



# Welcome and Introductions

- David Shannon
  - Joined the WDI Team 2001
  - Started with IBM at the AIX Support Center
  - Introduced the WDI Server Program



# Welcome and Introductions

- Lee Whitaker
  - Joined WebSphere Data Interchange in 2001
  - IBM certified WMQ Specialist



## Critical Definitions

**Relative Humidity**

**Palmetto Bug**

**Hurricane Season**



# Objectives

- Become familiar with the following topics
  - WMQ Setup
  - WMQ Related WDI Profiles
  - Using WDI to Read and Write to WMQ
  - Command Chaining
  - WDIAdapter and WDI Server Programs

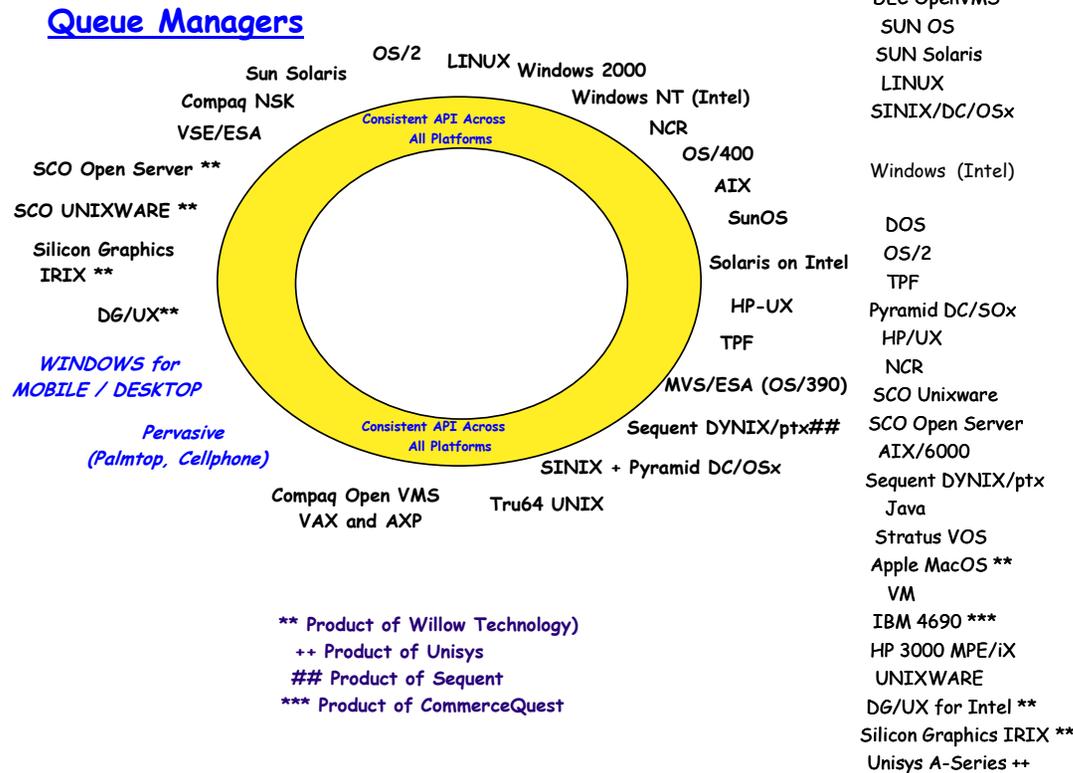


# MQSeries Setup

- Define WebSphere MQ
- Define WebSphere MQ Objects
- Demonstrate WebSphere MQ Tools

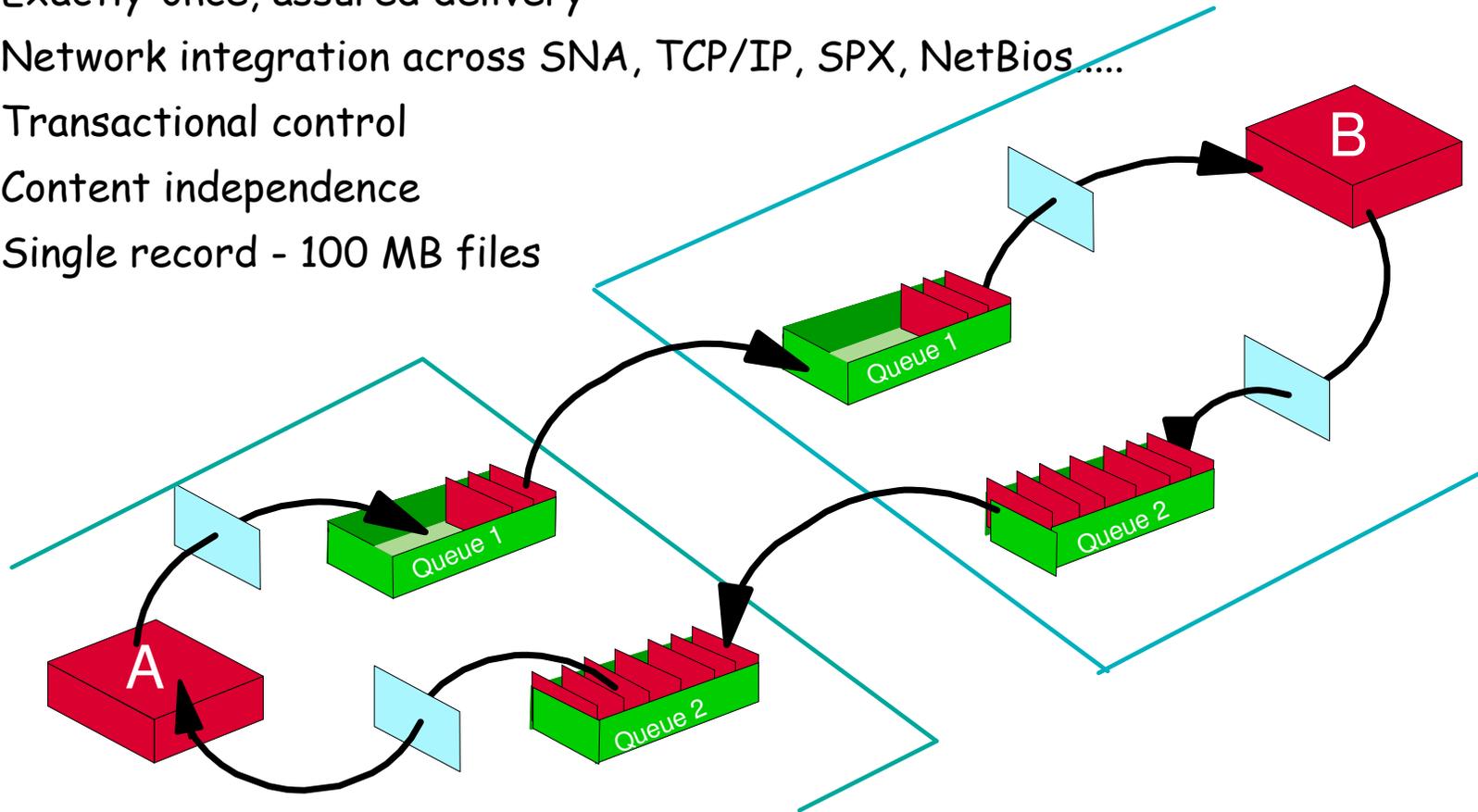


# WebSphere MQ: A Platform Integrator



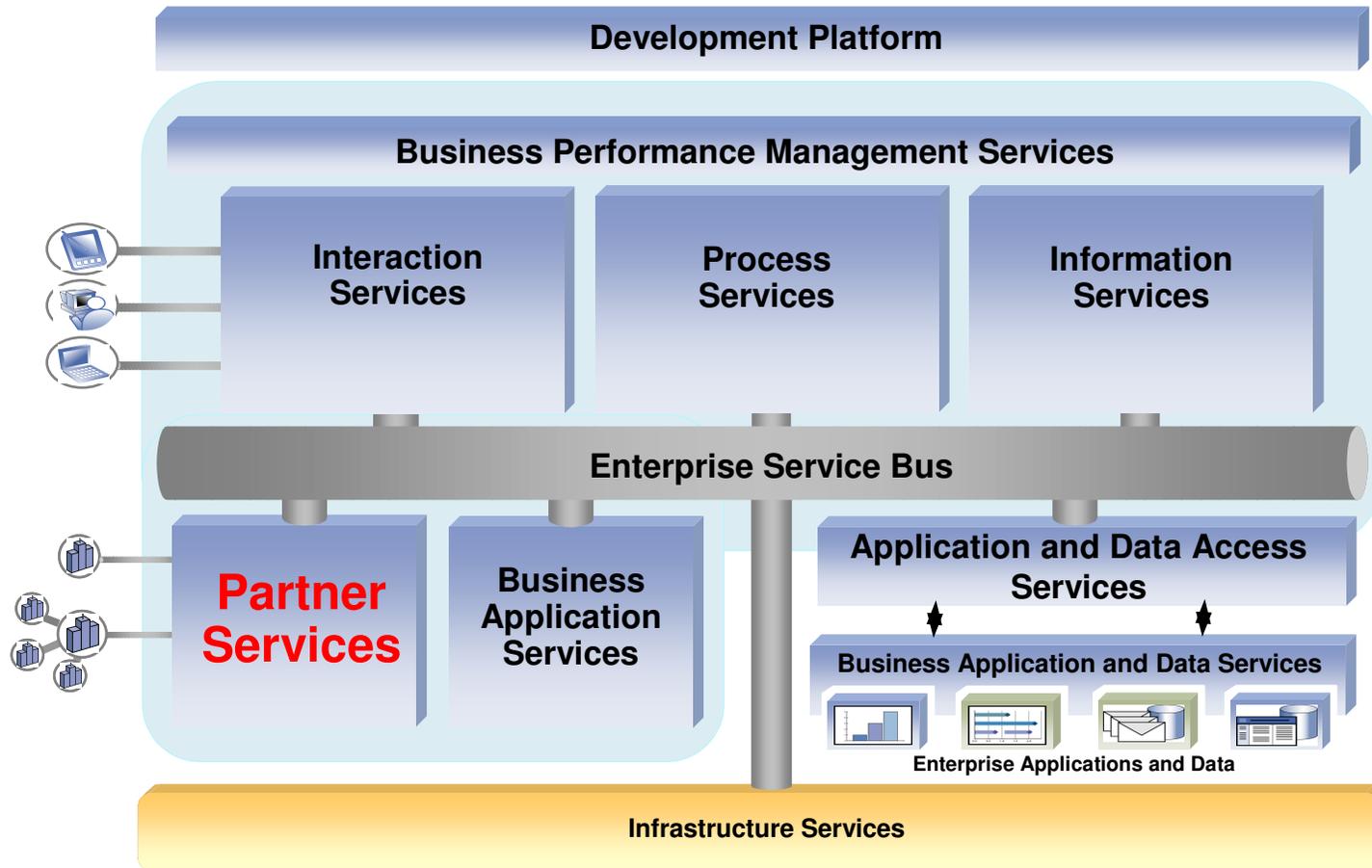
# WebSphere MQ: An Application Integrator

- Loosely coupling between applications
- A single, multi-platform API (> 40 platforms)
- Exactly-once, assured delivery
- Network integration across SNA, TCP/IP, SPX, NetBios.....
- Transactional control
- Content independence
- Single record - 100 MB files



# Business Integration Reference Architecture

IBM Software Offerings



# WebSphere MQ Objects and Definitions

- Message
- Queue Manager
- Queues
  - Local Queue
  - Remote Queue
  - Transmission Queue
- Channel
- Process Definition
- Trigger Monitors



# Message

- In message queuing applications, a communication sent between programs. (WMQ Programmer Guide)
- In EDIFACT: an ordered series of characters intended to convey information. [ISO 2382/16] UN/EDIFACT: a set of segments in the order specified in a message directory starting with the message header and ending with the message trailer. [ISO 9735] Equivalent to a transaction set.

