 00 <sup>°</sup> 49 m7 7F	00 02, 00	PANPOT	2 packet
49 m8 00   49 m9 7F	00 02 00	REVERB DEPTH	2 packet

## MIDI SOUND GENERATOR

# MIDI Implementation Chart

Date : Jan. 25 1991

Model SC-55

Version : 1.00

	- Function •••	Transmitted <sup>-</sup>	Recognized	Remarks
Basic Channel	Default Changed	×	1 - 16 - 1 - 16 each	- Memorized
Mode	Default Messages Altered	× × *****	Mode 3 Mode 3, 4 (m = 1)	* 2
Note Number	True Voice	× *****	0 - 127 0 - 127	
Velocity	Note ON Note OFF	$ \begin{array}{c} \mathbf{X} \\ = & \sum_{\substack{\alpha \in \mathcal{A}_{1}, \dots, \alpha \in \mathcal{A}_{n} \\ \alpha \in \mathcal{A}_{1} \\ \alpha \in \mathcal{A}_{2} \\ \alpha \in \mathcal{A}_{1} \\ \alpha \in \mathcal{A}_{2} \\ \alpha \in \mathcal{A}_{$	O X	
After Touch	Key's Ch's	<ul> <li>The second second</li></ul>	*1 *1	1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 -
Pitch Bend	er er av der		* 1	Resolusion : 12 bit
Control Change	0, 32 1 5 6, 38 7 10 11 64 65 66 67 91 93 98, 99 100, 101 120 121	<ul> <li>X reaction of a comparison of a c</li></ul>	* 3 (MSB only) * 1 * 3 * 3 * 1 * 1 * 1 * 1 * 1 * 1 * 1 * 3 (Reverb) * 3 (Chorus) * 1 * 1 O	Bank select Modulation Portamento time Data entry Volume Panpot Expression Hold1 Portamento Sostenuto Soft Effect1 depth Effect3 depth NRPN LSB, MSB RPN LSB, MSB All sounds off Reset all controllers
Prog Change	True #	× ****	* 1 0 – 127	
System Exc	blusive	0	0	
System Common	Song Pos Song Sel Tune	× × ×	× × ×	
System Real Time	Clock Commands	× ×	× ×	and the second
Aux Messages	Local ON/OFF All Notes OFF Active Sense Reset	× × O ×	× O (123 – 127) O ×	
Notes		*1 ○× can be selecta *2 Recognize as m = 1 *3 ○× can be selectate		witch control change (all)

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# How to read the MIDI Implementation chart

O : MIDI messages that can be transmitted or received

× : MIDI messages that cannot be transmitted or received

#### Basic Channel

The MIDI channel for transmitting (receiving) MIDI messages can be specified over this range. The MIDI channel setting is remembered even when the power is turned off.

#### Mode

Most recent keyboards use mode 3 (omni off, poly). Reception : MIDI messages are received only on the specified channels, and played polyphonically. Transmission : All musical data is transmitted on the specified MIDI channel. \* "Mode" refers to MIDI Mode messages.

#### Note Number

This is the range of note numbers that can be transmitted (received. Note number 60 is middle C (C4))

#### Velocity

This is the range over which velocity can be transmitted (received) by Note On and Note Off messages.

#### Aftertouch

Key's : polyphonic aftertouch Ch's : channel aftertouch

#### Pitch Bender

Set the receiving range of Pitch Bender messages by using Bend Range of each part.

#### Control Change

This indicates the control numbers that can be transmitted (received), and what they will control. For details, refer to the MIDI Implementation.

#### Program Change

The program change numbers in the chart indicate the actual data. (This is one less than the instrument program numbers.)

#### Exclusive

Exclusive message reception can be turned on/off by the exclusive message receiving switch.

#### ●Common, Realtime

These MIDI messages are used to synchronize sequencers and rhythm machines. The Sound Canvas does not use these messages.

#### Other

These messages are mainly used to keep a MIDI system running correctly. Active sensing transmission can be turned on/off.

