Personal Computer

Installing Options in Your Personal Computer

PC 300GL Type 6591

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Note

Before using this information and the product it supports, be sure to read the general information under Appendix C, "Notices" on page 88.

Second Edition (January 1998)

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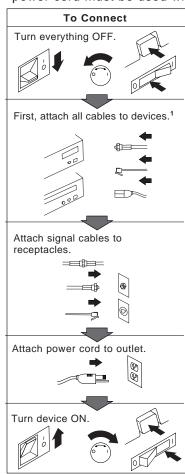
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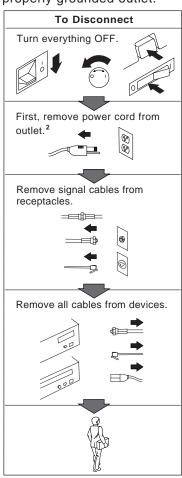
Safety Information



Electrical current from power, telephone, and communication cables is hazardous. To avoid shock hazard, connect and disconnect cables as shown below when installing, moving or opening the covers of this product or attached devices. The power cord must be used with a properly grounded outlet.



¹ In the U.K., by law, the telephone cable must be connected after the power cord.



² In the U.K., by law, the power cord must be disconnected after the telephone line cable.

Laser Compliance Statement

Some IBM Personal Computer models are equipped from the factory with a CD-ROM drive. CD-ROM drives are also sold separately as options. The CD-ROM drive is a laser product. The CD-ROM drive is certified in the U.S. to conform to the requirements of the Department of Health and Human Services 21 Code of Federal Regulations (DHHS 21 CFR) Subchapter J for Class 1 laser products. Elsewhere, the drive is certified to conform to the requirements of the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) 825 and CENELEC EN 60 825 for Class 1 laser products.

When a CD-ROM drive is installed, note the following.

CAUTION:

Use of controls or adjustments or performance of procedures other than those specified herein might result in hazardous radiation exposure.

Opening the CD-ROM drive could result in exposure to hazardous laser radiation. There are no serviceable parts inside the CD-ROM drive. **Do not open.**

Some CD-ROM drives contain an embedded Class 3A or Class 3B laser diode. Note the following.

DANGER

Laser radiation when open. Do not stare into the beam, do not view directly with optical instruments, and avoid direct exposure to the beam.

Lithium Battery Notice

CAUTION:

Danger of explosion if battery is incorrectly replaced.

When replacing the battery, use only IBM Part Number 33F8354 or an equivalent type battery recommended by the manufacturer. The battery contains lithium and can explode if not properly used, handled, or disposed of.

Do not:

- Throw or immerse into water
- Heat to more than 100°C (212°F)
- · Repair or disassemble

Dispose of the battery as required by local ordinances or regulations.

ATTENTION

Danger d'explosion en cas de remplacement incorrect de la batterie.

Remplacer uniquement par une batterie IBM de type 33F8354 ou d'un type équivalent recommandé par le fabricant. La batterie contient du lithium et peut exploser en cas de mauvaise utilisation, de mauvaise manipulation ou de mise au rebut inappropriée.

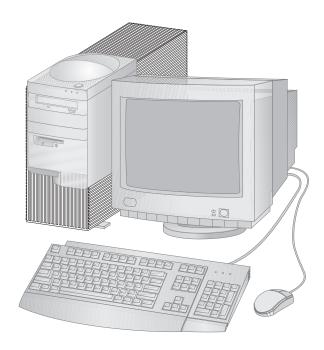
Ne pas :

- · Lancer ou plonger dans l'eau
- Chauffer à plus de 100°C (212°F)
- Réparer ou désassembler

Mettre au rebut les batteries usagées conformément aux règlements locaux.

About This Book

Thank you for selecting an IBM Personal Computer.



This book provides instructions for installing, removing, and replacing most options. Also, this book contains information to help you decide which options to add to your computer.

Note: The illustrations in this publication might be slightly different from your hardware.

How This Book Is Organized

This book contains the following chapters and appendixes:

- Chapter 1, "Overview" provides an introduction to the options and features for your computer. Safety precautions and handling techniques are discussed along with the required tools you will need to install and remove options.
- Chapter 2, "Preparing to Install and Remove Options" provides instructions for removing the cover and cables for your computer and for locating the components you want to work with.
- Chapter 3, "Working with Options on the System Board" provides instructions for locating, accessing, and working with options on the system board.
- Chapter 4, "Working with Adapters" provides instructions for installing and removing adapters.
- Chapter 5, "Working with Internal Drives" provides instructions for installing and removing drives.
- Chapter 6, "Working with Security Options" describes features such as the security U-bolt and erasing lost or forgotten passwords. Information on diskette-write protection is also provided.
- Chapter 7, "Completing the Installation" provides instructions for reassembling your computer after you have finished installing options. Information about using the Configuration/Setup Utility program is also provided.
- Appendix A, "Changing the Battery" explains how to change your computer backup battery and the precautions to take when handling and disposing of the battery.
- · Appendix B, "Interrupt and DMA Resources" contains the default interrupt and direct memory access (DMA) resources for your computer.
- Appendix C, "Notices" contains IBM notices and trademark information.

Related Publications

The following publications, together with this book, contain information about your computer.

- Setting Up Your Personal Computer
 This publication contains instructions to help you set up your computer.
- *Using Your Personal Computer*This publication contains the following:
 - Instructions for configuring, operating, and maintaining your computer
 - Information on diagnosing and solving computer problems and how to get help and service
 - Warranty information
- Understanding Your Personal Computer
 This online publication includes general information about using personal computers and in-depth information about the specific features of your computer.
- About Your Software
 This publication (provided only with computers that have IBM-preinstalled software) contains information about the preinstalled software package.
- Your Ready-to-Configure Utility Program CD

 This publication contains information about the Ready-to-Configure CD for your computer. The publication also contains instructions for starting the CD.

The following publications contain more information about your computer.

Hardware Maintenance Manual
 This separately purchased publication contains information for trained service technicians. To obtain a copy, refer to the section on ordering publications in the "Getting Help, Service, and Information" chapter in *Using Your Personal Computer*. It is also available on the World Wide Web at

http://www.us.pc.ibm.com/cdt/hmm.html

• Technical Information Manual This publication is only available on the World Wide Web, at http://www.us.pc.ibm.com/support/desktop/desktop_support.html It contains more information about the technical aspects of your computer.

Chapter 1. Overview

Adding hardware options to your computer is an easy way to increase its capabilities. Instructions for removing, installing, and replacing options are included in this book. When adding an option, use these instructions along with the instructions that come with the option. If you have installed options before, you might be able to perform some activities without detailed instructions.

This chapter provides a brief introduction to the options and features that are available for your computer. Also, important information about required tools, electrical safety, and static-sensitive devices is included.

Important -

Before you install or remove any option, read the safety procedures and component-handling guidelines in this chapter. These precautions and guidelines will help you work safely.

Refer to *Using Your Personal Computer* for general information on the use, operation, and maintenance of your computer. *Using Your Personal Computer* also contains information to help you solve problems and get repair service or other technical assistance.

Available Options and Features

The following are some of the available options and features that are discussed in this book:

- System board components
 - System memory, called dual in-line memory modules (DIMMs)
 - Microprocessor upgrades
 - Jumper for clearing CMOS and erasing lost or forgotten passwords
 - Jumper for flash recovery
 - Battery
- Adapters
 - Industry standard architecture (ISA) adapters
 - Peripheral component interconnect (PCI) adapters
- · Internal drives
 - CD-ROM
 - Hard disk
- Security U-bolt

The following are some additional options and features that are available for your computer. For more information, refer to the documentation that comes with the option.

- Your computer can be remotely started using an optional network adapter that supports Wake on LAN. For more information on Wake on LAN, see Using Your Personal Computer.
- In some models, an audio adapter is preinstalled in one of the ISA slots. The
 audio adapter is SoundBlaster compatible and provides a musical instrument
 digital interface (MIDI) for connecting game controls or electronic musical
 devices. Also, ports are provided for connecting powered speakers, an audio
 input device such as a CD-ROM, and a microphone.
- To help with power management, you can add a modem and have your computer start when a ring is detected by the modem. Using an internal modem, you can use the Configuration/Setup Utility program to enable *Modem Ring Detect*, or using an external modem, you can enable *Serial Port Ring Detect*. For more information, see *Using Your Personal Computer*.

IBM provides help in selecting drives, cables, and other options for your computer. For the latest information about available options:

- Within the United States, call 1-800-IBM-2YOU (1-800-426-2968), your IBM reseller, or IBM marketing representative.
- Within Canada, call 1-800-565-3344 or 1-800-465-7999.
- Outside the United States and Canada, contact IBM, your IBM reseller, or IBM marketing representative.

IBM maintains pages on the World Wide Web where you can get information about IBM products and services, find the latest technical information, and download device drivers and updates. Some of these pages are:

http://www.ibm.com	Main IBM home page
http://www.pc.ibm.com	IBM Personal Computer home page
http://www.us.pc.ibm.com/desktop/	IBM Commercial Desktop home page
http://www.us.pc.ibm.com/servers/	IBM PC Server and Netfinity Server home page
http://www.us.pc.ibm.com/options/	IBM Options home page
http://www.us.pc.ibm.com/intellistation/	IBM IntelliStation home page
http://www.us.pc.ibm.com/thinkpad/	IBM ThinkPad home page

Tools Required

To install or remove options in your computer, you will need a flat-head screwdriver. Any additional tools needed depend on the specific option and are noted in the instructions that come with the option.

Electrical Safety

Warning: Electrical current from power, telephone, and communication cables can be hazardous. To avoid any shock hazard, disconnect all power cords and cables as described in the following information.

The presence of 5 V standby power might result in damage to your hardware unless you disconnect the power cord from the electrical outlet before opening the computer.

For your safety, always do the following before removing the cover:

- 1. Shut down all programs as described in your operating-system documentation.
- 2. Turn off the computer and any attached devices, such as printers, monitors, and external drives.

Note: Personal computer users in the United Kingdom who have a modem or fax machine attached to their computer must disconnect the telephone line from the computer *before* unplugging any power cords (also known as power cables). When the computer is reassembled, users must reconnect the telephone line *after* plugging in the power cords.