([http://www.unece.org/trade/untdid/texts/d300\\_d.htm](http://www.unece.org/trade/untdid/texts/d300_d.htm))

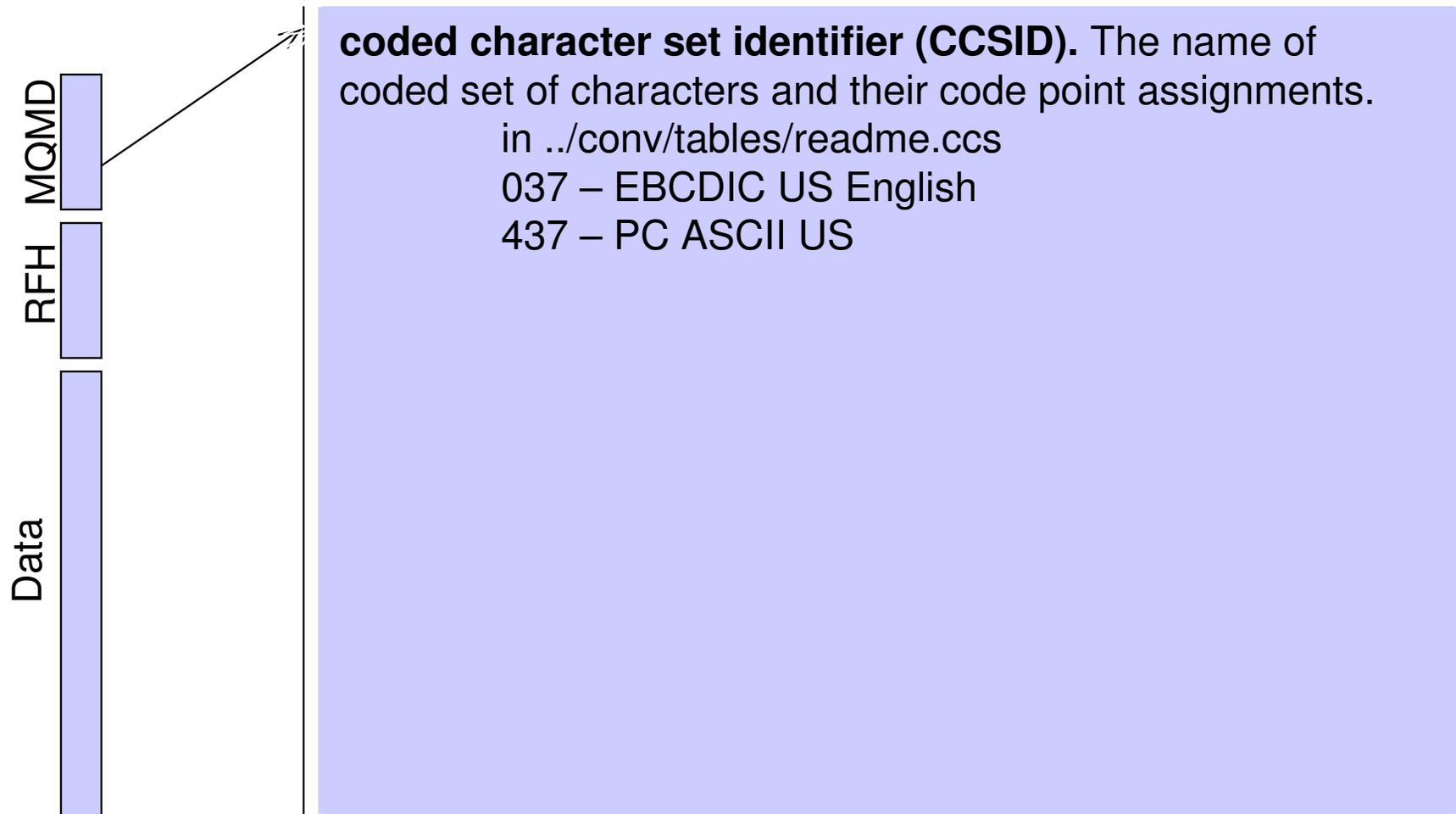


## Message: MQ

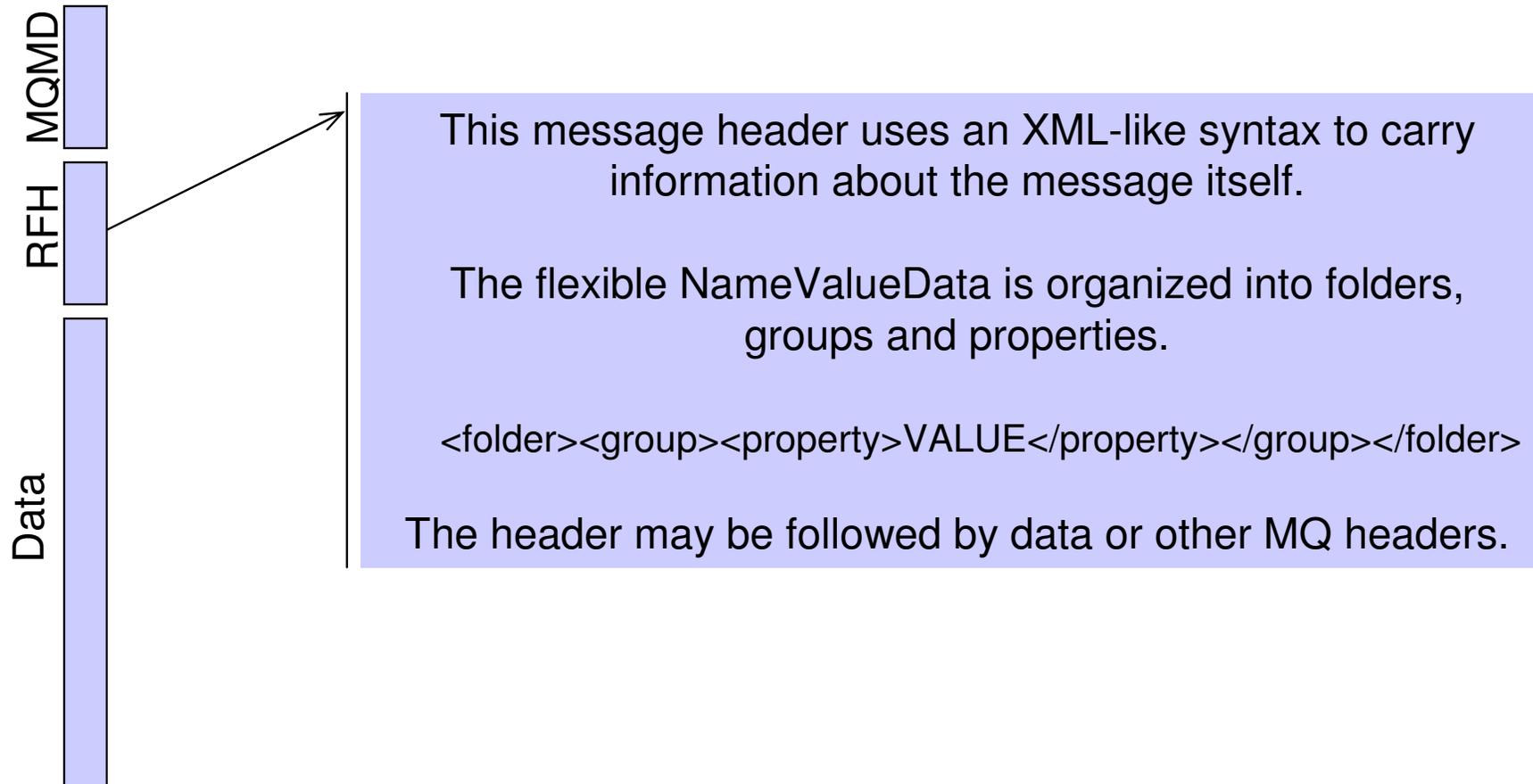
- A message descriptor (MQMD)
- Optional WMQ headers
  - RFH2 – the Rules and Format Header
- Optional data payload



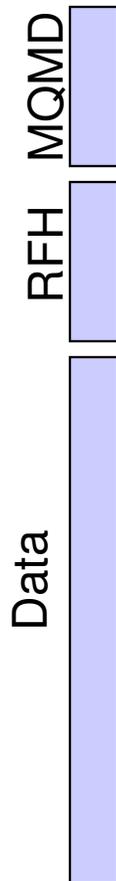
# Message Anatomy



# Message Anatomy



# Message Anatomy

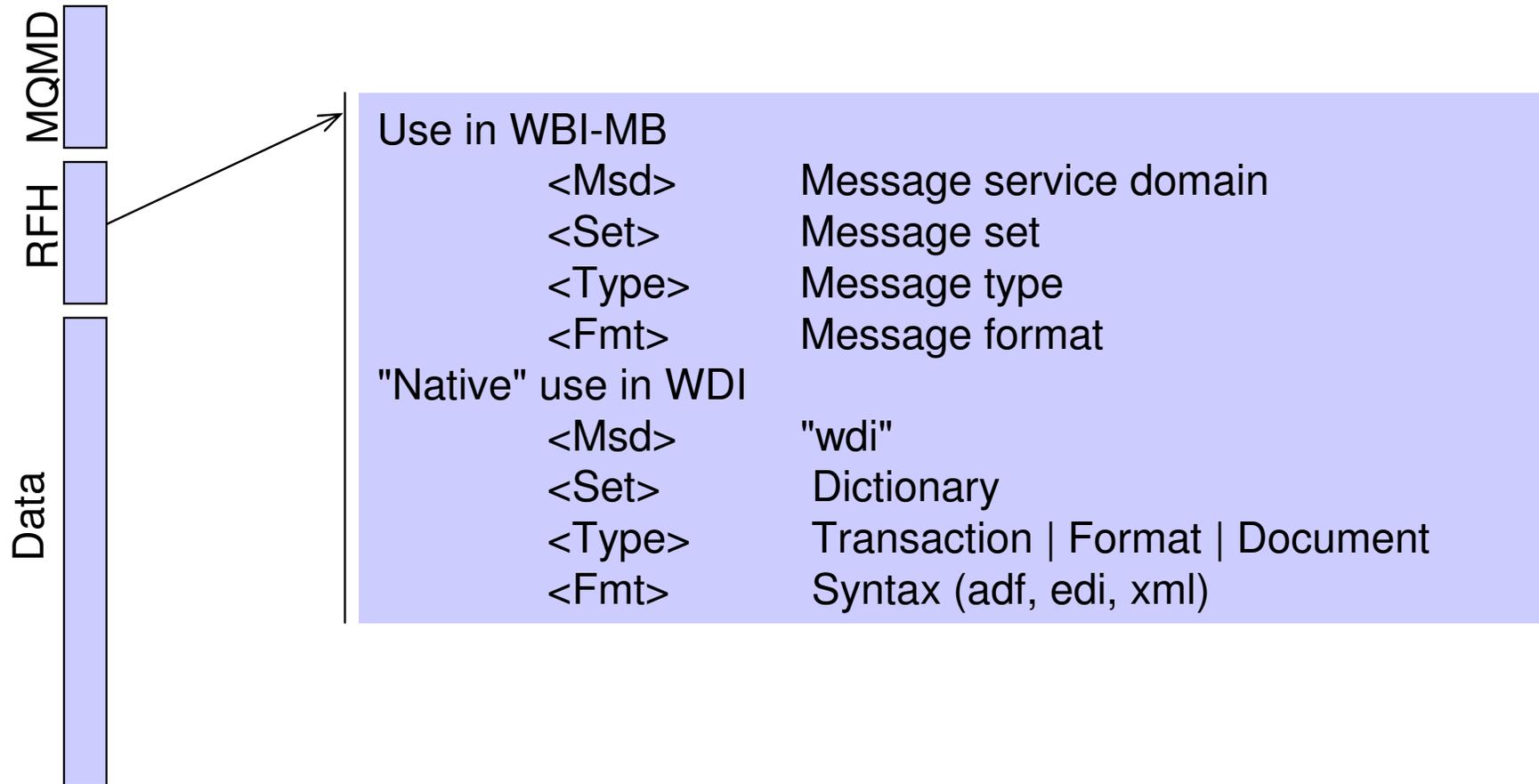


The following folder names are defined for use by WebSphere products:

<mcd>	Message content descriptor
<psc>	Publish/subscribe command
<pscr>	Publish/subscribe command response
<usr>	Application (user) defined properties



# Message Anatomy

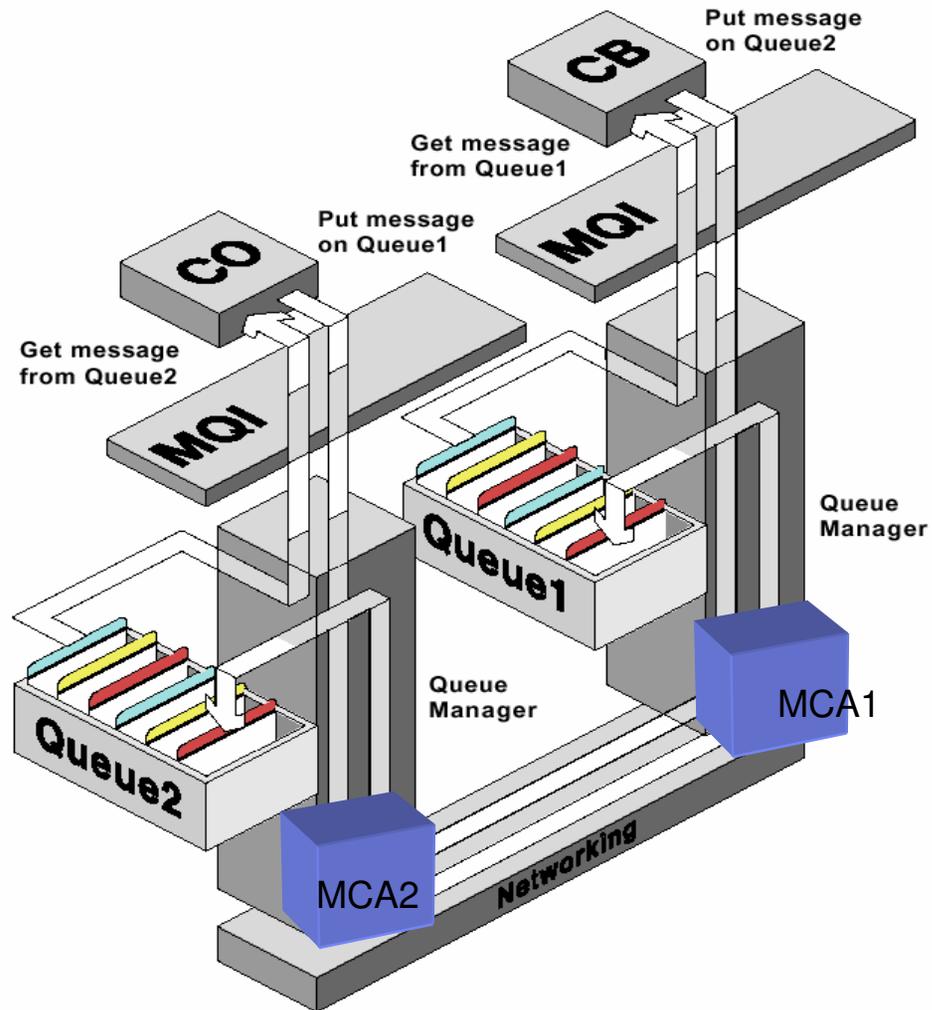


# The Queue Manager

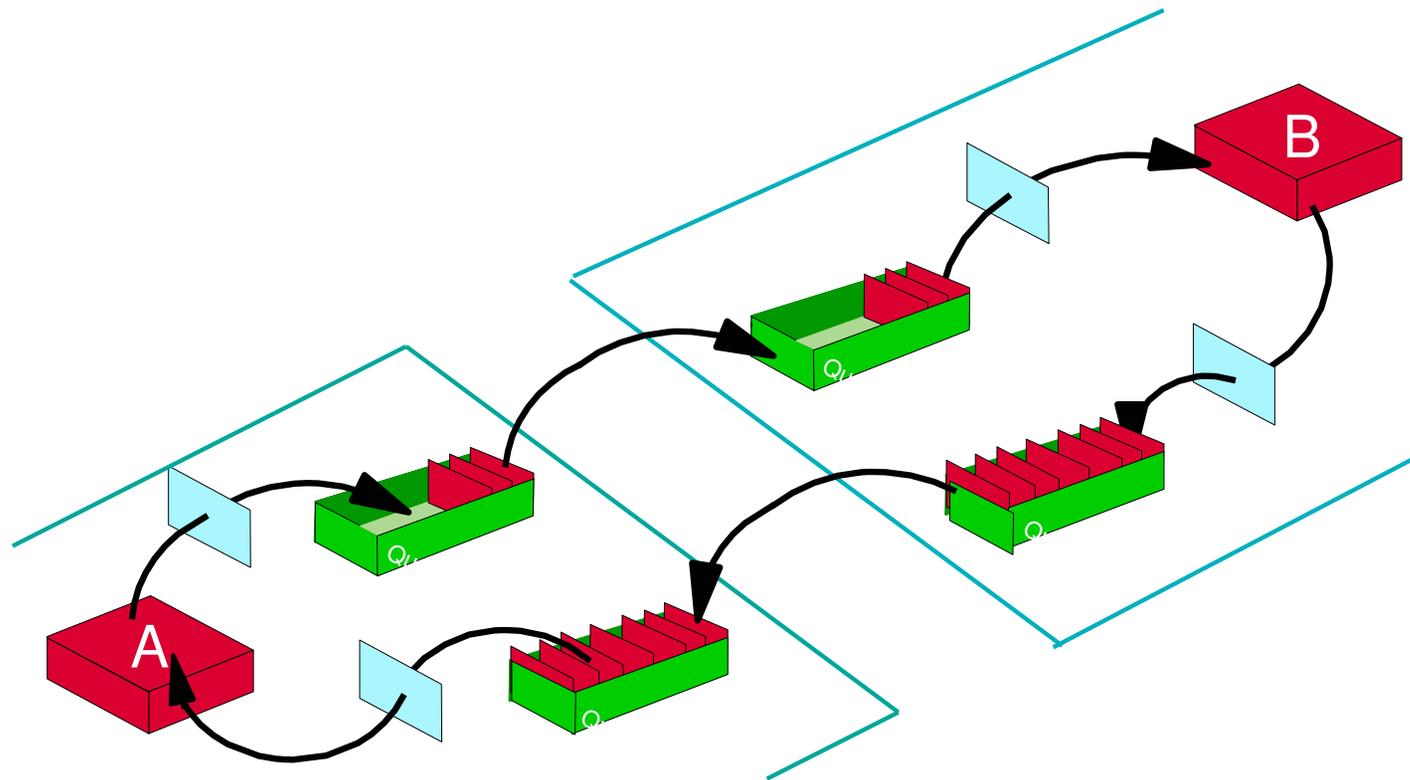
- Application Program Interface
  - Message Queuing Interface - MQI (C/C++)
  - JMS (Java)
- Logical Queues in Physical Storage
- Message Channel Agents
- Administrative Tools



# The Queue Manager



# What are Queues?



## A Queue Defines a Place to Put a Message.

- Queues can be defined as local or remote.
  - Local queues are defined on a local queue manager. Programs can put messages onto or get messages off of a local queue.
  - Remote queues point to queues not on the local queue manager. Programs can only put messages onto a remote queue.



# Transmission Queues

- Transmission queues are used by channels
  - Can store messages when a remote connection is not available.
  - Must be defined prior to creating a channel.
  - Can be used to trigger the start of a channel



## Defining a Channel

- **Channel:** a mechanism for moving messages from one queue manager to another.
  - Receiver Message Channel Agent
  - Sender Message Channel Agent
  - Communication Link (TCP/IP, SNA, etc.)
  - Transmission Queue



# Channels and Triggering

- **Triggering**

- A way to cause the queue manager to start an application automatically when predetermined conditions on a queue are satisfied.

- **Trigger Event**

- An event (such as a message arriving on a queue) that causes a queue manager to create a trigger message on an initiation queue.

- **Trigger Message**

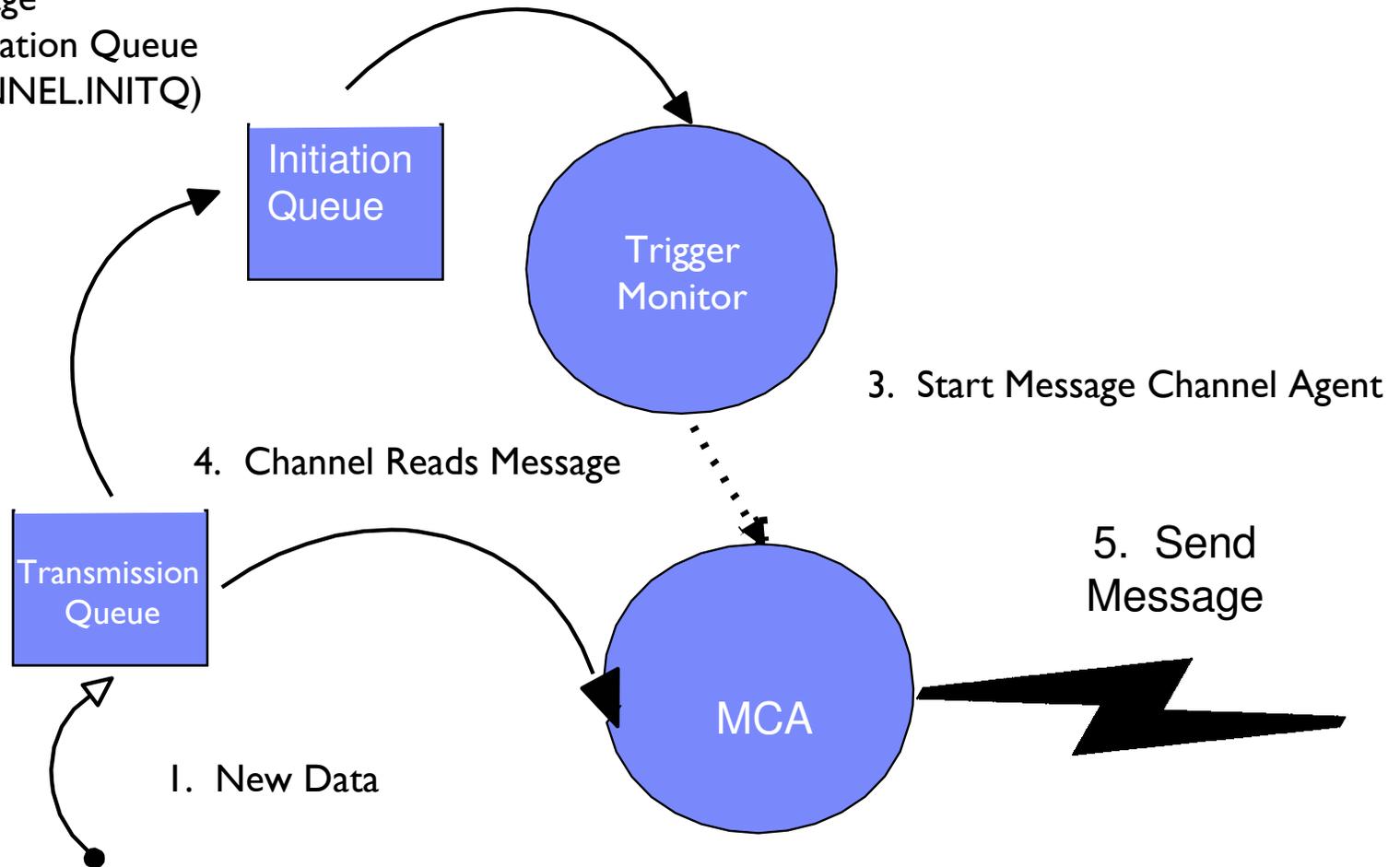
- A message containing information about the program that a trigger monitor is to start.