# SPECIFICATIONS

# SC-55 Sound Canvas

(GS standard response)

## □ Sound Canvas

• Number of parts 16 (Two parts can be set in the drum part)

Maximum Polyphony
 24 (partials)

• Effects Reverb Chorus

• Display 70.6 x 24.5mm (backlit LCD)

## Connectors

MIDI connectors (IN  $\times$  2, OUT, THRU) Audio Input jack  $\times$  2 (L, R) Audio Output jack  $\times$  2 (L, R) Headphone jack

Power supply
 DC 9V (AC adaptor)

• Current Draw 500 mA

#### Dimensions

218 (W)  $\times$  44 (D)  $\times$  297 (H) mm 8-9/16 (W)  $\times$  11-11/16 (D)  $\times$  1-3/4 (H) inches half-rack size

#### • Weight

1.4 kg 3.1 lbs

## Remote control unit

• Operating range Distance: approximately 5 m Angle: 40 degrees

• Power supply DC 3V (CR2025 lithium battery)

● Dimensions 54 (W) × 4.9 (D) × 85.5 (H) mm 2-1/8 (W) × 3/16 (D) × 3-3/8 (H) inches

## □ Accessories

Owner's manual AC adaptor MIDI cable (1 m) x 1 Remote control unit Lithium battery (CR2025) Audio cable (RCA pin ↔ RCA pin <1/4 inch phone type>)

\* The included MIDI cable is for MIDI only. It cannot be used for other purposes.

## Options

Rack mount adaptor (RAD-50)

\* The specifications for this product are subject to change without prior notice.

	SFX	PAICCRS		Ethnic		Synth SFX		Synth pad etc.		Synth lead		ripe		Lead		Drass		Ensemble		Strings/orchestra		Bass		Guitar	) ••••	Urgan		Percussion	Chromatic	Piano		
	121 Gt. GretNoise	Tinkle Bell	113	Sitar	105	Ice Rain	76	Fantasia	89	Square Wave	18	Piccolo	73	Soprano sax	65	Trumpet	57	Strings	49	Violin	41	Acoustic Bs.	33	Nylon-str. Gt	25	Organ 1	7	Celesta	9	Piano 1	ľ	SO
	3		(I)		Ξ		2		ଛ		2		Э	•	Э		Ξ		Ξ		Ξ		Ξ	:	Ξ		Э		Ξ		Э	
	122 Gl. Kkeyclick	Agogo	114	Banjo	106	Soundtrack	98	Warm Pad	90	Saw Wave	82	Flute	74	Alto sax	68	Trombone	58	Slow Strings	50	Viola	42	Fingered Bs.	34	Steel-Str. Gt	26	Organ 2	18	Glockenspiel	10	Piano 2	10	