- 3. Unplug all power cords from electrical outlets.
- 4. Disconnect all communication cables from external receptacles.
- 5. Disconnect all cables and power cords from the back of the computer.

Note: Do not reconnect any cables or power cords until you reassemble the computer and put the cover back on.

CAUTION:

Never remove the cover on the power supply. If you have a problem with the power supply, have your computer serviced.

Handling Static-Sensitive Devices

Have you ever walked across a carpeted floor, then touched an object and received a small electrical shock? That's static electricity, and although harmless to you, it can seriously damage computer components and options.

Important -

When you add an option, do not open the static-protective package containing the option until you are instructed to do so.

When you handle options and other computer components, take these precautions to avoid static electricity damage:

- · Limit your movement. Movement can cause static electricity to build up around you.
- Always handle components carefully. Handle adapters and memory-modules by the edges. Never touch any exposed circuitry.
- Prevent others from touching components.
- When you are installing a new option, touch the static-protective package containing the option to a metal expansion-slot cover or other unpainted metal surface on the computer for at least two seconds. This reduces static electricity in the package and your body.
- When possible, remove the option and install it directly in the computer without setting the option down. When this is not possible, place the static-protective package that the option came in on a smooth, level surface and place the option on it.
- Do not place the option on the computer cover or other metal surface.

Chapter 2. Preparing to Install and Remove Options

This chapter provides instructions for accessing and locating the options you want to install or remove.

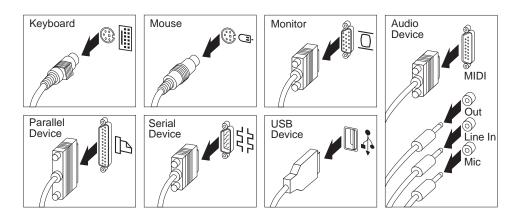
Disconnecting Cables and Removing the Side Cover

Before you begin -

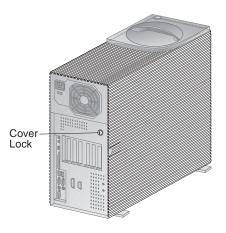
- Read "Electrical Safety" on page 4 and "Handling Static-Sensitive Devices" on page 5.
- Remove any media (diskettes, compact discs, or tapes) from the drives, and then turn off all attached devices and the computer.

Warning: The presence of 5 V standby power might result in damage to your hardware unless you disconnect the power cord from the electrical outlet before opening the computer.

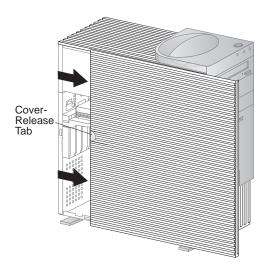
- 1 Unplug all power cords from electrical outlets.
- **2** If you have a modem or fax machine attached to your computer, disconnect the telephone line from the wall outlet and the computer.
- **3** Disconnect all cables attached to the computer; this includes power cords, input/output (I/O) cables, and any other cables connected to the computer.



4 If a cover lock is present, unlock the computer cover. (The cover lock is located at the rear of the computer on some models.)



- ${f 5}$ One side of the cover is removable and has a cover-release tab at the back edge.
- **6** Pull out on the cover-release tab at the rear of the side cover and slide the side cover toward the front of the computer. Lift the cover off.



Locating Components

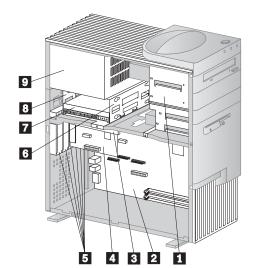
Use the following information to help locate components. Use it as a reference when you need to install options or connect input/output devices.

Internal View

The following illustration shows the internal view of your computer as seen from the front. For information on removing the cover, see "Disconnecting Cables and Removing the Side Cover" on page 6.

Note: The following illustration is for reference only.

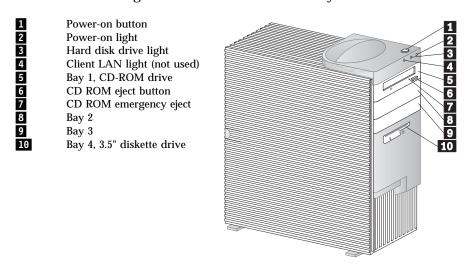
1 Drive cage for bays 1 through 4
2 System board
3 Riser card
4 Adapter card
5 Expansion slots
6 Drive Cage for Bays 5 and 6
7 Bay 6, hard disk drive
8 Bay 5
9 Power supply



External View

The following illustration shows the external view of your computer as seen from the front.

Note: The following illustration is for reference only.

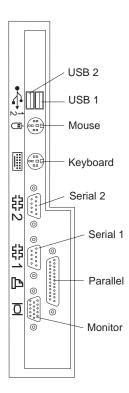


Your computer comes with a diskette drive installed in bay 4 and a hard disk drive installed in bay 6. If your computer comes with a CD-ROM drive, it is installed in bay 1.

Input/Output Connectors

Input/output (I/O) connectors provide ports for transferring information into and out of your computer. You can connect a variety of I/O devices to your computer, including a monitor, keyboard, mouse, and printer. For more information on the ports and their specific technologies, see *Understanding Your Personal Computer*.

At the rear of your computer is a panel that provides access to the I/O connectors. Adapters installed in expansion slots might also provide I/O connectors. The following illustration shows the I/O connectors on the rear of your computer.



Chapter 3. Working with Options on the System Board

This chapter provides information about system board options discussed in this book.

The information in this chapter helps you identify parts on the system board.

This chapter also provides instructions for installing, removing, and replacing system board components, specifically system memory and the microprocessor. For information on other system board components, see the appropriate section.

Important Information -

- Run ConfigSafe (or a similar application) to take a *snapshot* of your computer configuration before installing an adapter. This allows you to view and compare the changes in the computer configuration after you install an option. Also, if you have problems configuring the option after it is installed, ConfigSafe allows you to restore the configuration to the previous settings.
 - ConfigSafe is a part of the preinstalled software in your computer. For more information, see *About Your Software* that comes with your computer.
- Be careful when working near the microprocessor. Under normal use, the microprocessor can become very hot.

Accessing the System Board

Note: For information on removing the computer cover, see "Disconnecting Cables and Removing the Side Cover" on page 6.

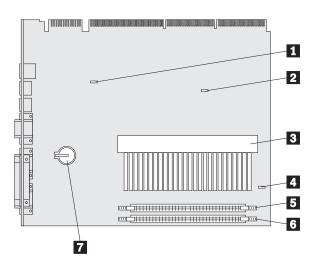
To access the system board, it helps to place the computer on its side on a table. You might also need to remove adapters.

Identifying Parts on the System Board

The system board, also called the *planar* or *motherboard*, is the main circuit board in your computer. It provides basic computer functions and supports a variety of devices that are IBM-installed or that you can install later.

If you plan to install, remove, or replace hardware in your computer, you will need to know the layout of the system board. The following illustration shows the layout of the system board in your computer. The numbered pointers show the components that are discussed in this book.

Flash Recovery jumper
 CMOS clear (password) jumper
 Microprocessor
 Asset EEPROM Write Protect jumper
 DIMM Connector 0 (Mem 0)
 DIMM Connector 1 (Mem 1)
 Battery



Notes:

- 1. An illustration of the system board and additional information are provided on a label found inside the computer.
- 2. The Asset EEPROM Write Protect jumper is normally on pins 2 and 3. In this position, the Asset EEPROM is not write protected.

Working with System Memory

You can add memory to your computer to increase system performance. Your computer has two connectors for installing system-memory modules. The maximum amount of system memory your computer supports is 256 MB.

Note: To locate the memory connectors inside your computer, see "Identifying Parts on the System Board" on page 12.



The memory modules your computer uses are dual inline memory modules (DIMMs). The IBM-installed DIMMs that come with your computer are nonparity (NP) or ECC (error correcting code) SDRAM (synchronous dynamic random access memory) modules.

When installing or replacing DIMMs, follow these guidelines:

- Use only 3.3 V dc unbuffered DIMMs.
- Each memory connector supports a maximum of 128 MB of memory.
- Install only ECC DIMMS to enable ECC. If you mix NP DIMMS and ECC DIMMS, ECC will be disabled.

Memory Configuration

When you are adding or removing memory, you can use any combination of DIMM sizes 16, 32, 64, or 128 MB. Be sure to fill each system-memory connector sequentially, starting at Mem 0. For the location of Mem 0, see "Identifying Parts on the System Board" on page 12.

The following table shows possible memory configurations for your computer; this table and additional information are also found inside the computer.

Note: Values in the following table are represented in megabytes (MB).

Table 1. Memory Configurations		
Total Memory (MB)	Mem 0	Mem 1
16	16	0
32	32	0
48	32	16
64	64	0
64	32	32
80	64	16
96	64	32
128	64	64
128	128	0
256	128	128

Installing a Memory Module

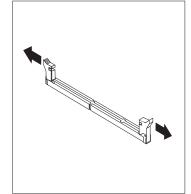
Attention: The presence of 5 V standby power might result in damage to your hardware unless you disconnect the power cord from the wall before opening the computer.

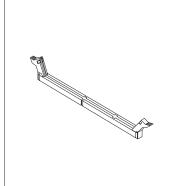
Before you begin —

- Read "Electrical Safety" on page 4 and "Handling Static-Sensitive Devices" on page 5.
- Read the instructions that come with the new system memory.
- Turn off the computer and all other connected devices.
- Disconnect all cables attached to the computer.
- Remove the computer cover (see "Disconnecting Cables and Removing the Side Cover" on page 6).
- Lay the computer on its side.

Note: For information on memory configuration, see Table 1 on page 14.

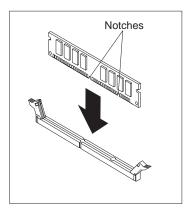
- 1 To locate the memory connectors inside your computer, see "Identifying Parts on the System Board" on page 12.
- **2** Be sure the retaining clips are in the open position, as shown in the second illustration below. If the retaining clips are perpendicular with the connector, push outward on them until they click open.

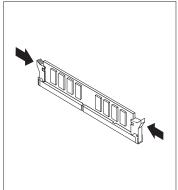




3 Touch the static-protective package containing the memory module to any unpainted metal surface in the computer, and then remove the module.