## Channel: Triggering the Message Channel Agent (MCA)

### 2. Trigger Message

Is placed on Initiation Queue  
(SYSTEM.CHANNEL.INITQ)



## Process definition

- A WebSphere MQ object that contains the definition of a WebSphere MQ application.
  - Application Name
  - Arguments for that application



# Trigger Monitor

- Application designed to monitor a local queue for trigger messages and take some type of action based upon that trigger message



## Initiation Queue

- The local queue that a trigger monitor will monitor. This is where trigger messages will be placed when the queue monitor detects a trigger event on a queue.



# WebSphere MQ Administrative Tools

- WebSphere MQ Explorer
- WebSphere MQ Command Line
  - *runmqsc* for Open Systems
  - *csqutil* for z/OS
- *z/OS Administration*

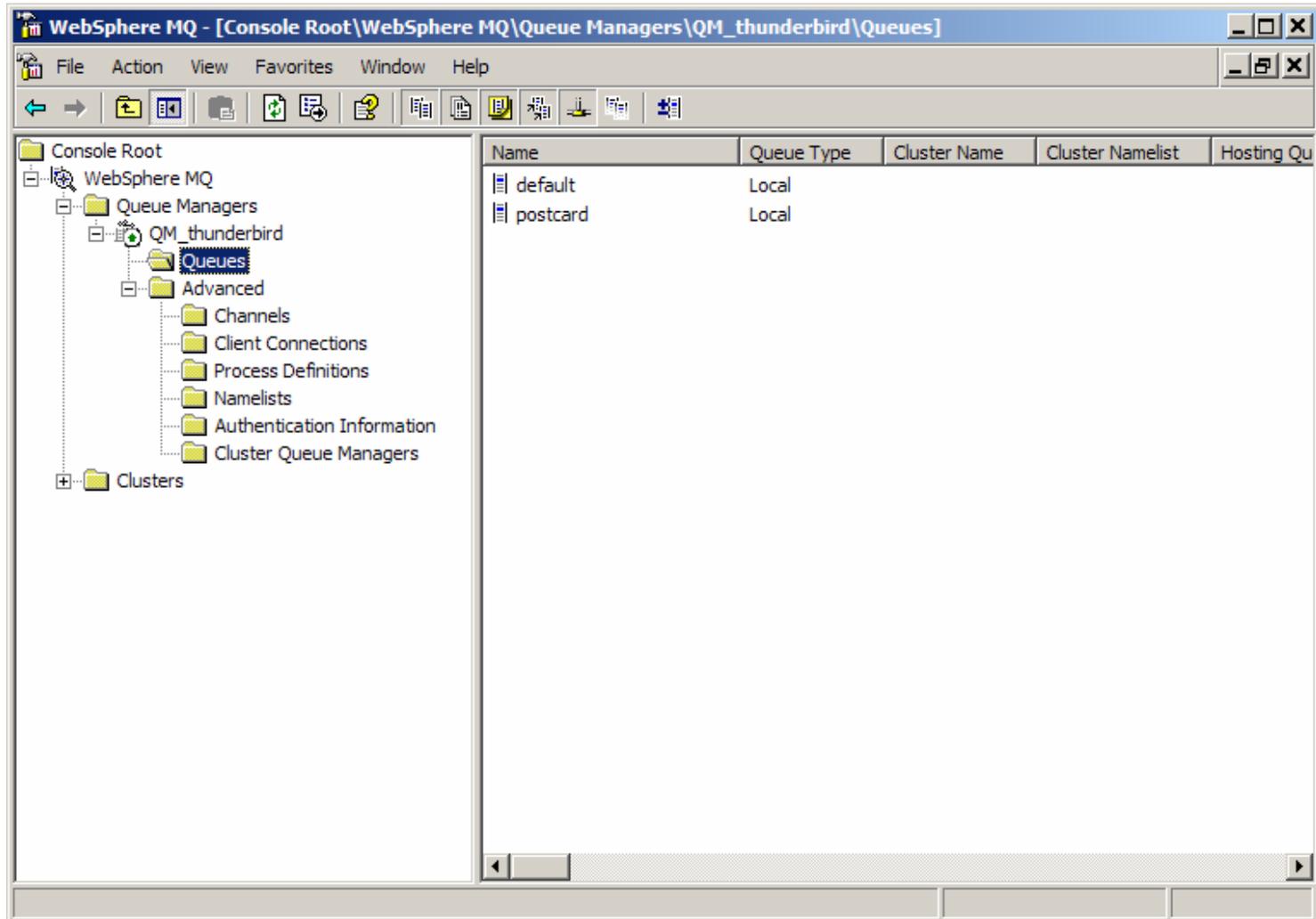


# WebSphere MQ Explorer

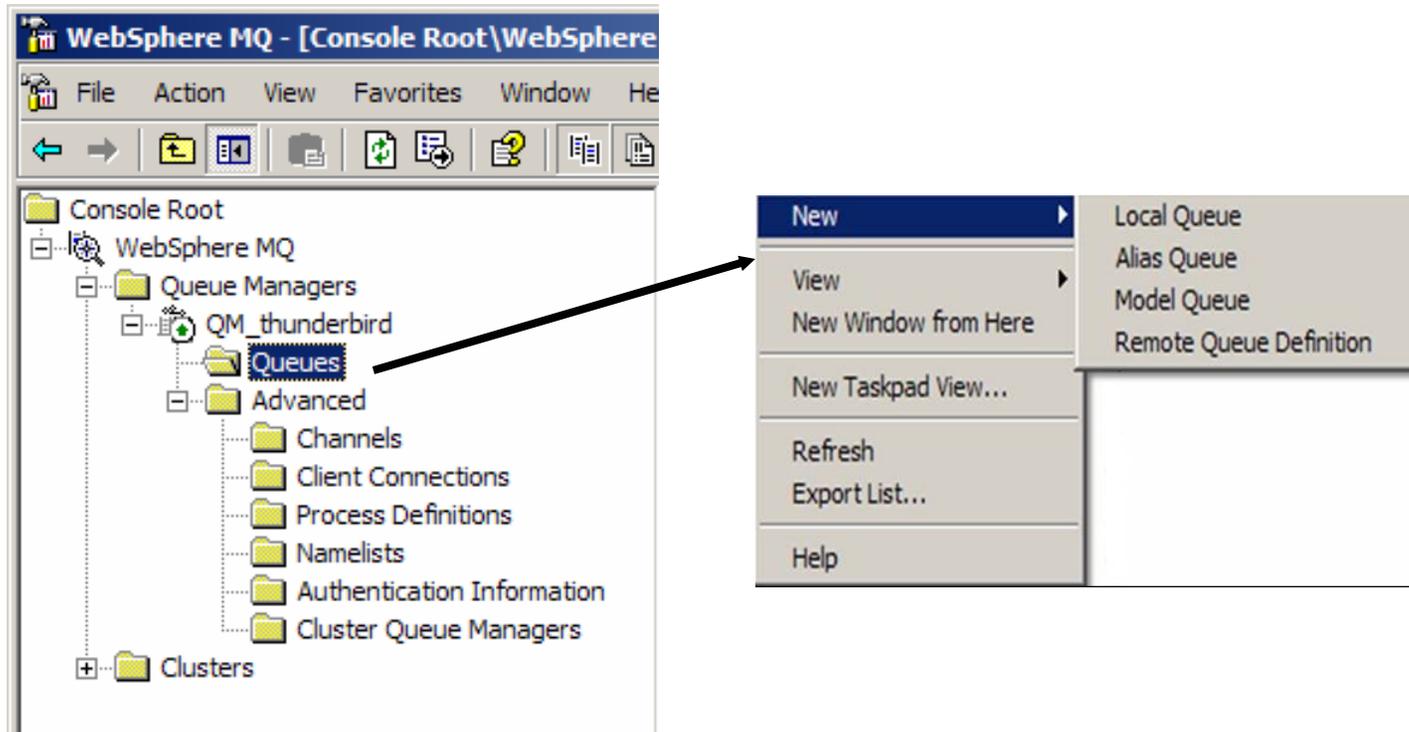
- Provides graphical interface to queue manager
- Can administer local or remote queue managers
- Manages WMQ Objects
  - Queues
  - Channels
  - Process Definitions
  - Client Connections
  - Name Lists
  - Authentication Information
  - Cluster Queue Managers



# WebSphere MQ Explorer Main Window

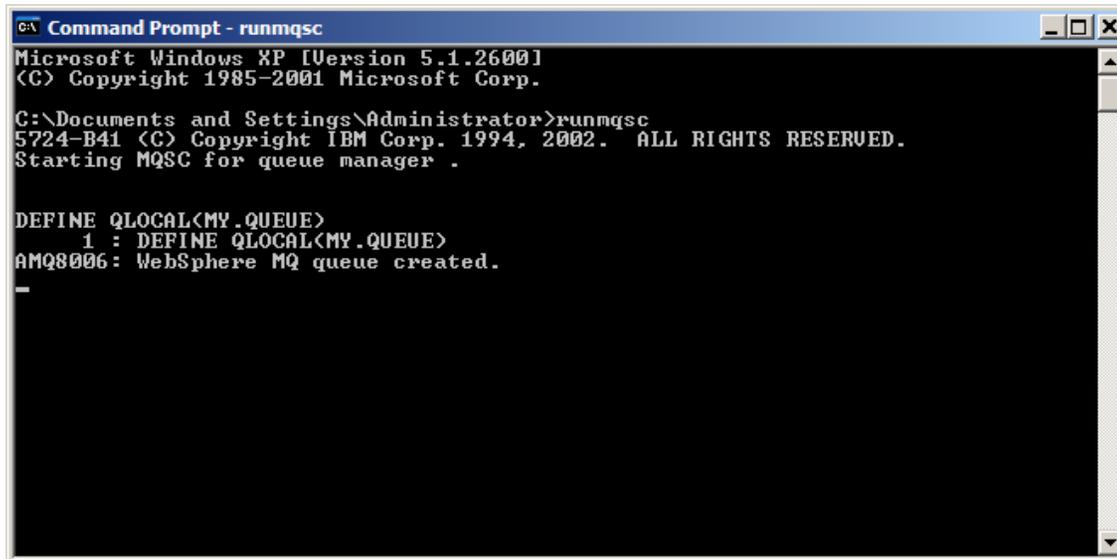


# WebSphere MQ Explorer Navigation Panel



## WebSphere MQ Command Line

- Command line interface is provided by the runmqsc command.
  - Can be used interactively
  - Can be used in batch mode



```
Command Prompt - runmqsc
Microsoft Windows XP [Version 5.1.2600]
(C) Copyright 1985-2001 Microsoft Corp.

C:\Documents and Settings\Administrator>runmqsc
5724-B41 (C) Copyright IBM Corp. 1994, 2002. ALL RIGHTS RESERVED.
Starting MQSC for queue manager .

DEFINE QLOCAL(MY.QUEUE)
  1 : DEFINE QLOCAL(MY.QUEUE)
AMQ8006: WebSphere MQ queue created.
-
```