	Ξ		Ξ		Э		3		Э	105	3		Ξ		Э		Ξ		(1)		Э		Э		Э		Э		Э		Э	C
	123 Seashore	Steel Drums	115	Shamisen	107	Crystal	89	Polysynth	16	Syn. Calliope	83	Recorder	75	Tenor sax	67	Tuba	59	Syn. Strings1	51	Cello	43	Picked Bs.	35	Jazz Gt.	27	Organ 3	19	Music Box	1	Piano 3	3	CUNICIS
	3		÷Э	 	Э		ହ	346) 	2		ତ		Ξ		Ξ		Ξ		Э		Э		Э		Э		Ξ		Э		Э	V
	124 (2) Bird	Woodblock	(1)	Koto	(1)	Atmosphere	100 (2)	Space Voice		Chiffer Lead	84 (2)	Pan flute	76 (1)	Baritone sax	(1)	MutedTrumpet	<u>60</u> (1)	Syn. Strings2	52 (2)	Contrabass	44 (1)	Fretless Bs.	30 (1)	Clean Gt.	28 (1)	Church Org. 1	20 (1)	Vibraphone	(1)	Honky-Tonk Piano	4 (2)	
- I	Telephone 1	Taiko	117	Kalimba	109	Brightness	101	Bowed Glass	69	Charang	85	Bottle Blow	77	Oboe	69	French Horn	61	Choir Aahs	53	Tremolo Str	45	Slap Bs. 1	37	Muted Gt.	28	Reed Organ	21	Marimba	13	E. Piano 1	σ	
	3		Ξ		Ξ		2	aang	2		2	-	2		Ξ		<u>(</u> 2)		(1)		Ξ		Ξ		Ξ		Ξ		Ξ		Ξ	Ż
re- reaction instruments for variation instruments see D 68	126 Helicopter	Melo Tom 1	118	Bag Pipe	011	Goblin	102	Metal Pad	94	Solo Vox	88	Shakuhachi	78	English Horn	70	Brass 1	62	Voice Oohs	54	PizzicatoStr	46	Slap Bs. 2	86	Overdrive Gt	30	Accordion Fr	22	Xylophone	14	E. Piano 2	8	
	Ξ		Э		(1)		2		(2)		2		2		Э		Э		(1)		(1)		(1)	 	(1)		(2)		(1)		(1)	
	Applause	Synth Drum	119	Fiddle	111	Echo Drops	103	Halo Pad	95	5th Saw Wave	87	Whistle	79	Bassoon	71	Synth Brass1	63	SynVox	55	Harp	47	Synth Bass 1	39	DistortionGt	31	Harmonica	23	Tubular-bell	15	Harpsichord		
vistion	(2)		(1)		Ξ		Ξ		2		2		Ξ		Ξ	-	3	:	Ξ		Ξ	29 ( S	Ξ	- 131	Ξ		Э		Ξ		(1)	Instr
	128 Gun Shot	Reverse Cym.	120	Shanai	112	Star Theme	104	Sweep Pad	96	Bass&Lead	88	Ocarina	80	Clarinet	72	Synth Brass2	64	OrchestraHit	56	Timpani	48	Synth Bass 2	40	Gt. Harmonics	32	Bandneon	24	Santur	16	Clav.	8	Instrument name
ק	(1)		2		Ξ		$\overline{\mathbf{N}}$		Ξ		$\widehat{\mathbf{N}}$		Э		Э		2		29		Э		Э		Ξ		2		Э		Ξ	J