4 Position the module above the connector so that the two notches on the bottom edge of the module align properly with the connector.





- **5** Firmly push the module straight down into the connector until the retaining clips pop up and snugly fit around both ends of the module.
- $\bf 6$ To install another memory module, repeat steps 1–5.
- **7** Go to the device-record form in *Using Your Personal Computer* and record this installation.

What to do next -

- To work with another option, go to the appropriate section.
- To complete the installation, go to Chapter 7, "Completing the Installation" on page 74.

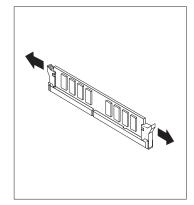
Removing a Memory Module

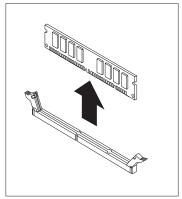
Attention: The presence of 5 V standby power might result in damage to your hardware unless you disconnect the power cord from the wall before opening the computer.

Before you begin —

- Read "Electrical Safety" on page 4 and "Handling Static-Sensitive Devices" on page 5.
- Turn off the computer and all other connected devices.
- Disconnect all cables attached to the computer.
- Remove the computer cover (see "Disconnecting Cables and Removing the Side Cover" on page 6).
- Lay the computer on its side.
- 1 To locate the memory connectors inside your computer, see "Identifying Parts on the System Board" on page 12.
- **2** At both ends of the memory module connector, push outward on the retaining clips until the module is loosened.

Note: Be careful not to push too hard on the retaining clips because the module may abruptly eject from the connector.





- **3** Lift the memory module out of the connector.
- **4** Store the module in a static-protective package.

What to do next

- To work with another option, go to the appropriate section.
- To complete the installation, go to Chapter 7, "Completing the Installation" on page 74.

Replacing a Microprocessor

Attention: The presence of 5 V standby power might result in damage to your hardware unless you disconnect the power cord from the wall before opening the computer.

Your computer comes with an Intel® Pentium®II microprocessor installed on the system board.

For the latest information on microprocessor upgrades available for your computer, contact your IBM reseller or IBM marketing representative. If you do upgrade the microprocessor, use the instructions that come with the upgrade along with the instructions in this publication.

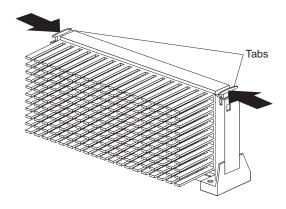
CAUTION:

The microprocessor and heat sink will be hot if the computer has been running. To avoid the possibility of a burn, if the computer has been on, let the microprocessor and heat sink cool for 10 minutes before continuing with the procedure.

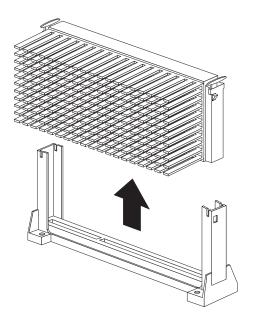
- Before you begin -

- Read "Electrical Safety" on page 4 and "Handling Static-Sensitive Devices" on page 5.
- Obtain a flash diskette for updating the system BIOS. If you do not have a flash diskette, refer to Updating the System BIOS in Using Your Personal Computer.
- Read the instructions that come with the new microprocessor.
- Turn off the computer and disconnect all cables attached to the computer.
- Remove the cover (see "Disconnecting Cables and Removing the Side Cover" on page 6).
- Lay the computer on its side.

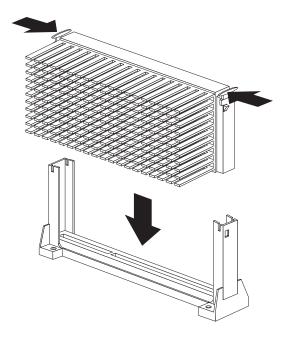
- **1** See "Identifying Parts on the System Board" on page 12 to locate the microprocessor socket.
- $\boldsymbol{2}$ Place your index fingers on the small tabs on the top of the microprocessor. Push in toward the microprocessor until the tabs release.



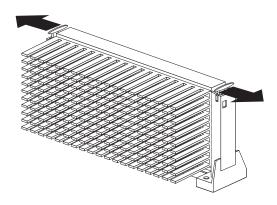
3 Carefully place one hand on the computer frame and with the other hand pull the microprocessor up and out of the connector.



- **4** Store the old microprocessor in a static-protective package.
- ${f 5}$ Touch the static-protective package containing the new microprocessor to any unpainted metal surface in the computer, and then remove the new microprocessor.
- ${f 6}$ Press in on the retainer tabs until they click into place.
- ${f 7}$ Align the new microprocessor with the connector on the system board and slide it into the guides. Press the microprocessor down until it seats in the connector.



8 Pull outward on the retainer tabs.



9 When you replace the microprocessor with one of a different speed, you must change the microprocessor speed setting by using the Configuration/Setup Utility program. Do not select a speed setting that is faster than the speed the microprocessor is designed for. Unpredictable results or hardware damage might occur. See "Updating the Computer Configuration" on page 77 and "Setting the Microprocessor Speed" on page 84.

Note: If a 167 POST error occurs when you start your computer, refer to *Updating the System BIOS* in *Using Your Personal Computer* and perform a flash update of the system programs.

What to do next -

- To work with another option, go to the appropriate section.
- To complete the installation, go to Chapter 7, "Completing the Installation" on page 74.

Chapter 4. Working with Adapters

This chapter provides information and instructions for installing and removing adapters.

When you are installing or removing adapters, it is important to resolve any resource conflicts that might arise. For example, if you install an ISA legacy adapter, you might need to manually configure the adapter by setting a variety of switches on the adapter and by using the Configuration/Setup Utility program.

Many adapters now use *Plug and Play* technology, which enables the computer to automatically configure the adapter, provided that the required resources are available. Refer to the instructions that come with your adapter to determine if it is Plug and Play. For more information, see "Adapter Configuration" on page 26.

Important Information

- Run ConfigSafe (or a similar application) to take a *snapshot* of your computer configuration before installing an adapter. This allows you to view and compare the changes in the computer configuration after you install an adapter. Also, if you have problems configuring the adapter after it is installed, ConfigSafe allows you to restore the configuration to the previous settings.
 - ConfigSafe is a part of the preinstalled software in your computer. For more information, see *About Your Software* that comes with your computer.
- Be careful when working near the microprocessor. Under normal use, the microprocessor can become very hot.

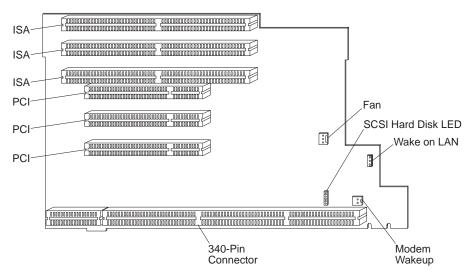
Adapters and the Riser Card

Your computer uses a riser card for expansion. The riser card contains expansion slots that connect adapters to the industry standard architecture (ISA) and peripheral component interconnect (PCI) buses.

You can install a variety of adapters in the expansion slots on the riser card. For information on locating the riser card, see "Locating Components" on page 8.

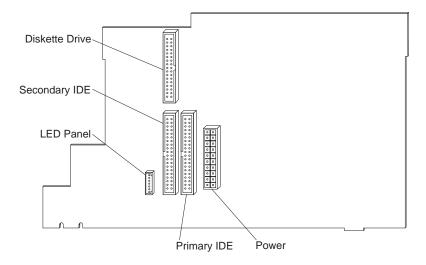
The riser card in your computer has three dedicated ISA slots and three dedicated PCI slots.

The following illustration shows the expansion slots and connectors on the riser card.



Note: If you attach a 4-position cable connector to the 2-pin modem wakeup connector, ensure that the unused positions are *next to the bottom of the riser card*. If this cable is incorrectly attached, the computer might automatically restart each time you turn power off.

The diskette and IDE drive connectors are on the back side of the riser card. When installing optional drives, refer to the following illustration for the location of the appropriate connectors.



Adapter Configuration

Along with the documentation that comes with your adapter, use the following information to help with adapter configuration.

Plug and Play Adapters

Your computer uses the *Plug and Play* method to configure adapters. Support for Plug and Play is built into the system board of your computer.

If an adapter is Plug and Play, there are no switches or jumpers that must be set on the adapter. A Plug and Play adapter comes with configuration specifications set in memory to provide installation information to the computer during startup. When you install or remove Plug and Play adapters, this information is interpreted by the *basic input/output system (BIOS)*, which supports Plug and Play technology. If the required resources are available, the BIOS software automatically configures the adapter around the resources already in use by other devices.

Most adapters designed for PCI slots are Plug and Play devices; many ISA adapters are not Plug and Play devices.

Notes:

- 1. If a resource conflict arises after installing a Plug and Play adapter, you might need to change the default resource settings on the adapter. For more information, refer to the documentation that comes with the adapter.
- 2. For information on error messages from resource conflicts, see *Using Your Personal Computer*.

Legacy Adapters

Adapters that are not Plug and Play-compatible are known as *legacy* devices. If you install a legacy adapter, you must manually configure it by setting switches on the adapter and by allocating system resources using the Configuration/Setup Utility program.

In the Configuration/Setup Utility program, the ISA Legacy Resources screen shows the computer resources that are typically required by adapters:

- Memory resources
- I/O port resources
- DMA resources
- Interrupt resources

From the appropriate screens, you can select available resources for the adapter you are installing. Resources not being used by ISA legacy adapters are listed as [Available]. You must set the resources used by the newly installed ISA legacy adapter to [ISA Resource]; this reserves the resources for the legacy adapter and prevents the BIOS from using these resources for the system or other Plug and Play adapters.

Just as you change system resources when you install an ISA legacy adapter, you must also change resources when you remove an ISA legacy adapter. If you remove a legacy adapter, change the resources that were being used to [Available]. This allows the Plug and Play software to automatically use these resources for future configurations, or they can be used later when other legacy adapters are installed.

Note: Refer to the documentation that comes with the adapter for information on required system resources.

For information on configuring ISA legacy adapters, see "Configuring an ISA Legacy Adapter" on page 81 or refer to *Using Your Personal Computer*. For information on error messages from resource conflicts, see *Using Your Personal Computer*.