# WebSphere Data Interchange Sample Script

```

*****/
* Program name: AdvAdapterMQ.txt                               */
*                                                       */
* Description: builds MQ queues for the WDI Default Installation */
*                                                       */
* Use: Use this file as standard input for 'runmqsc'.         */
*                                                       */
*           runmqsc QMgr < AdvAdapterMQ.txt                   */
*                                                       */
* If the default queue manager is used the QMgr parameter is not */
* needed.                                                       */
* To change the home directory for the WDIAdapter, alter the */
*   USERDATA in the PROCESS definition.                         */
*                                                       */
*****/
DEFINE PROCESS('WDI.TRANSLATOR.PROC') REPLACE +
  DESCR('WebSphere Data Interchange Adapter') +
  APPLTYPE(DEF) +
  ENVRDATA('NumThreads(1) Timeout(10000)')

*****/
* Create the input and output queues as local.                 */
*                                                       */
*   Input queues will cause a trigger message.                */
*****/
DEFINE QLOCAL('WDIAdapterCmd') REPLACE +
  DESCR('Command queue WDIserver') +
  MAXMSGL(4194304) +
  DEFPERSIST(YES) +
  BOTHRESH(0) +
  SHARE +
  GET(ENABLED) +
  PUT(ENABLED)

DEFINE QLOCAL('WDI.PRIFILE.Q') REPLACE +
  DESCR('Printfile data from WDIserver program') +
  MAXMSGL(4194304) +
  DEFPERSIST(YES) +
  BOTHRESH(0) +
  SHARE +
  GET(ENABLED) +
  PUT(ENABLED)

```



## WebSphere MQ on z/OS

- Support for MQSC
- Operations Console



# CSQUTIL with MQSC

```
HOST TS177.WS
EDIT      LWHITA3.JCL.CNTL(MQDSPQ) - 01.04      Columns 00001 00072
Command ==>                                     Scroll ==> CSR
***** Top of Data *****
000001 //MQDSPQ      JOB (IBM,DD4A,BATCH), 'LWHITAKER(427-7285)',TIME=3,
000002 //              MSGCLASS=X,MSGLEVEL=(2,0),NOTIFY=&SYSUID,
000003 //              GROUP=EDI001
000004 //*
000005 //*****
000006 //*              RUN CSQUTIL PROGRAM FOR MQM              *
000007 //* Just to create many, many local queues.              *
000008 //*****
000009 //STEP1      EXEC  PGM=CSQUTIL,PARM='MQ65'
000010 //STEPLIB   DD    DISP=SHR,DSN=MQ65.SCSQAUTH
000011 //          DD    DISP=SHR,DSN=MQ65.SCSQANLE
000012 //SYSPRINT DD    SYSOUT=*
000013 //SYSIN     DD    *
000014 COMMAND  DDNAME(CMDIN)
000015 //CMDIN    DD    *
000016
000017 DISPLAY Q(EDI.LEE*) CURDEPTH
000018 //
***** Bottom of Data *****
```



# CSQUTIL with MQSC

```

HOST TS177.WS
  Display Filter View Print Options Help
-----
SDSF OUTPUT DISPLAY MQDSPQ JOB03516 DSID 103 LINE 0 COLUMNS 02- 81
COMMAND INPUT ==> ██████████ SCROLL ==> CSR
***** TOP OF DATA *****
CSQU000I CSQUTIL IBM MQSeries for OS/390 - V5.2
CSQU001I CSQUTIL Queue Manager Utility - 2004-09-01 13:32:52
COMMAND DDNAME(CMDIN)
CSQU127I CSQUTIL Executing COMMAND using input from CMDIN data set
CSQU120I CSQUTIL Connecting to MQ65
CSQU121I CSQUTIL Connected to queue manager MQ65
CSQU055I CSQUTIL Target queue manager is MQ65

DISPLAY Q(EDI.LEE*) CURDEPTH
CSQN205I COUNT= 4, RETURN=00000000, REASON=00000000
CSQM401I MQ65
  QUEUE(EDI.LEEINPUT)
  TYPE(QLOCAL)
  CURDEPTH(0)
CSQM401I MQ65
  QUEUE(EDI.LEEOUTPUT)
  TYPE(QLOCAL)
  CURDEPTH(0)
CSQ9022I MQ65 CSQMDRTS ' DISPLAY QUEUE' NORMAL COMPLETION
CSQU057I CSQUCMDS 1 commands read
CSQU058I CSQUCMDS 1 commands issued and responses received, 0 failed
CSQU143I CSQUTIL 1 COMMAND statements attempted
CSQU144I CSQUTIL 1 COMMAND statements executed successfully
CSQU148I CSQUTIL Utility completed, return code=0
***** BOTTOM OF DATA *****

```



# Operation

HOST TS177.WS

IBM MQSeries for OS/390 - Main Menu

Complete fields. Then press Enter.

Select a Valid Object Type

Object type . . . . . 2

<p><b>Queue objects</b></p> <p>1. QUEUE . . . Any type</p> <p>2. QLOCAL . . Local</p> <p>3. QREMOTE . . Remote</p> <p>4. QALIAS . . Alias</p> <p>5. QMODEL . . Model</p> <p>6. QSTATUS . . Status</p> <p><b>Other objects</b></p> <p>7. PROCESS . . Process</p> <p>8. NAMELIST . . Namelist</p> <p>9. MANAGER . . Queue manager</p> <p>10. STGCLASS . . Storage class</p> <p>11. SYSTEM . . System function</p> <p>12. SECURITY . . Security</p>	<p><b>Channel objects</b></p> <p>13. CHANNEL . . Any type</p> <p>14. SENDER . . . Sender</p> <p>15. SERVER . . . Server</p> <p>16. RECEIVER . . Receiver</p> <p>17. REQUESTER . . Requester</p> <p>18. SVRCONN . . Server-connection</p> <p>19. CLNTCONN . . Client-connection</p> <p>20. CLUSRCVR . . Cluster-receiver</p> <p>21. CLUSSDR . . Cluster-sender</p> <p><b>Cluster objects</b></p> <p>22. CLUSQMGR . . Queue manager</p> <p>23. CLUSCHL . . Channel</p> <p>24. CLUSQ . . . Queue</p>
--	---

F1=Help      F2=Split      F9=Swap      F12=Cancel

Command ==>      F1=Help      F2=Split      F3=Exit      F4=Prompt      F9=Swap      F10=Messages  
 F12=Cancel

MA a 07/034

Command ==>      F1=Help      F2=Split      F3=Exit      F4=Prompt      F9=Swap      F10=Messages  
 F12=Cancel

MA a 41/015

# z/OS Operations Panel

```

HOST TS177.WS
List Local Queues Row 1 of 14

Type action codes. Then press Enter.
1=Display 2=Define like 3=Alter 4=Manage

Name Disposition Get Put Usage
SYSTEM.ADMIN.CHANNEL.EVENT QMGR MQ65 Y Y N N F
SYSTEM.ADMIN.PERFM.EVENT QMGR MQ65 Y Y N N F
SYSTEM.ADMIN.QMGR.EVENT QMGR MQ65 Y Y N N F
SYSTEM.CHANNEL.COMMAND QMGR MQ65 Y Y N N N
SYSTEM.CHANNEL.INITQ QMGR MQ65 Y Y N N N
SYSTEM.CHANNEL.REPLY.INFO QMGR MQ65 Y Y N N N
SYSTEM.CHANNEL.SEQNO QMGR MQ65 Y Y N N N
SYSTEM.CHANNEL.SYNCO QMGR MQ65 Y Y N N N
SYSTEM.CLUSTER.COMMAND.QUEUE QMGR MQ65 Y Y N N N
SYSTEM.CLUSTER.REPOSITORY.QUEUE QMGR MQ65 Y Y N N N
SYSTEM.CLUSTER.TRANSMIT.QUEUE QMGR MQ65 Y Y X Y F
1 SYSTEM.COMMAND.INPUT QMGR MQ65 Y Y N N N
SYSTEM.CSQOREXX.BBC19101AF845302 QMGR MQ65 Y Y N N N
SYSTEM.DEFAULT.LOCAL.QUEUE QMGR MQ65 Y Y N N N
***** End of list *****

Command ==>
F1=Help F2=Split F3=Exit F4=Attr F5=Refresh F6=Clusinfo
F7=Bkwd F8=Fwd F9=Swap F10=Messages F11=Status F12=Cancel
MA a A 41/015
    
```



# z/OS Operations Panel

```

HOST TS177.WS
Display a Local Queue

Press F8 to see further fields, or Enter to refresh details.

Queue name . . . . . : SYSTEM.COMMAND.INPUT
Disposition . . . . . : QMGR MQ65
Description . . . . . : System-command input queue
More: +

Put enabled . . . . . : Y Y=Yes,N=No
Get enabled . . . . . : Y Y=Yes,N=No
Usage . . . . . : N N=Normal,X=XmitQ
Storage class . . . . . : COMMANDS
CF structure name . . . . . :
Creation method . . . . . : PREDEFINED

Output use count . . . . . : 1
Input use count . . . . . : 1
Current queue depth . . . . . : 0

Command ==>
F1=Help      F2=Split    F3=Exit     F6=Clusinfo F7=Bkwd     F8=Fwd
F9=Swap      F10=Messages F11=Appls  F12=Cancel

MA a A 06/032
    
```



# z/OS Operations Panel

```
HOST TS177.WS
Display a System Function
Select function type, then press Enter to display details.
Function type . . . . . 1      1. Distributed queueing
                               2. Threads, active summary
                               3. Threads, full details
                               4. Page set usage
                               5. Queue-sharing group
Action queue manager . . . . : MQ65

Command ==>
F1=Help      F2=Split      F3=Exit      F9=Swap      F10=Messages F12=Cancel
Mâ a
42/015
```



# z/OS Operations Panel

```

HOST TS177.WS
Display a System Function
S          Display messages          Row 1 of 13
F
CSQX830I M065 CSQXRDQM Channel initiator active
CSQX845I M065 CSQXRDQM TCP/IP system name is TCPIP
CSQX846I M065 CSQXRDQM TCP/IP listener INDISP=QMGR started,
for port 1665 address *
A
CSQX847I M065 CSQXRDQM LU 6.2 listener INDISP=QMGR started,
for LU name M065
CSQX831I M065 CSQXRDQM 8 adapter subtasks started, 8 requested
CSQX832I M065 CSQXRDQM 5 dispatchers started, 5 requested
CSQX840I M065 CSQXRDQM 2 channel connections current, maximum 200
CSQX841I M065 CSQXRDQM 0 channel connections active, maximum 200
CSQX842I M065 CSQXRDQM 0 channel connections starting,
2 stopped, 0 retrying
CSQ9022I M065 CSQXCRPS ' DISPLAY DQM' NORMAL COMPLETION
          ***** End of list *****

Command ==>
F1=Help    F2=Split    F3=Exit    F7=Bkwd    F8=Fwd     F9=Swap
F12=Cancel

Command ==>
F1=Help    F2=Split    F3=Exit    F9=Swap    F10=Messages F12=Cancel
MA a
37/019
    
```



# z/OS Operations Panel: manage local queue

```

HOST TS177.WS
Manage a Local Queue

Select function type, then press Enter.

Function type . . . . . ■      1. Delete
                                2. Create a local copy on MQ65
                                3. Refresh local copy
                                4. Clear messages
                                5. Move messages to another queue
                                6. Add messages to another queue

Queue name . . . . . : EDI.LEEINPUT
Queue type . . . . . : QLOCAL
Disposition . . . . . : OMGR MQ65
Description . . . . . : Lee Whitaker input data

To queue name (Move/Add) . . _____

Command ==> _____
F1=Help      F2=Split      F3=Exit      F9=Swap      F10=Messages F12=Cancel

Mâ a
06/032
    
```