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# SOUND CONVOS DRUM SET TABLE

Note number	1:Standard Set 33:Jazz Set	9:Room Set	17:Power Set	25:Electronic Set	26:TR-808 Set	41:Brush Set	49:Orchestra Set
	High Q	1					Closed HI-Hat [EXC1
	Slap						Pedal Hi-Hat [EXC1
V	Scratch Push	an a standiger for an and second as	en alexandra en 🦉 esta	and the second sec	al an Access of Actor		Open Hi-Hat (EXC1
23	Scratch Pull						Hide Cymbai
SCN 1	Sticks				그 관계 및 표매한 것		
	Square Click					5 U.S	
			alter a starter a	a and a second			
	Metronome Click						
or	Metronome Bell				4 3		Concert BD 2
Sugar .	Kick Drum 2		MONDOWN	Classific	808 Bass Drum		Concert BD 1
30	Kick Drum 1		MONDO Kick	Elec BD	808 Bass Drun 808 Rim Shot		
	Side Stick						Concert SD
	Snare Drum 1		Gated SD	Elec SD	808 Snare Drum	Brush Tap	Castanets
	Hand Clap					Brush Slap	
40	Snare Drum 2			Gated SD		Brush Swiri	Concert SD
41	Low Tom 2	Room Low Tom 2	Room Low Tom 2	Elec Low Tom 2	808 Low Torn 2		Timpani F
42	Closed Hi - hat [EXC1]				808 CHH (EXC1)		Timpani F#
43	Low Tom 1	Room Low Tom 1	Room Low Tom 1	Elec Low Tom 1	808 Low Tom 1		Timpani G
	Pedal Hi - hāt [EXC1]	T		<u> </u>	808 CHH [EXC1]		Timpani O#
45	Mid Tom 2	Room Mid Tom 2	Room Mid Torn 2	Elec Mid Tom 2	808 Mid Tom 2		Timpani A
46	Open Hi – hat [EXC1]	T			80B OHH [EXC1]		Timpani A#
47	Mid Tom 1	Room Mid Tom 1	Room Mid Tom 1	Elec Mid Tom 1	808 Mkl Tom 1	la sere	Timpani B
	High Tom 2	Room Hi Torn 2	Room Hi Tarn 2	Elec HI Tom 2	808 HI Tom 2	and the second second	Timpani c
48 49			1		808 Cymbal		Timpani c#
A CONTRACTOR OF	Crash Cymbal 1	Room Hi Tom 1	Room Hi Tom 1	Elec Hi Tom 1	808 HI Tom 1		Timpani d
50	High Tom 1	Production 101110				4 	Timpani d#
52 51	Ride Cymbal 1		1988 10 0.572 40.65 1998 10 0.572 40.65	Reverse Cymbal			Timpani e
Y-	Chinese Cymbal			THE VEIDE WYTHWEI			Timpani f
53	Ride Bell				<u></u>		
754	Tambourine						+
55	Splash Cymbal						+
	Cowbell				808 Cowbell	§	
57	Crash Cymbal 2						Concert Cymbal 2
:58	Vibra - slap	A				and the second sec	
59	Ride Cymbal 2						Concert Cymbal 1
	High Bongo						3 (1997) - 245 - 2 3
60	Low Bongo	1 g. 201 G. (1977)	U 1 1 6397 -				
62	Mute High Conga	1			808 High Conga		
63	Open High Conga				808 Mid Conga		
64	Low Conga				808 Low Conga		-
				t		1	
65	High Timbale					1	19 J.
	Low Timbale	and the second	ter a sum a sum a succession and suc			1	
67	High Agogo						
.68	Low Agogo					1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
69	Cabasa				808 Maracas		
71 70	Maracas		Part of the second state	and the second s	COCKIG BUILD	Barland Child	-
	Short Hi Whistle [EXC2]			5.	<u></u>		
72	Long Low Whistle [EXC2]					<u> </u>	
	Short Guiro [EXC3]			<u> </u>			
74	Long Guiro [EXC3]				-		
7.5	Claves				808 Claves	۹ <u>ـــــ</u>	
76	High Wood Block	A				1	
77	Low Wood Block	1. A. C.		-323	이 문서 이 가지 않는 것이 같아.		
77 78	Mute Cuica [EXC4]				1 39 2 323 5	Second Second	
79	Open Cuica [EXC4]			이 가슴 가 같은 것			
	Mute Triangle [EXC5]		Street and the second street			10.00 <u>5.00</u> 1	
81	Open Triangle [EXC5]				•	1	
82							
83 82	Shaker						
15	Jingle Bell						1
	Belitree						
84					1		1
	Castanets					+	
84 86	Castanets Mute Surdo [EXC6] Open Surdo [EXC6]						

[EXC]

: Same as the percussion sound of "Standard" Blank ---- : No sound

\*In addition to the above, the SFX set and CM-32L (CM-64) set are also available (OP.71).

: Percussion sound of the same number will not be heard at the same time.

- For the U.K. -

IMPORTANT: THE WIRES IN THIS MAINS LEAD ARE COLOURED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE FOLLOWING CODE.

BLUE : NEUTRAL BROWN : LIVE

As the colours of the wires in the mains lead of this apparatus may not correspond with the coloured markings identifying the terminals in your plug proceed as follows:

The wire which is coloured BLUE must be connected to the terminal which is marked with the letter N or coloured BLACK. The wire which is coloured BROWN must be connected to the terminal which is marked with the letter L or coloured RED.