Installing Adapters

Attention: The presence of 5 V standby power might result in damage to your hardware unless you disconnect the power cord from the wall before opening the computer.

Before you begin

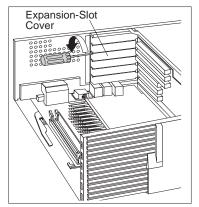
- Read "Electrical Safety" on page 4 and "Handling Static-Sensitive Devices" on page 5.
- Read the instructions that come with the new adapter.
- Turn off the computer and all other connected devices.
- Disconnect all cables attached to the computer (see "Disconnecting Cables and Removing the Side Cover" on page 6).
- Remove the computer cover.
- · Lay the computer on its side.

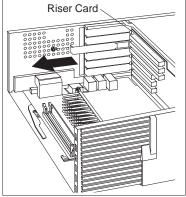
To install some adapters, you might need to remove the bottom cover, the system board, and the fan.

1 Review the instructions that come with the adapter to determine if it must be installed in an ISA or PCI slot.

2 Remove the screw and cover for the appropriate expansion slot. If you cannot access the expansion slot screw, see "Removing and Replacing the Bottom Cover" on page 38.

Note: Some computers might have a single bracket that holds all the slot covers in place.



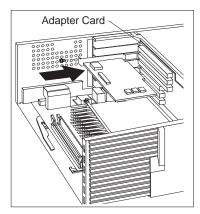


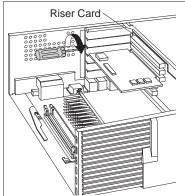
3 Touch the static-protective package containing the adapter to any *unpainted* metal surface in the computer; then, remove the adapter from the package.

4 Install the adapter into the appropriate slot on the riser card and insert the holding screw.

You might have to remove the system board and the fan in order to slide the adapter into the slot. Refer to "Removing and Replacing the Fan" on page 40 and "Removing and Replacing the System Board" on page 33.

The components of a PCI adapter face down toward the system board and the components of an ISA adapter face up. If a component in the computer or on the adapter interferes with the installation, use another slot.





- **5** If you removed the bottom cover, the fan, or the system board, replace them. See "Removing and Replacing the Fan" on page 40, "Removing and Replacing the System Board" on page 33, and "Removing and Replacing the Bottom Cover" on page 38.
- **6** Go to the device-record form in *Using Your Personal Computer*, and write the adapter name next to the slot into which you installed it.

What to do next

- To work with another option, go to the appropriate section.
- To complete the installation, go to Chapter 7, "Completing the Installation" on page 74.

Removing Adapters

Attention: The presence of 5 V standby power might result in damage to your hardware unless you disconnect the power cord from the wall before opening the computer.

Before you begin

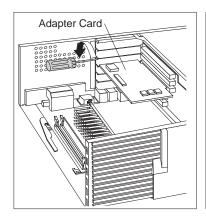
- Read "Electrical Safety" on page 4 and "Handling Static-Sensitive Devices" on page 5.
- Read the instructions that come with the new adapter.
- Turn off the computer and all other connected devices.
- Disconnect all cables attached to the computer.
- Remove the computer cover (see "Disconnecting Cables and Removing the Side Cover" on page 6).
- Lay the computer on its side.

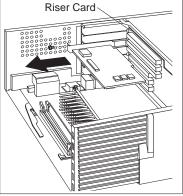
To remove some adapters, you might need to remove the bottom cover, the system board, and the fan.

1 Locate the adapter and remove the screw.

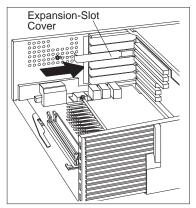
Note: Some computers might have a single bracket that holds all the slot covers in place.

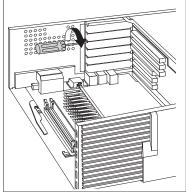
If you cannot access the expansion slot screw, you must remove the computer bottom cover (see "Removing and Replacing the Bottom Cover" on page 38).





- **2** Remove the adapter and insert it into a static-protective package. You might have to remove the system board and the fan in order to slide the adapter out of the slot. Refer to "Removing and Replacing the Fan" on page 40 and "Removing and Replacing the System Board" on page 33.
- **3** If you are not installing another adapter in this slot, install an expansion-slot cover and screw.





- **4** If you removed the bottom cover, the fan, or the system board, replace them. See "Removing and Replacing the Fan" on page 40, "Removing and Replacing the System Board" on page 33, and "Removing and Replacing the Bottom Cover" on page 38.
- **5** Go to the device-record form in *Using Your Personal Computer* and delete the name of the adapter you removed.

Note: Removing an adapter frees up system resources. If you remove an ISA legacy adapter, you must use the Configuration/Setup Utility program to set the previously used resources to [Available]. For more information, see Chapter 7, "Completing the Installation" on page 74.

What to do next

- To work with another option, go to the appropriate section.
- To complete the installation, go to Chapter 7, "Completing the Installation" on page 74.

Removing and Replacing the System Board

To install some adapters you might have to remove the system board.

The system board is mounted on two rails which allow you to slide it in and out of the computer. The rail and latching mechanism on the left-hand rail is the same on all models. You might encounter two different styles of rails on the right-hand side of the system board.

- Style 1 has no latching mechanism
- Style 2 has a tab that engages in an opening in the chassis to hold the system board in the proper position.

The following procedures address both styles.

To remove the system board:

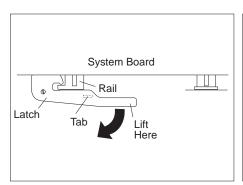
- 1 Unplug the power supply before removing the system board.
- **2** Remove the bottom cover. (See "Removing and Replacing the Bottom Cover" on page 38.)

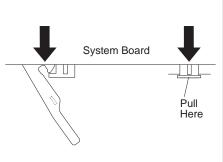
Style 1

- 1 On the left-hand rail, lift the system-board latch handle upward to disengage the plastic tab on the bottom of the handle from the chassis.
- **2** Grasp and turn the latch clockwise to the extended position. This releases the system board from the riser card.
- **3** Grasp both rails supporting the system board and carefully slide the system board out and set it aside.

CAUTION:

Do not pull on the microprocessor, memory modules, memory sockets, or other system-board components to remove the system board.



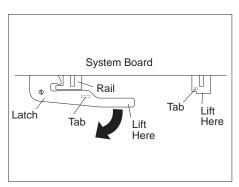


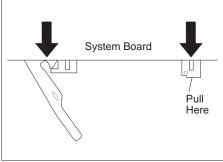
Style 2

- 1 On the left-hand rail, lift the system-board latch handle upward to disengage the plastic tab on the bottom of the handle from the chassis.
- **2** Lift the end of the right-hand rail to disengage the plastic tab from the bottom of the chassis.
- **3** Grasp and turn the latch clockwise to the extended position. This releases the system board from the riser card.
- **4** Grasp the rails supporting the system board and carefully slide the system board out and set it aside.

CAUTION:

Do not pull on the microprocessor, memory modules, memory sockets, or other system-board components to remove the system board.





To reinstall the system board:

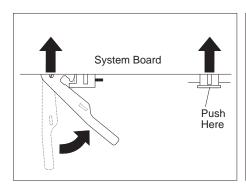
Style 1

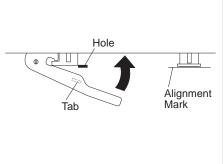
- ${f 1}$ Make sure the system-board latch handle is in the extended position.
- **2** Align the system-board rails with the tracks on the chassis. Grasp the rails and slide the board in until it is approximately 6 mm. (0.25 in.) from the riser card edge connector.
- **3** Rotate the latch handle counter-clockwise until the system board is properly aligned with the riser card edge connector. Continue rotating the latch handle counter clockwise while firmly pushing on the end of the right-hand rail. When the system board is fully seated the alignment mark on the chassis is visible.

CAUTION:

Do not push on the microprocessor, memory modules, memory sockets, or other system-board components to install the system board.

4 Push down on the latch handle to engage the tab on the under side into the opening in the chassis. This holds the latch handle in the latched position.





Note: You cannot see the connection with a full-sized adapter in place. To make sure the system board is fully seated, it is important that the alignment mark on the right-hand rail is visible.

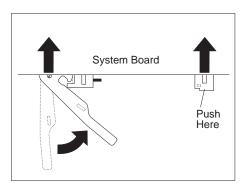
Style 2

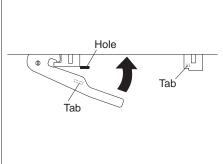
- **1** Make sure the system-board latch handle is in the extended position.
- **2** Align the system-board rails with the tracks on the chassis. Grasp the rails and slide the board in until it is approximately 6 mm. (0.25 in.) from the riser card edge connector.
- **3** Rotate the latch handle counter-clockwise until the system board is properly aligned with the riser card edge connector. Continue rotating the latch handle counter clockwise while firmly pushing on the end of the right-hand rail. When the system board is fully seated the tab on the right-hand rail is engaged in an opening in the chassis.

CAUTION:

Do not push on the microprocessor, memory modules, memory sockets, or other system-board components to install the system board.

4 Push down on the latch handle to engage the tab on the under side into the opening in the chassis. This holds the latch in the latched position.





Note: You cannot see the connection with a full-sized adapter in place. To make sure the system board is fully seated, it is important that the tab on the right-hand rail is engaged in the opening in the chassis.

Removing and Replacing the Bottom Cover

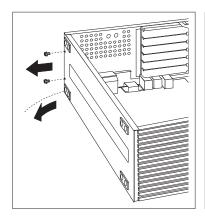
Attention: The presence of 5 V standby power might result in damage to your hardware unless you disconnect the power cord from the wall before opening the computer.

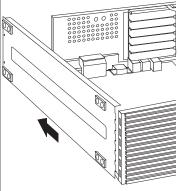
Before you begin -

- Read "Electrical Safety" on page 4 and "Handling Static-Sensitive Devices" on page 5.
- Read the instructions that come with the new adapter.
- Turn off the computer and all other connected devices.
- Disconnect all cables attached to the computer.
- Remove the computer cover (see "Disconnecting Cables and Removing the Side Cover" on page 6).
- Lay the computer on its side.

To remove the bottom cover:

- 1 Lay the computer on its side.
- **2** Remove the screws from the bottom cover.