# Command Interface Panel

```

HOST TS177.WS
----- MQM MVS/ESA Command Interface -----
COMMAND ==>
Connect to MQM      ==> MQ65          Wait-For ==> 0003          Caps ==> ON
SysCmd Queue       ==> SYSTEM.COMMAND.INPUT
On MQM             ==> MQ65
MQM Command        ==> DIS QMGR ALL

----- Command Results: -----
***** Bottom of data *****
    
```



# CSQUTIL with COPY

```
HOST TS177.WS
EDIT      LWHITA3.JCL.GNTL(CSQUNLD) - 01.00      Columns 00001 00072
Command ==>                                     Scroll ==> CSR
***** Top of Data *****
000001 //CSQUNLD  JOB (IBM,DD4A,BATCH), 'LWHITAKER(427-7285)',
000002 //          MSGCLASS=X,MSGLEVEL=(1,1),NOTIFY=&SYSUID
000003 //*
000004 //*****
000005 //* This will  RUN CSQUTIL PROGRAM FOR MQM          *
000006 //*****
000007 //*
000008 //STEP1      EXEC  PGM=CSQUTIL,PARM='MQ65'
000009 //STEPLIB   DD    DISP=SHR,DSN=MQ65.SCSQAUTH
000010 //          DD    DISP=SHR,DSN=MQ65.SCSQANLE
000011 //*
000012 //SYSPRINT  DD    SYSOUT=*
000013 //MSGCOPY   DD    DISP=(MOD,KEEP),DSN=&SYSUID..TEMP.QUEUE,
000014 //          UNIT=SYSDA,LRECL=1000,BLKSIZE=0,RECFM=VB,
000015 //          SPACE=(TRK,(20,5),RLSE)
000016 //SYSIN     DD    *
000017 COPY     QUEUE(EDI.LEEINPUT) DDNAME(MSGCOPY)
000018 //
***** Bottom of Data *****
```



# CSQUTIL with COPY

```
HOST TS177.WS
  Display Filter View Print Options Help
-----
SDSF OUTPUT DISPLAY CSQUNLD JOB03940 DSID 102 LINE 0 COLUMNS 02- 81
COMMAND INPUT ==> ██████████ SCROLL ==> CSR
***** TOP OF DATA *****
CSQU000I CSQUTIL IBM MQSeries for OS/390 - V5.2
CSQU001I CSQUTIL Queue Manager Utility - 2004-09-01 14:41:21
COPY QUEUE(EDI.LEEINPUT) DDNAME(MSGCOPY)
CSQU128I CSQUTIL Executing COPY outputting to MSGCOPY data set
CSQU130I CSQUTIL Copying queue EDI.LEEINPUT
CSQU120I CSQUTIL Connecting to MQ65
CSQU121I CSQUTIL Connected to queue manager MQ65
CSQU005I CSQUOFFQ COMMIT successfully completed
CSQU131I CSQUTIL 52 messages copied successfully
CSQU132I CSQUTIL 105 records written
CSQU133I CSQUTIL 1 queues attempted
CSQU134I CSQUTIL 1 queues copied successfully
CSQU143I CSQUTIL 1 COPY statements attempted
CSQU144I CSQUTIL 1 COPY statements executed successfully
CSQU148I CSQUTIL Utility completed, return code=0
***** BOTTOM OF DATA *****
```



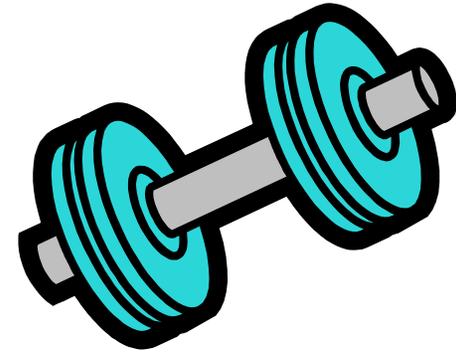
# CSQUTIL: empty a queue

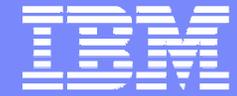
```
HOST TS177.WS
EDIT      LWHTIA3.JCL.GNTL(CSQEMPTY) - 01.01      No CHARS 'LWHTIA3' found
Command ==>                                     Scroll ==> CSR
***** Top of Data *****
000001 //CSQEMPTY JOB (IBM,DD4A,BATCH), 'LWHITAKER(427-7285)',TIME=3,
000002 //          MSGCLASS=X,MSGLEVEL=(2,0),NOTIFY=&SYSUID,
000003 //          GROUP=EDI001
000004 //PROCLIB JCLLIB ORDER=(EDI.TE62RGT.PROCLIB)
000005 //*****
000006 //* This will RUN CSQUTIL PROGRAM FOR MQ65 *
000007 //*****
000008 //*
000009 //STEP1      EXEC    PGM=CSQUTIL,PARM='MQ65'
000010 //STEPLIB    DD      DISP=SHR,DSN=MQ65.SCSQAUTH
000011 //          DD      DISP=SHR,DSN=MQ65.SCSQANLE
000012 //*
000013 //SYSPRINT   DD      SYSOUT=*
000014 //SYSIN      DD      *
000015 EMPTY QUEUE(EDI.TE62.QUEUE1)
000016 EMPTY QUEUE(EDI.TE62.QUEUE2)
000017 //
***** Bottom of Data *****
MA a 02/015
```



## WebSphere MQ Exercise

- What you will be able to do:
  - Create a remote queue definition
  - Create a transmission queue
  - Create a channel
  - Send a test message to the remote queue





IBM Software Group

# WDI Server

**WebSphere.** software



 e-business software

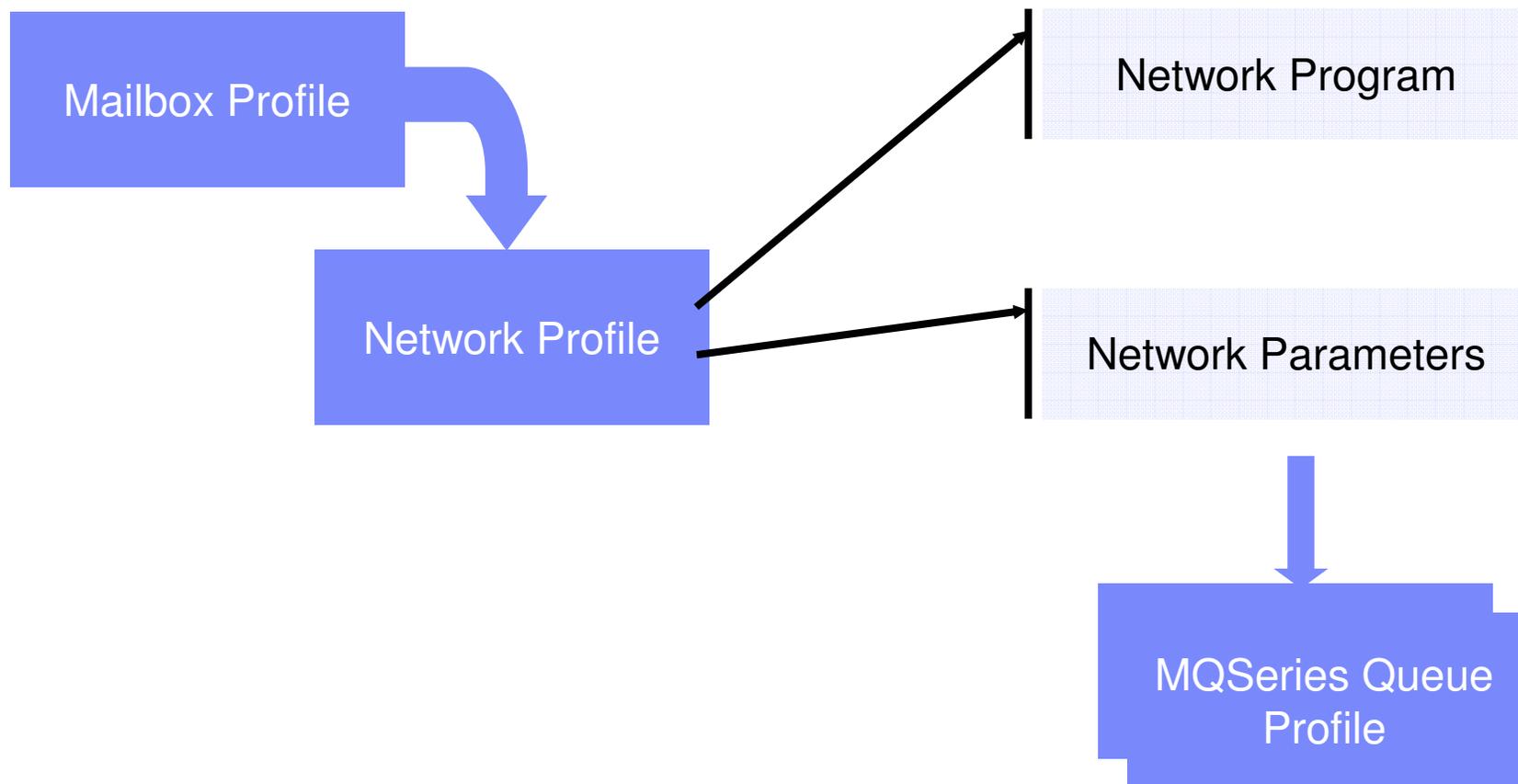
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# WDI Profiles for WMQ Integration

- Mailbox Profile
- Network Profile
- MQSeries Queue Profile



# WDI Profiles Overview



## Mailbox Profile

- **Mailbox Profile** describes the individual users or groups who request network services for sending or receiving documents, EDI transactions, messages, or files on a WebSphere Data Interchange System.



## Network Profile

- **Network Profile** defines the characteristics of a network you use for communications with trading partners. It provides options and parameters used when communicating with the network. A Network profile may also be used to identify the MQSeries Queue profiles used when sending or receiving documents from a trading partner.



# Network Programs

- EDIMQS
  - Simple MQ interface
- EDIRFH2
  - Includes RFH header support
- EDICYCL
  - Sets special properties required by Cyclone



# Network Parameters

- SENDMQ=PROF\_NAME
- RECEIVEMQ=PROF\_NAME

The screenshot shows the 'Thunderbird - Network Profile - EDI' dialog box with the 'General' tab selected. The 'Network Parameters' field contains the text 'SENDMQ=EDI\_OUT RECEIVEMQ=EDI\_I'. Other fields include Network ID (EDI), Description (Network program for EDI data), Communication Routine (VANIMQ), Network Name (MQSeries), Network Program (EDIRFH2), Envelope File (EDI\_OUT), and Network Sequence (00414).

Field	Value
Network ID	EDI
Description	Network program for EDI data
Communication Routine	VANIMQ
Network Name	MQSeries
Network Program	EDIRFH2
Network Parameters	SENDMQ=EDI_OUT RECEIVEMQ=EDI_I
Input File	
Envelope File	EDI_OUT
Acknowledgement File	
Message Text Header	
Network Sequence	00414
System Type	
Input Record Length	
Envelope Record Length	
Output File	
Message Handler	
Time Zone	
System Level	



## MQSeries Queue Profile

- **MQSeries Queue Profile** associates a logical name with a physical WebSphere MQ message queue. Message queue processing options are also identified in the MQSeries Queue profile. There will at least one MQSeries Queue profile for each WebSphere MQ message queue used by WebSphere Data Interchange. Additional MQSeries Queue profiles can be defined for a single message queue when different processing options will be used for the same message queue.