For Nordic Countries

## Apparatus containing Lithium batteries

#### ADVARSEL!

Lithiumbatteri - Eksplosionsfare ved fejlagtig håndtering Udskiftning må kun ske med batteri af samme fabrikat og type. Levér det brugte batteri tilbage til leverandøren.

ADVARSEL!

Lithiumbatteri - Eksplosjonsfare. Ved utskifting benyttes kun batteri som anbefalt av apparatfabrikanten. Brukt batteri returneres apparatleverandøren.

#### VARNING!

Explosionsfara vid felaktigt batteribyte. Använd samma batterityp eller en ekvivalent typ som rekommenderas av apparattillverkaren. Kassera använt batteri enligt fabrikantens instruktion.

#### **VAROITUS!**

Paristo voi räjähtää, jos se on virheellisesti asennettu. Vaihda paristo ainoastaan laitevalmistajan suosittelemaan tyyppiin. Hävitä käytetty paristo valmistajan ohjeiden mukaisesti.

For Germany

# **Bescheinigung des Herstellers/Importeurs**

Hiermit wird bescheinigt, daß der/die/das

**Roland Sound Canvas SC-55** 

in Übereinstimmung mit den Bestimmungen der

Amtsbl. Vfg 1046/1984

(Amtsblattverfügung)

#### funk-entstört ist.

(Gerät. Typ. Bezeichnung)

Der Deutschen Bundespost wurde das Inverkehrbringen dieses Gerätes angezeigt und die Berechtigung zur Überprüfung der Serie auf Einhaltung der Bestimmungen eingeräumt.

Roland Corporation Osaka/Japan

Name des Herstellers/Importeurs

## **RADIO AND TELEVISION INTERFERENCE**

This equipment has been verified to comply with the limits for a Class B computing device, pursuant to Subpart J, of Part 15, of FCC rules. Operation with WARNING non-certified or non-verified equipment is likely to result in interference to radio and TV reception.

The equipment described in this manual generates and uses radio frequency energy. If it is not installed and used property, that is, in strict accordance with our instructions, it may cause interference with radio and television reception. This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B computing device in accordance it may cause interior to the most of a base of the second s However, there is no guarantee that the interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause interference to radio or television reception, which rowson, user is no guarantee that the intervience will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause intervenence to radio of televisit can be determined by turning the equipment on and off, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by the following measure: • Disconnect other devices and their input/output cables one at a time. If the interference stops, it is caused by either the other device or its I/O cable.

Description of the provide the manual designated shielded I/O cables. For Roland devices, you can obtain the proper shielded cable from your dealer. For non Roland

- devices, contact the manufacturer or dealer for assistance. If your equipment does cause interference to radio or television reception, you can try to correct the interference by using one or more of the following measures.
- Turn the TV or radio antenna until the interference stops
- Move the equipment to one side or the other of the TV or radio.
- Move the equipment farther away from the TV or radio.

Blug the equipment into an outlet that is on a different circuit than the TV or radio. (That is, make certain the equipment and the radio or television set are on circuits controlled by different circuit breakers or fuses.)

Trolled by dimerent circuit preakers or uses.) Consider installing a cooftop television antenna with coaxial cable lead-in between the antenna and TV. If necessary, you should consult your dealer or an experienced radio/television technician for additional suggestions. You may find helpful the following booklet prepared by the Federal Communications Commission: "How to Identify and Resolve Radio — TV Interference Problems" This booklet is available from the U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C., 20402, Stock No. 004-000-00345-4.

For Canada-

- For the USA -

#### CLASS B

#### NOTICE

This digital apparatus does not exceed the Class B limits for radio noise emissions set out in the Radio Interference Regulations of the Canadian Department of Communications.

#### CLASSE B

AVIS Cet appareil numérique ne dépasse pas les limites de la classe B au niveau des émissions de bruits radioélectriques fixés dans le Réglement des signaux parasites par le ministère canadien des Communications.

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UND CONVOS MIDI SOUND GENERATOR SC-55

# **Roland Corporation**