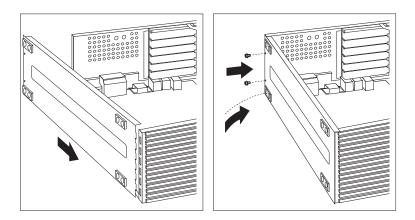




- 3 Pivot the end of the bottom cover with the screws away from the computer.
- **4** Slide the tabs on the end of the cover out of their openings and remove the cover.

To replace the bottom cover:

- **1** Lay the computer on its side.
- **2** Hold the bottom cover at an angle and align the tabs on the end with the openings in the frame.
- ${f 3}$ Fit the tabs into the openings and pivot the bottom cover until it is closed.



 $\bf 4$ Align the holes and insert the two bottom screws.

What to do next -

- To work with another option, go to the appropriate section.
- To complete the installation, go to Chapter 7, "Completing the Installation" on page 74.

Removing and Replacing the Fan

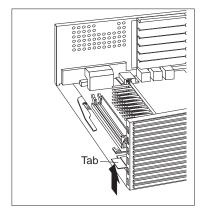
Attention: The presence of 5 V standby power might result in damage to your hardware unless you disconnect the power cord from the wall before opening the computer.

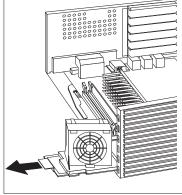
Before you begin -

- Read "Electrical Safety" on page 4 and "Handling Static-Sensitive Devices" on page 5.
- Read the instructions that come with the new adapter.
- Turn off the computer and all other connected devices.
- Disconnect all cables attached to the computer.
- Remove the computer cover (see "Disconnecting Cables and Removing the Side Cover" on page 6).
- Lay the computer on its side.

To remove the fan:

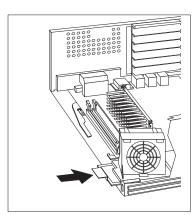
- 1 Remove the bottom cover (see "Removing and Replacing the Bottom Cover" on page 38).
- **2** Disconnect the fan cable from the riser card. See the label inside the computer for the location of the fan connector.
- ${f 3}$ Lift up on the tab and slide the fan out the bottom of the computer.

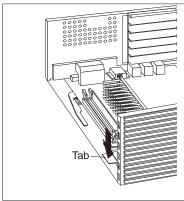




To replace the fan:

- 1 Locate the fan assembly as shown below.
- $\mathbf{2}$ Slide the fan assembly into position and push down on the tab to latch.
- $\bf 3$ Connect the fan cable to the riser card. See the label inside the computer for the location of the fan connector.
- **4** Replace the bottom cover (see "Removing and Replacing the Bottom Cover" on page 38).





Chapter 5. Working with Internal Drives

This chapter provides information and instructions for installing and removing internal drives.

When you are installing an internal drive, it is important to note which drive types and sizes you can install in each bay. Also, it is important to correctly connect the internal drive cables to the installed drive. For more information, see "Internal Drives" on page 43.

Internal Drives

Internal drives are devices that your computer uses to read and store data. You can add drives to your computer to increase storage capacity and to enable your computer to read other types of media. Some types of drives available for your computer are:

- · Hard disk drives
- · CD-ROM drives

Internal drives are installed in *bays* at the front and rear of your computer. The bays are referred to as bay 1, bay 2, and so on.

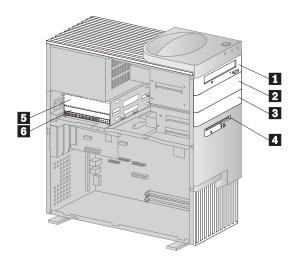
Drive bays 1 through 4, at the front of your computer, are contained in one drive cage, and drive bays 5 and 6, at the back of your computer, are contained in another.

Your computer comes with the following IBM-installed drives:

- A 3.5-inch diskette drive in bay 4
- A 3.5-inch hard disk drive in bay 6
- A CD-ROM drive in bay 1 (in some models)

The following illustration shows the location of the drive bays in your computer.

1	Bay	1
2	Bay	2
3	Bay	3
4	Bay	4
5	Bay	5
6	Bay	6



Drive Bay Specifications

The following table describes the drives you can install in each bay and their height requirements.

Table 2. Drive Bay Specifications				
Bay	Drives Supported	Max. Height mm (in.)	Min. Height mm (in.)	
1	5.25-inch CD-ROM Tape backup drive 3.5-inch or 5.25-inch Hard disk drive	41.3 (1.6)	25.4 (1.0)	
2	5.25-inch CD-ROM Tape backup drive 3.5-inch or 5.25-inch Hard disk drive	41.3 (1.6)	25.4 (1.0)	
3	Hard disk drive	25.4 (1.0)	25.4 (1.0)	
4	3.5-inch diskette drive	25.4 (1.0)	_	
5	Hard disk drive	25.4 (1.0)	25.4 (1.0)	
6	Hard disk drive	25.4 (1.0)	25.4 (1.0)	

Notes:

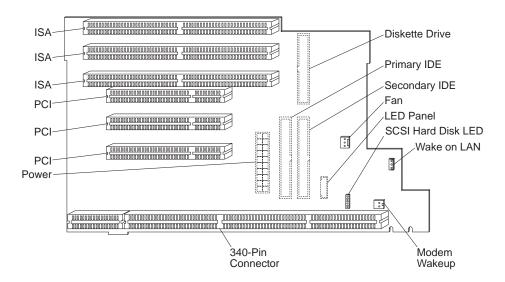
- You cannot install drives that are greater than 41.3 mm (1.6 in.) high.
- You must install drives that require removable media (diskettes, tapes, or CDs) in the accessible bays: bay 1, 2, 3, or 4.
- You can install one diskette drive only in the PC 300GL.
- To properly mount a 3.5-inch drive into bay 1 or 2, you must use a 3.5-inch conversion kit for a 5.25-inch bay. For more information, contact your IBM reseller or IBM marketing representative.

Power and Signal Cables

Your computer uses cables to connect the power supply to the riser card and to integrated drive electronics (IDE) drives. The diskette drive is also powered through a cable attached to the riser card. The following cables are provided:

- Four-wire *power cables* connect most drives to the power supply. At the ends of these cables are plastic connectors that attach to different drives; these connectors vary in size. Also, some power cables attach to the riser card.
- Flat *signal cables*, sometimes called *ribbon cables*, connect IDE drives to the riser card. There are two sizes of signal cables that come with your computer:
 - The wider signal cable attaches to the installed hard disk drive and to the primary IDE connector on the back of the riser card.
 - The narrower signal cable attaches to the diskette drive and to the diskette drive connector on the back of the riser card.

The following illustration shows the connectors on the riser card.



The following are some important points to remember when connecting power and signal cables to internal drives:

 The diskette drive and hard disk drive that are preinstalled in your computer come with power and signal cables attached. If your computer comes with a CD-ROM drive, it is attached to the secondary IDE connector on the back of the riser card. If you replace any drives, it is important to remember which cables are attached to which drives.

- When you install a drive, ensure that the drive connector at the end of the signal cable is always connected to the drive; also, ensure that the drive connector at the other end is connected to the riser card. This reduces electronic noise from the computer.
- If more than one IDE device is used on a single cable, one must be designated
 as the primary or master device and all others as slave or subordinate devices;
 otherwise, some of the IDE devices might not be recognized by the system. The
 master or slave designation is determined by switch or jumper settings on each
 IDE device.
- To optimize performance when installing more than two hard disk drives, be sure to attach hard disk drives with faster data transfer speeds (Mode 1 or higher) to the primary hard disk drive signal cable (hard disk drives 0 and 1).
- On some models, to install more than one IDE hard disk drive, you must purchase an additional signal cable. The cable must meet the following specifications:
 - Maximum length: 0.46 meters (18 inches)
 - Wire size: 28 AWG
 - Cable capacitive loading: 200 pF maximum
- You can install one diskette drive only.

Working with Drives in Bays 1, 2, 3, or 4

There are two different designs for the front drive cage that contains drive bays 1 through 4. One design has a drive cage that must be removed when you install or remove drives. With the other design, you install drives from the front of the computer without removing the drive cage. In this type, the drive cage is permanently mounted to the chassis and cannot be removed. To determine which type of chassis you have, look for the support bracket and screw that secures the front drive cage. If your chassis does not have these, then you have the permanently mounted drive cage. The procedure for installing and removing drives is different for each type.

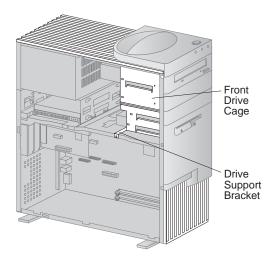


Figure 1. Chassis with Drive Support Bracket and Removable Drive Cage

Attention: The presence of 5 V standby power might result in damage to your hardware unless you disconnect the power cord from the wall before opening the computer.

Before you begin

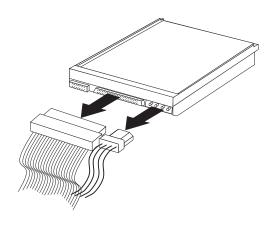
- Read "Electrical Safety" on page 4 and "Handling Static-Sensitive Devices" on page 5.
- Read the instructions that come with the drive you want to install or replace.
- Turn off the computer and all other connected devices.
- Disconnect all cables attached to the computer.
- Remove the computer cover (see "Disconnecting Cables and Removing the Side Cover" on page 6).
- Lay the computer on its side.

If your computer has the permanently mounted drive cage, go to "Installing Drives in the Permanently Mounted Drive Cage" on page 58.

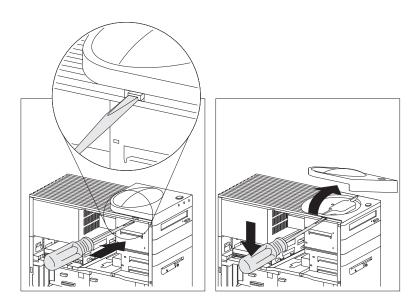
If your computer has the removable drive cage, go to "Removing the Drive Cage."

Removing the Drive Cage

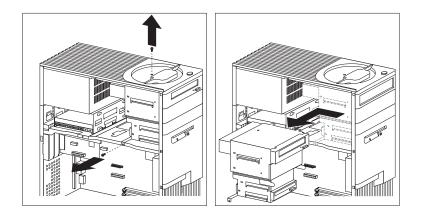
1 Disconnect any cables connected to drives 1 through 4 in order to remove the drive cage.