## Profiles Summary

- Defined Mailbox Profiles
- Defined Network Profiles
- Defined three WMQ related Network Programs
- Defined purpose of Network Parameters
- Defined the MQSeries Queue Profile



# WDI Reading from and Writing to WMQ Queues

- SEND/RECEIVE COMMANDS
- PERFORM TRANSFORM
- Using MQ File Type
- Exercise

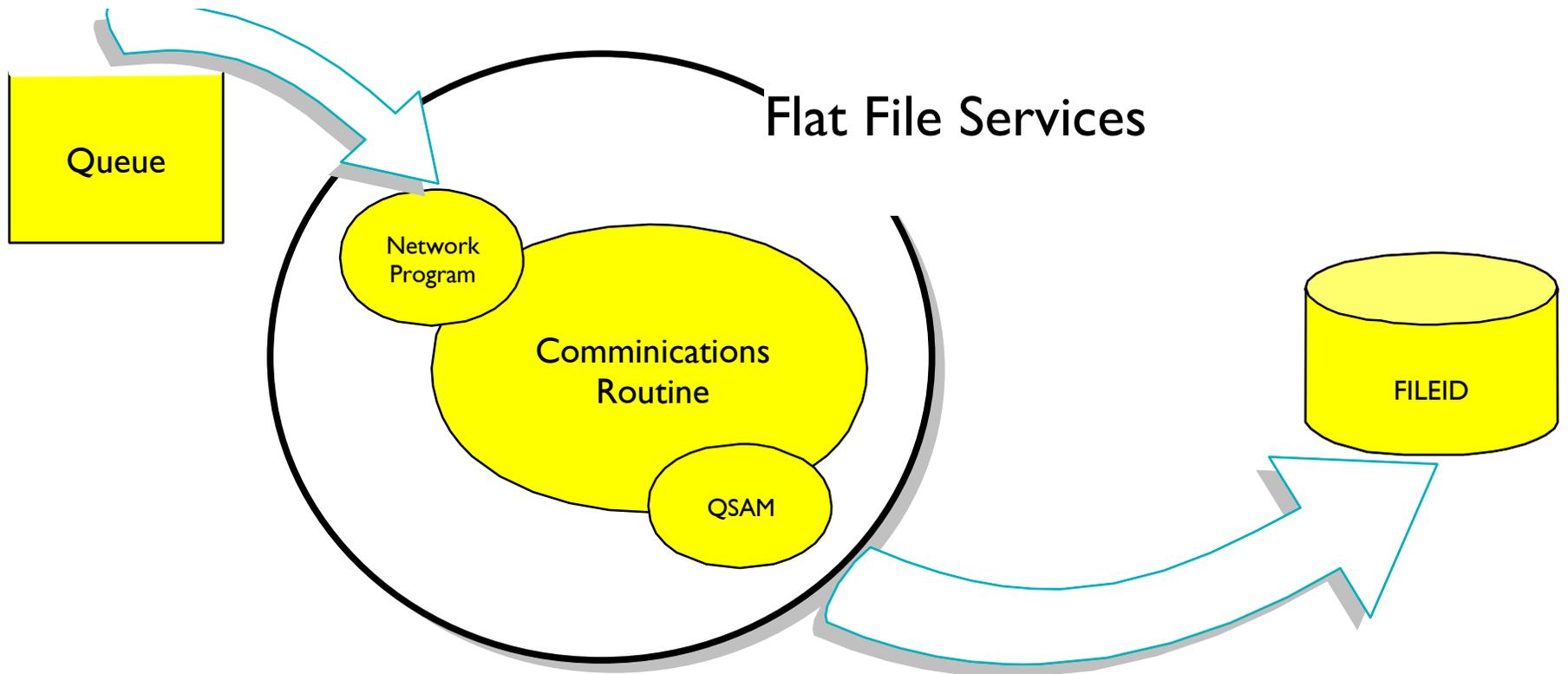


# Perform Commands

- SEND and RECEIVE
- SENDFILE and RECVFILE
- RECEIVE AND SEND



# Perform Commands: Receive (or Send)



PERFORM RECEIVE WHERE REQID()



## Perform Commands – Send/Receive

- REQID – valid mail box profile
- FILEID – Logical name of file to send
- CLEARFILE – should the file be cleared before the Receive or after the Send
- DELFILE – remove ADF input after a TRANSLATE



## PERFORM Commands– Reading From WMQ

- PERFORM TRANSFORM WHERE
  - INFILE(Q\_PROF) INTYPE(MQ)
  - OUTFILE(Q\_PROF) OUTTYPE(MQ)



## PERFORM Commands – OUTTYPE(MQ)

- Things to keep in mind with OUTTYPE(MQ)
  - Physical filename needs to be specified
  - OUTFILE must identify a **Mailbox Profile**

FF0007 Data was written to EDI\_OUT. Message control number or document id was 000000022.

FF0585 The PERFORM TRANSFORM command completed successfully.

FF0110 Unable to retrieve mailbox or requestor profile EDI\_OUT, return code = 8 extended return code = 301.



## Using File Type MQ – Usages

- Document Destination
  - Name specifies the Mailbox Profile
  - Type drop down must specify “MQ”



## INTYPE(MQ) Example

- Two XML to EDI scenarios
  - PERFORM TRANSFORM INTYPE(MQ)
  - PERFORM TRANSFORM using File Type MQ on Rule



# Command Chaining

- We want to be able to understand the following:
  - What is command chaining?
  - What functionality does it provide?
  - What is a Service Profile?
  - What determines which Service Profile is used?
  - How does command chaining work?

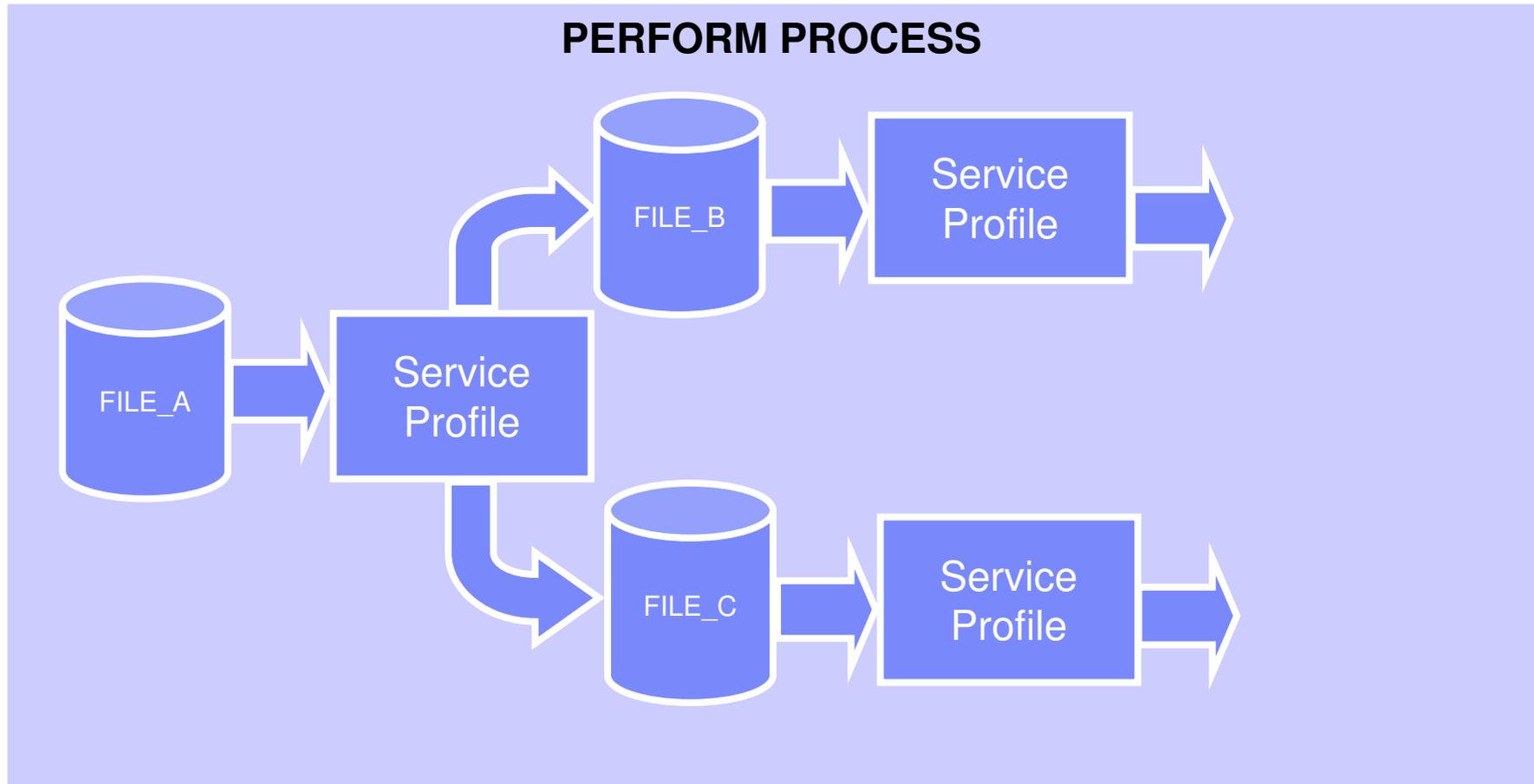


## What is Command Chaining?

- Introduced with the PROCESS keyword
- Uses PERFORM command templates
- Allows dynamic command substitutions
- Invokes commands when logical files are available
- Used by WDIAdapter and WDI Server



# Command Chaining Overview



## What functionality does it provide?

- New level of flexibility for solutions.
  - Appropriate action can be taken for each input source.
  - The output of one command becomes input for additional commands.
- Provides the foundation upon which the WDIAdapter and WDI Server programs are built.



## What is a Service Profile?

- Service Profiles provide the link between a data source and the specific PERFORM command that will be used to process data found on that data source. The service profile also defines all the files required by the PERFORM command.



## Elements of a Service Profile

- Service Profile name
- PERFORM command
- Criteria for continuing the chain
- Input and output file names



## What determines which Service Profile is used?

- Process to select a service profile:
  - Logical file has been closed
  - Logical file name matches a Service Profile
  - The current error level matches Service profile criteria

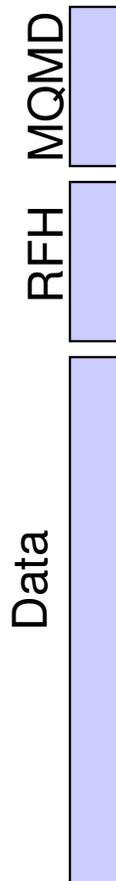


## Command Substitution

- Information from the RFH2 header can be used to specify parameters in a PERFORM command in a Service Profile.
  - Perform command arguments are put into the <usr> folder of the RFH2 header.
  - &TagName is used on the PERFORM COMMAND to substitute the value from the RFH2 header.