 ${f 2}$ Remove the top-handle cover and set it aside.



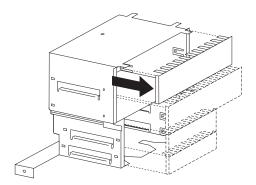
3 Remove the top-handle screw and the screw from the drive support bracket that holds the drive cage for bays 1 through 4 in place. Then, pull the drive cage towards the power supply until it stops, and lift it out of the computer.



Installing a Drive in the Removable Drive Cage

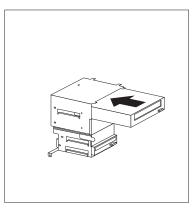
- Before you begin -

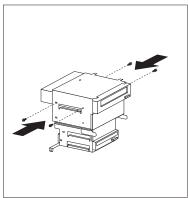
- Read "Working with Drives in Bays 1, 2, 3, or 4" on page 47.
- Read the documentation that comes with the drive.
- Remove the drive cage. See "Removing the Drive Cage" on page 48.
- **1** With the front of the drive cage facing you, pull out the tabs on the sides of the metal shield until it flexes. Lift off one side, then the other.



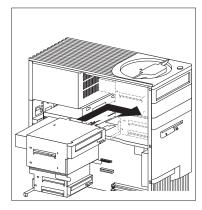
2 Touch the static-protective package containing the new drive to any *unpainted* metal surface and then remove the drive from it.

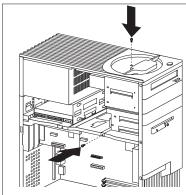
 ${f 3}$ Insert the drive into the desired unoccupied drive bay. Insert and tighten the screws that hold it in place. The following illustration shows a CD-ROM drive being installed in bay 1.



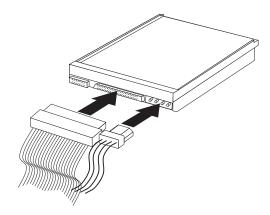


- 4 Insert the drive cage and slide it to the right until it docks against the front of the computer; be sure the screwholes in the drive cage and support bracket are aligned.
- **5** Insert and tighten the screw anchoring the drive cage at the side; then the screw on top near the handle.





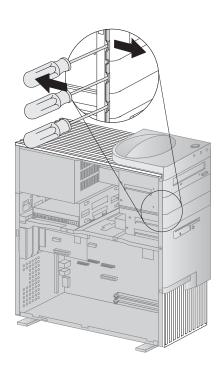
6 Attach the cables. Refer to "Power and Signal Cables" on page 45 for an illustration showing the locations of the connectors on the riser card.



- **7** If you have installed a drive with removable media, you must remove the bay panel. If you have installed a drive with nonremovable media you must install a bay panel (if not already installed).
 - To remove a bay panel, go to step 8 on page 53.
 - To install a bay panel, go to step 9 on page 54.

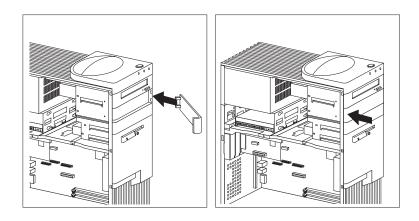
8 To remove a bay panel:

- a. Locate the appropriate bay panel in the computer cover.
- b. Use the tip of a screwdriver, if necessary, to flex the plastic tabs holding the bay panel in the cover.
- c. Remove the bay panel.
- d. Continue to step 10 on page 54.



9 To install a bay panel:

- a. Align the right-hand edge of the bay panel with the matching opening in the front of the computer.
- b. Gently press the left edge closed until it snaps.
- c. Go to "Installing a Drive in the Removable Drive Cage" on page 50.

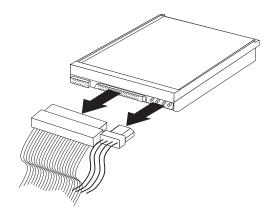


10 Go to the device-record form in *Using Your Personal Computer* and record the new installation.

Removing a Drive from the Removable Drive Cage

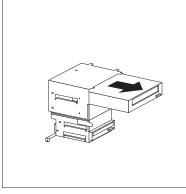
Before you begin

- Read "Working with Drives in Bays 1, 2, 3, or 4" on page 47.
- Remove the drive cage. See "Removing the Drive Cage" on page 48.
- 1 Disconnect the cables from the drive you want to remove.

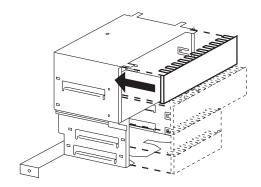


 $\mathbf{2}$ Remove the screws holding the drive in place; then slide the drive out of the bay.

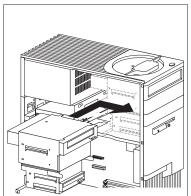


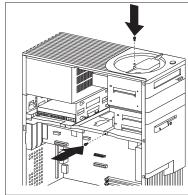


- $\bf 3$ Place the removed drive in a static-protective package.
- **4** If you are going to install another drive, go to "Installing a Drive in the Removable Drive Cage" on page 50.
- **5** If you are not installing another drive:
 - a. Insert the metal shield into the front drive cage.
 - b. Install the bay panel into the front cover of the computer. See step 9 on page 54.

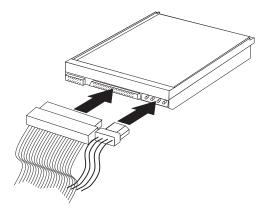


- c. Insert the drive cage and slide it to the right until it docks against the front of the computer; be sure the screwholes in the drive cage and the support bracket are aligned.
- d. Insert and tighten the screw anchoring the drive cage at the side; then the screw on top near the handle.





e. Attach the cables to the remaining drives. Refer to "Power and Signal Cables" on page 45 for an illustration showing the locations of the connectors on the riser card.



6 Go to the device-record form in *Using Your Personal Computer* and record the installation.

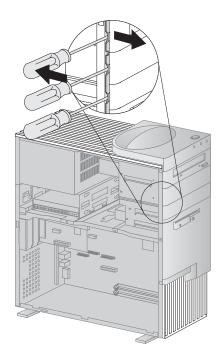
Installing Drives in the Permanently Mounted Drive Cage

Before you begin -

- Read "Working with Drives in Bays 1, 2, 3, or 4" on page 47.
- Read the documentation that comes with the drive.

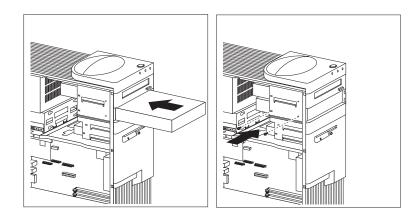
This procedure is for those computers that have a permanently mounted front drive cage.

- 1 Remove the bay panel for the drive bay where you are installing the drive.
 - a. Locate the appropriate bay panel.
 - b. Use the tip of a screwdriver, if necessary, to flex the plastic tabs holding the bay panel in the cover.
 - c. Remove the bay panel.

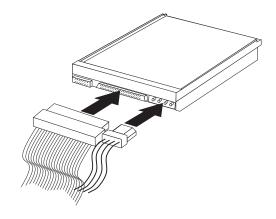


2 If knockouts are present in the drive bay opening, twist them with a screwdriver or pliers to remove.

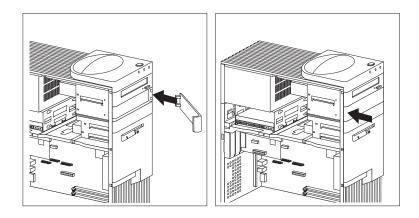
 ${f 3}$ Install the drive in the bay opening and secure it with the screws provided.



4 Attach the cables. Refer to "Power and Signal Cables" on page 45 for an illustration showing the locations of the connectors on the riser card.



 ${f 5}$ If the installed drive has nonremovable media, replace the bay panel.

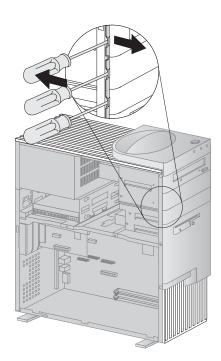


6 Go to the device-record form in *Using Your Personal Computer* and record the installation.

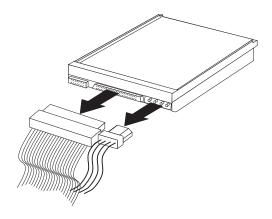
Removing Drives in the Permanently Mounted Drive Cage

This procedure is for those machines that have a permanently mounted front drive cage.

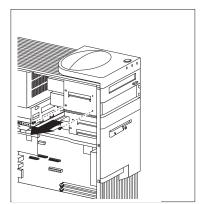
- 1 If the drive being removed has nonremovable media, remove the bay panel.
 - a. Locate the appropriate drive bay.
 - b. Use the tip of a screwdriver to flex the plastic tabs holding the bay panel in the cover.
 - c. Remove the bay panel.

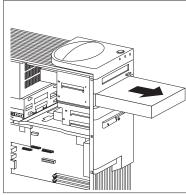


 ${f 2}$ Disconnect the cables from the drive you want to remove.

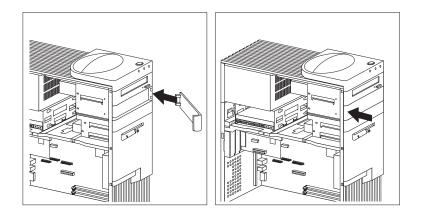


 ${f 3}$ Remove the visible screws holding the drive and slide it out the front of the computer.





4 If you are not installing another drive, replace the bay panel.



 ${f 5}$ Go to the device-record form in *Using Your Personal Computer* and record the removal.

Working with Drives in Bays 5 and 6

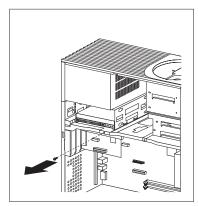
Before you begin

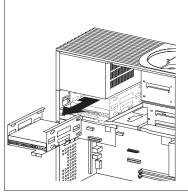
- Read "Working with Drives in Bays 1, 2, 3, or 4" on page 47.
- Read the documentation that comes with the drive.

The drives in bays 5 and 6 must have nonremovable media. (Your computer comes with a hard disk drive in bay 6.) To install or remove drives in these bays, you must remove the rear drive cage.

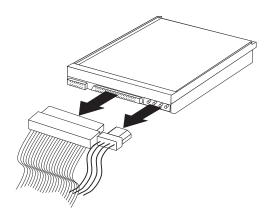
To install or remove drives in these bays:

1 Remove the screw or snap holding the drive cage and carefully slide the drive cage past the cover lock and out.



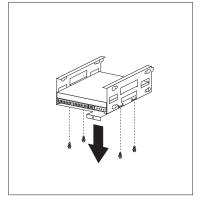


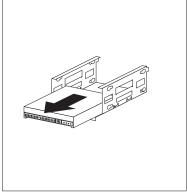
2 Disconnect the cable from the hard disk drive in bay 6. If there is a drive in bay 5, disconnect its cable.



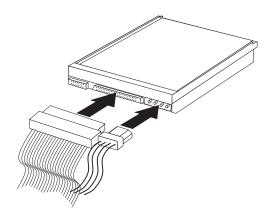
- **3** Lift the drive cage out of the computer.
- **4** If you are removing a drive, remove the screws holding the drive in the cage and slide the drive out of the cage. If you are installing a drive, slide the drive into the bay and secure it with the screws.

Note: The screws holding the drive in bay 5 are on top of the cage; the screws holding the drive in bay 6 are on the bottom.





- ${f 5}$ Reinstall the rear drive cage and secure it with the screw or snap you removed in step 1.
- **6** Connect the cables to the drive.



7 Go to the device-record form in *Using Your Personal Computer*, and write the adapter name next to the slot into which you installed it.

Chapter 6. Working with Security Options

This chapter describes some of the security options that are available for your computer.

To help prevent hardware theft, you can add a security U-bolt and cable to your computer. To erase lost or forgotten passwords, you can move the CMOS clear (password) jumper on the system board.

Note: Use the Configuration/Setup Utility program to set, change, or delete passwords. For more information, see *Using Your Personal Computer*.

The following list is a quick reference to these procedures:

- "Installing a U-Bolt" on page 68
- "Erasing Lost or Forgotten Passwords" on page 70

Installing a U-Bolt

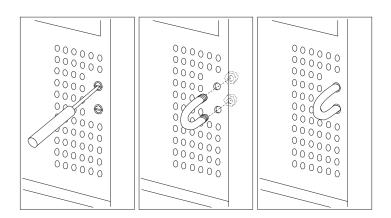
You can add a U-bolt to the rear of your computer. Adding a U-bolt enables you to add a security cable and lock which helps prevent hardware theft. After you add the security cable, make sure that it does not interfere with other cables that are connected to the computer.

Before you begin

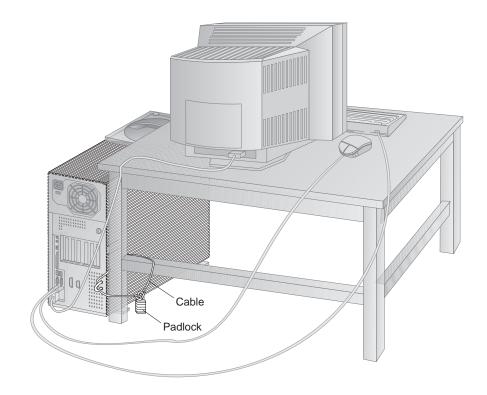
- Obtain the following:
 - A 19-mm (3/4 in.) U-bolt and threaded nuts that fit the U-bolt
 - A security cable
 - A lock, such as a combination lock or padlock
 - An adjustable wrench
- Read "Electrical Safety" on page 4 and "Handling Static-Sensitive Devices" on page 5.
- Turn off the computer and all connected devices.
- Disconnect all external cables and power cords, and remove the computer cover (see "Disconnecting Cables and Removing the Side Cover" on page 6).

Note: The external connectors on the rear of your computer might differ from the ones shown in this section.

- ${f 1}$ Locate the two holes on the lower right edge of the rear of the computer.
- **2** Insert the U-bolt through the rear panel; then, attach and tighten the nuts with an adjustable wrench.



- **3** Replace the computer cover. For more information, see "Replacing the Side Cover and Connecting the Cables" on page 75.
- **4** Thread the cable through the U-bolt and around an object that is not a part of or permanently secured to the building structure or foundation, and from which it cannot be removed, then fasten the cable ends together with a lock. The following illustration shows an example of how this might work.



Erasing Lost or Forgotten Passwords

Note: To set a new password after completing this procedure, see "Setting Passwords" on page 83.

Your computer uses *complementary metal-oxide semiconductor (CMOS)* memory on the system board for storing configuration and setup information. CMOS memory maintains information about:

- · Date and time
- · Security features
- Power-management devices
- Storage devices
- Keyboard and mouse
- ISA legacy configuration information
- Plug and Play configuration information
- · Port assignments
- I/O addresses and interrupts
- Other selectable features

Within the security features are the settings for the power-on and administrator passwords. If you need to *erase* a lost or forgotten password, you must move a jumper to clear CMOS memory.

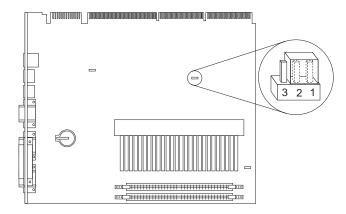
Important -

Clearing CMOS memory sets the configuration of your computer to the default settings. Because you need to reconfigure the computer after clearing CMOS memory, if possible, record the configuration information of your computer *before* moving the Clear CMOS jumper.

Before you begin

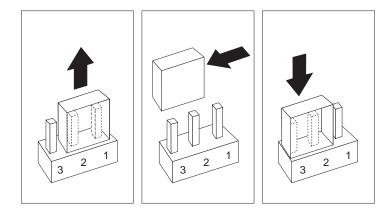
- Using the Configuration/Setup Utility program, record all configuration information.
- Read "Electrical Safety" on page 4 and "Handling Static-Sensitive Devices" on page 5.
- Turn off the computer and disconnect the power cord from the rear of the chassis. Leave the other cables connected.
- Remove the computer cover (see "Disconnecting Cables and Removing the Side Cover" on page 6).
- Lay the computer on its side.

The jumper is located on the system board and is labeled CMOS clear.



You might have to remove adapters to gain access to the jumper. See "Removing Adapters" on page 31.

1 Move the jumper from its normal position (pins 1 and 2) to pins 2 and 3. It might be helpful to use needle-nose pliers to move the jumper, but be careful not to scrape any system board components or crush the jumper.

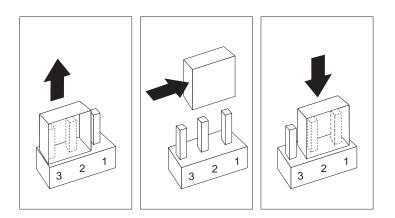


CAUTION:

Do not touch any of the internal components of the computer.

- **2** Reconnect the power cord and turn the computer back on. CMOS memory is now cleared and the passwords have been erased. After the POST completes, configuration error messages are displayed.
- **3** Follow the instructions on the screen to continue.

- **4** When the Configuration/Setup Utility program starts, make the necessary changes, save the settings, and exit setup. Refer to "Updating the Computer Configuration" on page 77. When the message is displayed that instructs you to move the jumper to the normal position, turn power off.
- **5** Disconnect the power cord from the rear of the chassis.
- $\mathbf{6}$ Move the jumper back to its normal position (pins 1 and 2).



What to do next

After reassembling the computer (go to Chapter 7, "Completing the Installation" on page 74), use the Configuration/Setup Utility program to set any passwords or other configuration parameters. For more information, refer to "Setting Passwords" on page 83 and *Using Your Personal Computer*.

Chapter 7. Completing the Installation

After working with options, you need to install any removed parts, replace the cover, reconnect any cables, including power cords and telephone lines. Also, depending on the option installed, you might need to update information in the Configuration/Setup Utility program.

The following list is a quick reference to the completion procedures:

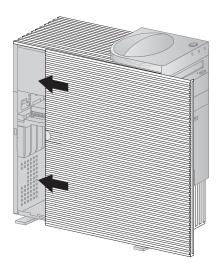
- "Replacing the Side Cover and Connecting the Cables" on page 75
- "Updating the Computer Configuration" on page 77

Replacing the Side Cover and Connecting the Cables

Before you begin

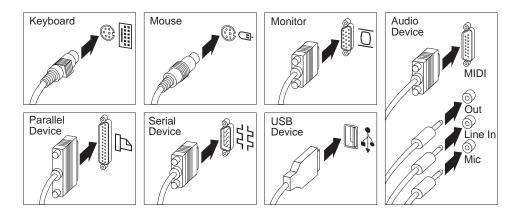
Read "Electrical Safety" on page 4 and "Handling Static-Sensitive Devices" on page 5.

- 1 Ensure that all components have been reassembled correctly and that no tools or loose screws are left inside your computer.
- **2** Clear any cables that might impede the replacement of the cover.
- **3** Make sure the cover lock (if present) is in the unlocked position. **Note:** It is easier to install the cover if the computer is laying on it's side.
- **4** Place the cover on the computer frame. Secure the cover by sliding it until the cover aligns with the rear of the computer.



5 If a cover lock is present, go to the back of the computer and lock the cover.

 ${f 6}$ Reconnect the external cables and cords to the computer.



- **7** If you have a modem or fax machine attached to the computer, reconnect the telephone line to the wall outlet and the serial port. Plug the power cords into properly grounded electrical outlets.
- **8** Update the computer configuration. See "Updating the Computer Configuration" on page 77.

Important -

In the United Kingdom, by law, the telephone cable must be connected after the power cord.

Updating the Computer Configuration

Important

The configuration information in this section applies to installing options. For more information on using the Configuration/Setup Utility program, see *Using Your Personal Computer*.

Also, you might need to install device drivers after updating the configuration settings. For more information, see the instructions that come with the option to determine if device drivers are required and how to install them. Also, video device drivers are on the *Ready-to-Configure Utility Program* CD.

After you add, remove, or replace options, you must update the information in the configuration settings. This reconfiguration is performed automatically by the computer (but you must save the changes), or *manually* by you. When the computer automatically configures an option, it uses system programs. If the system programs do not update the settings, you can use the Configuration/Setup Utility program to reconfigure the appropriate settings.

For example, when you start your computer after adding most internal hard disk drives, the settings are automatically updated and you use the Configuration/Setup Utility program to save those changes. However, if a resource conflict arises after an ISA legacy adapter is installed or removed, you must manually update the computer configuration and save the information.

Notes:

- 1. Make a record of all customized settings before you make any modifications.
- 2. For more information on error messages from resource conflicts, see *Using Your Personal Computer*.

Starting the Configuration/Setup Utility Program

When you restart the computer for the first time after working with most options, a message appears indicating that a configuration change has occurred. You are then prompted to enter the Configuration/Setup Utility program to manually update the configuration settings or to confirm and save the settings that were automatically updated by the system programs.

After you change an option and restart the computer, the following screen might appear.

POST Startup Error(s)

The following error(s) were detected when the system was started:

162 Configuration Change Has Occurred

Select one of the following:

Continue Exit Setup

Note: Depending on the configuration changes that occurred, the error message you see might be different from the one shown here.

If the preceding screen appears, select **Continue** until you reach the Configuration/Setup Utility menu and then go to "Changing Settings and Exiting" on page 80.

If the preceding screen does not appear, use the following procedures to access the Configuration/Setup Utility menu.

To access the Configuration/Setup Utility program:

1 Turn on the computer.

If your computer is on when you start this procedure, you must shut down the operating system, turn off the computer and wait a few seconds, and then restart the computer. Do not use Ctrl+Alt+Del to restart the computer.

- **2** When the Configuration/Setup Utility prompt appears in the lower left corner of the screen, press F1.
 - a. If you have not set an administrator password, the Configuration/Setup Utility program menu appears. If you have set an administrator password, type the administrator password and press Enter.
 - b. If you have set both an administrator and a power-on password, you can type either of the passwords at the password prompt. However, if you type your power-on password, you can view limited information in the Configuration/Setup Utility program, but you cannot change settings. To change settings in the Configuration/Setup Utility program, type your administrator password at the password prompt.

Configuration/Setup Utility	
Select O _l	otion:
	Oata and I/O Ports
Start OptDate andSystem SAdvance	Time ecurity
	cy Resources
Save Setti Restore S Load Def	S
Exit Setup)

Note: The menu you see on your computer might look slightly different from the menu shown here, but it will operate the same way.

Changing Settings and Exiting

In the Configuration/Setup Utility menus, you can accept the configuration changes by viewing and saving the changes, or you can make manual changes and then save the settings.

The following is a quick reference for identifying symbols in the Configuration/Setup Utility program. For information on the function of keys, see *Using Your Personal Computer*.

- If a bullet (•) is beside a menu item, an additional menu is available.
- Most information enclosed in brackets ([]) can be changed. You cannot change information that is not surrounded by [].
- If a right arrowhead (►) is beside a menu item, a configuration change occurred in that category. The ► might also appear in subsequent menus.
- If an asterisk (*) is beside a menu item, a resource conflict is detected.

When you complete your changes or finish viewing information, return to the Configuration/Setup Utility menu and select **Save Settings** to save the changes. From this location, you can exit the Configuration/Setup Utility program.

To exit from the Configuration/Setup Utility program, follow these steps:

- ${f 1}$ From the Configuration/Setup Utility menu, press Esc.
- **2** The Exit Setup menu appears. You can save your changes, exit from the Configuration/Setup Utility program without saving your changes, or return to the Configuration/Setup Utility menu. Use the arrow keys to select the desired option and press **Enter**.

Configuring an ISA Legacy Adapter

To configure an installed ISA legacy adapter, you might need to alter switch or jumper settings on the adapter. If there is a conflict, you must use the Configuration/Setup Utility program to set the ISA legacy resource information, such as memory locations, I/O assignments, and DMA and interrupt assignments.

Note: For more information about required resources and switch settings, refer to the documentation that comes with the adapter.

To set the legacy resource information for an installed adapter:

- 1 Start the Configuration/Setup Utility program (see "Starting the Configuration/Setup Utility Program" on page 78).
- **2** Select **ISA Legacy Resources** from the Configuration/Setup Utility menu.
- **3** As needed, select Memory Resources, I/O Port Resources, DMA Resources, or Interrupt Resources.
- **4** Set the appropriate resource to **ISA Resource**.
- **5** Press **Esc** to return to the main menu.
- **6** Select **Save Settings** and press **Enter**.

If you remove an ISA legacy adapter, you must reset to **Available** the system resources that are no longer being used. To do this, follow the above procedures and select **Available** at step 4.

Note: For more information on adapters and resolving conflicts, see "Adapter Configuration" on page 26 and Appendix B, "Interrupt and DMA Resources" on page 87.

Configuring Startup Devices

Startup devices are devices where the computer looks for an operating system when it is powered on. After adding new devices to the computer, you might want to change the sequence of the startup devices. You can use the Configuration/Setup Utility program to change the sequence of startup devices.

To change the sequence of startup devices:

- Start the Configuration/Setup Utility program (see "Starting the Configuration/Setup Utility Program" on page 78).
- Select **Start Options** from the Configuration/Setup Utility menu.
- 3 Select First Startup Device.
- Use the arrow keys to make your selection and press **Enter**.
- If necessary, repeat steps 3-5 for **Second Startup Device**, **Third Startup Device**, and **Fourth Startup Device**.
- If **Automatic Power On Startup Sequence** is enabled, repeat steps 3-5 to select the startup devices for Automatic Power On Startup.
- Press **Esc** to return to the main menu.
- Select **Save Settings** and press **Enter**.

Setting Passwords

If you used the CMOS-clear jumper to erase the computer configuration and setup information, you must reconfigure the computer, set the date and time, and reset the power-on or administrator passwords.

Note: For more information on password protection and setting the date and time, see *Using Your Personal Computer*.

To reset the power-on or administrator passwords:

- 1 Start the Configuration/Setup Utility program (see "Starting the Configuration/Setup Utility Program" on page 78).
- **2** Select **System Security** from the Configuration/Setup Utility menu.
- 3 Select Administrator Password or Power-on Password.
- **4** Follow the instructions to change the password. For more information, see the passwords section of *Using Your Personal Computer*.
- **5** Press **Esc** to return to the main menu.
- **6** Select **Save Settings** and press **Enter**.

Note: For information on clearing CMOS memory, see "Erasing Lost or Forgotten Passwords" on page 70.

Setting the Microprocessor Speed

If you replaced the microprocessor with one of a different speed, you must change the microprocessor speed setting by using the Configuration/Setup Utility program. Do not select a speed setting that is faster than the speed the microprocessor is designed for. Unpredictable results or hardware damage might occur.

For more information about the microprocessor speed, see *Using Your Personal Computer*.

To set the microprocessor speed:

- 1 Start the Configuration/Setup Utility program (see "Starting the Configuration/Setup Utility Program" on page 78).
- **2** Select **Advanced Setup** from the Configuration/Setup Utility menu.
- ${f 3}$ Select the correct microprocessor speed from the choices provided.
- **4** Press **Esc** to return to the main menu.
- **5** Select **Save Settings** and press **Enter**.

Appendix A. Changing the Battery

If you replace the original lithium battery with a heavy-metal battery or a battery with heavy-metal components, be aware of the following environmental consideration. Batteries and accumulators that contain heavy metals must not be disposed of with normal domestic waste. They will be taken back free of charge by the manufacturer, distributor, or representative, to be recycled or disposed of in a proper manner.

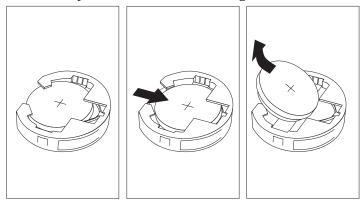
Before you begin

- Read "Electrical Safety" on page 4 and "Handling Static-Sensitive Devices" on page 5.
- Read the instructions that come with the replacement battery.
- Turn off the computer and all connected devices.
- Disconnect all external cables attached to the computer and then remove the computer cover (see "Disconnecting Cables and Removing the Side Cover" on page 6 if you need additional information).

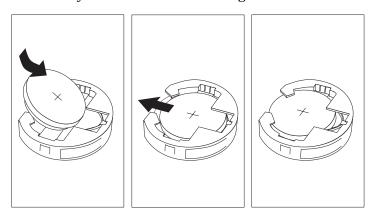
For information on locating the battery, see "Identifying Parts on the System Board" on page 12.

- 1 If necessary, remove any adapters or cables that might impede access to the battery. For instructions, see "Removing Adapters" on page 31.
- 2 Read "Lithium Battery Notice" on page vii.

 ${f 3}$ Remove the old battery as shown in the following illustrations.



4 Install the new battery as shown in the following illustrations.



Note: When the computer is turned on for the first time after the battery has been replaced, an error message might be displayed. This is normal.

What to do next -

- To work with another option, go to the appropriate section.
- To complete the replacement, go to Chapter 7, "Completing the Installation" on page 74.
- Use the Configuration/Setup Utility program to set the date and time and any passwords. For information on setting the date and time, refer to *Using Your Personal Computer*. For information on setting passwords, see "Setting Passwords" on page 83.
- Dispose of the old battery as required by local ordinances or regulations.

Appendix B. Interrupt and DMA Resources

This appendix lists the settings for the default interrupt and direct memory access (DMA) resources for your computer.

Note: The interrupt and DMA settings might change under configuration control or can be changed by using the Configuration/Setup Utility program.

Table 3. Interrupt Resource	es
Interrupt Request	System Resource
0	Timer
1	Keyboard
2	Interrupt Controller
31	Serial Port 2 or Infrared
41	Serial Port
51	Audio Adapter (if installed)
6	Diskette
71	Parallel Port
8	Real Time Clock
9	ACPI
10	Available
11	Available
121	Mouse
13	Coprocessor
14	IDE Drives (0, 1) if installed
15	IDE Drives (2, 3) if installed

DMA Request	Data Width	System Resource
0	8 bits	Audio adapter (if installed)
1	8 bits	Audio adapter (if installed)
2	8 bits	Diskette
31	8 bits	Parallel Port
4	-	Sys Resource
5	16 bits	Available
6	16 bits	Available
7	16 bits	Available

¹ Can be modified to alternative settings or disabled.

Appendix C. Notices

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