# Command Substitution



The following folder names are defined for use by WebSphere products:

<mcd>	Message content descriptor
<psc>	Publish/subscribe command
<pscr>	Publish/subscribe command response
<usr>	<fmtid> <b>POHD1</b> </fmtid>



## Command Substitution

- **PERFORM TRANSFORM WHERE DOCID(&fmtid)**
  - &fmtid will be replaced with the value from the element in the user folder

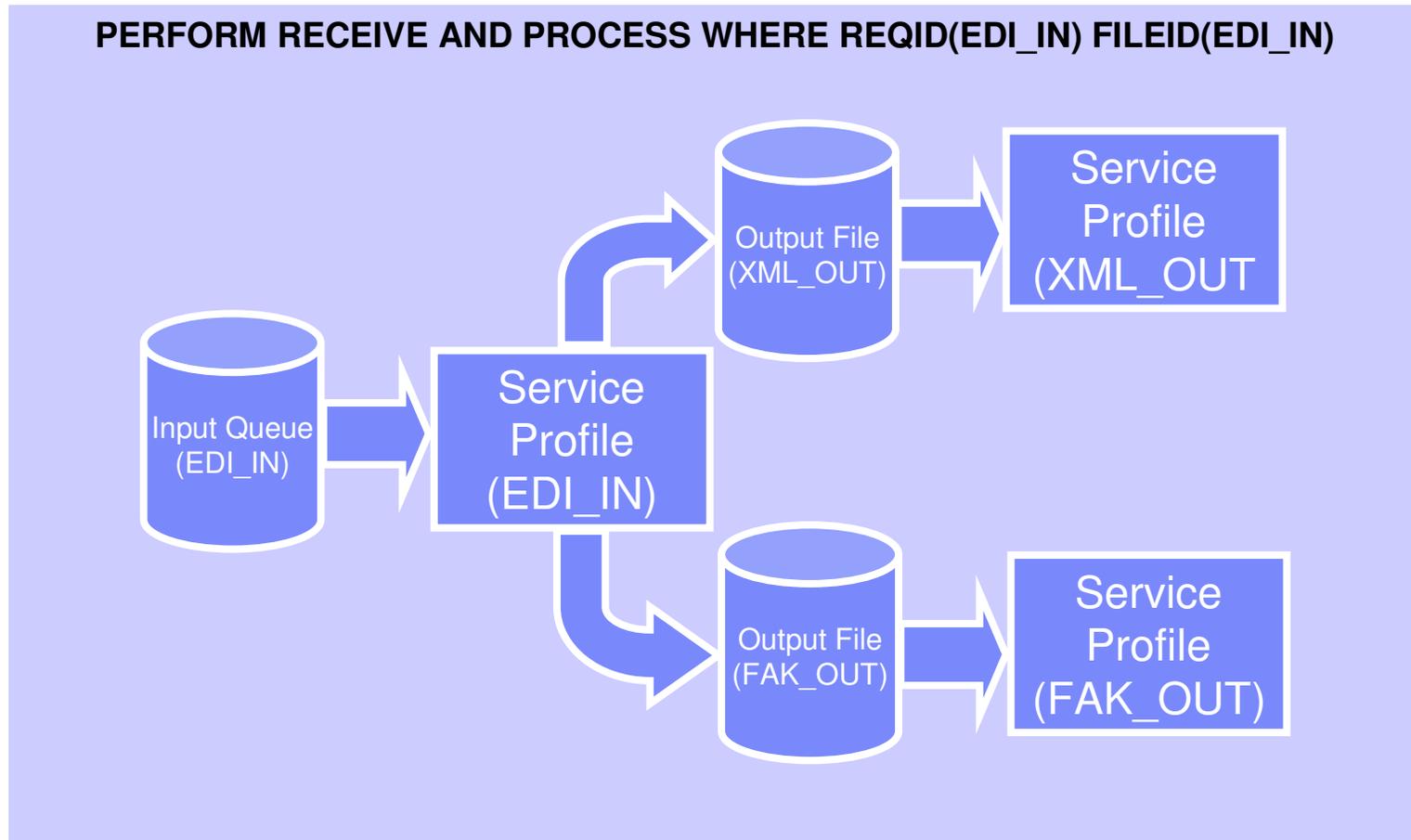


## How does command chaining work?

- **PERFORM RECEIVE AND PROCESS**
  - REQID – Names a Mailbox Profile
  - FILEID – Logical filename
- **PERFORM PROCESS**
  - FILEID – Logical filename



# EDI to XML Example



## Command Chaining Summary

- Defined command chaining
- Explained Service Profiles
- Explained how Service Profiles are selected
- Discussed ways to start command chaining

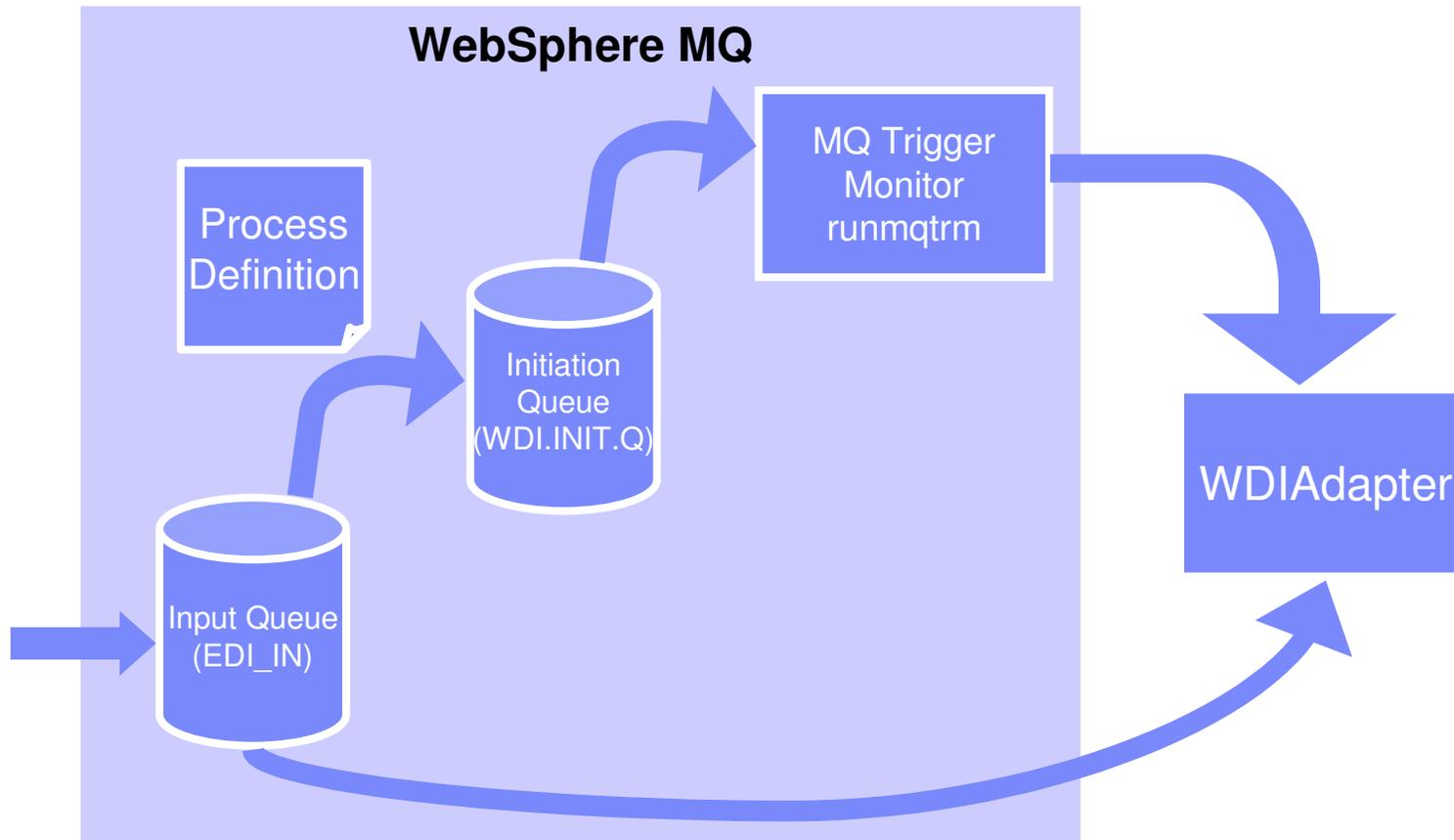


# WDIAdapter Program

- Overview of WDIAdapter
- Setting up WMQ Objects
- Configuring WDIAdapter Parameters
- Tips and Tricks



# WDIAdapter Overview



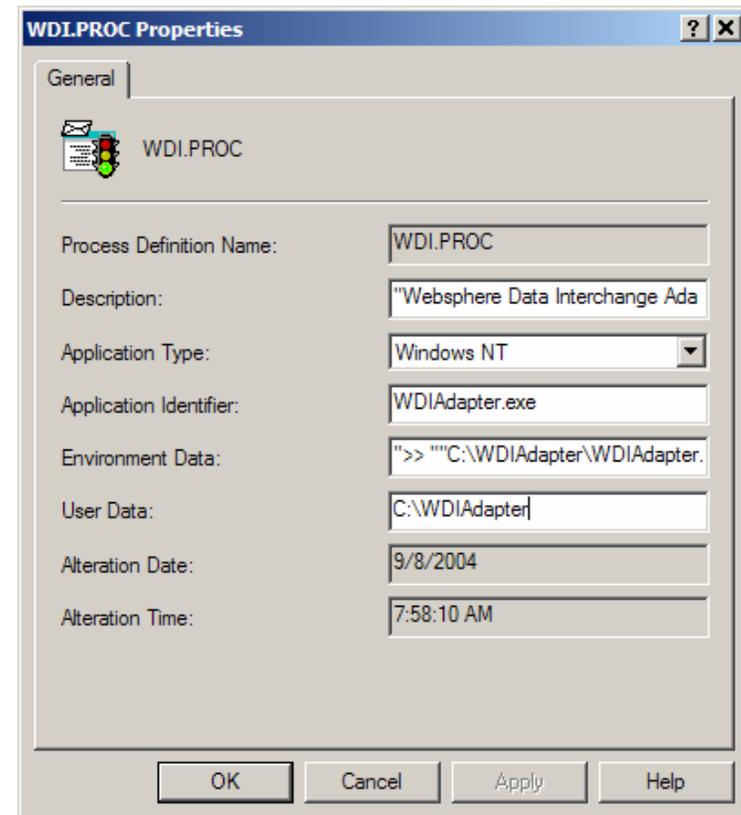
## Setting up MQ Objects for WDIAdapter

- Setup Script “wdimqcommands.txt”
  - Process Definition – WDI.PROC
  - Initiation Queue – WDI.INIT.Q
  - Default Input/Output queues
- Execute script with runmqsc command
  - runmqsc < wdimqcommands.txt



# Process Definition

- WDI.PROC
  - Environment Data
  - User Data



The screenshot shows the 'WDI.PROC Properties' dialog box with the 'General' tab selected. The dialog contains the following fields:

Field	Value
Process Definition Name:	WDI.PROC
Description:	"WebSphere Data Interchange Ada
Application Type:	Windows NT
Application Identifier:	WDIAdapter.exe
Environment Data:	">> ""C:\WDIAdapter\WDIAdapter.
User Data:	C:\WDIAdapter\
Alteration Date:	9/8/2004
Alteration Time:	7:58:10 AM

Buttons at the bottom: OK, Cancel, Apply, Help.



## Configuring WDIAdapter with “wdi.properties”

- The “wdi.properties” file specifies:
  - Directories to be used
  - Database Name
  - Language Code
  - Wait Time



## Directories to be used

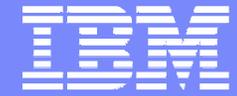
- `runtime` directory – location of WDI executables
- `data` directory – working directory for WDIAdapter
- `rcv` directory – Receive file directory
- `prt` directory – Print file directory
- `dtdd` directory – directory for DTD files



## Database Name, Language Code, Wait Time

- Database Name “EDIEC32E”
  - User id and password can be specified
- Language code
  - Identifies the Language Profile to be used
- Wait Time
  - Indicates how long WDIAdapter will wait for a message





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# Tips and Tricks

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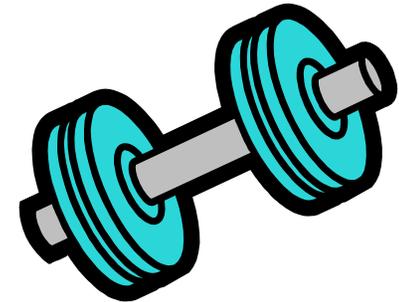
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## Tips and Tricks

- **WDIAdapter will not Trigger**
  - Check the open input count on WDI.INIT.Q
  - Ensure triggering is enabled
- **WDIAdapter on AIX**
  - Check the permissions on the runmqtrm executable
  - Ensure ownership of working directory for WDIAdapter



## WDIAdapter Exercise



- In this exercise you will:
  - Create an input queue
  - Setup triggering
  - Start the trigger monitor (runmqtrm)
  - Transform an XML document to EDI using WDIAdapter

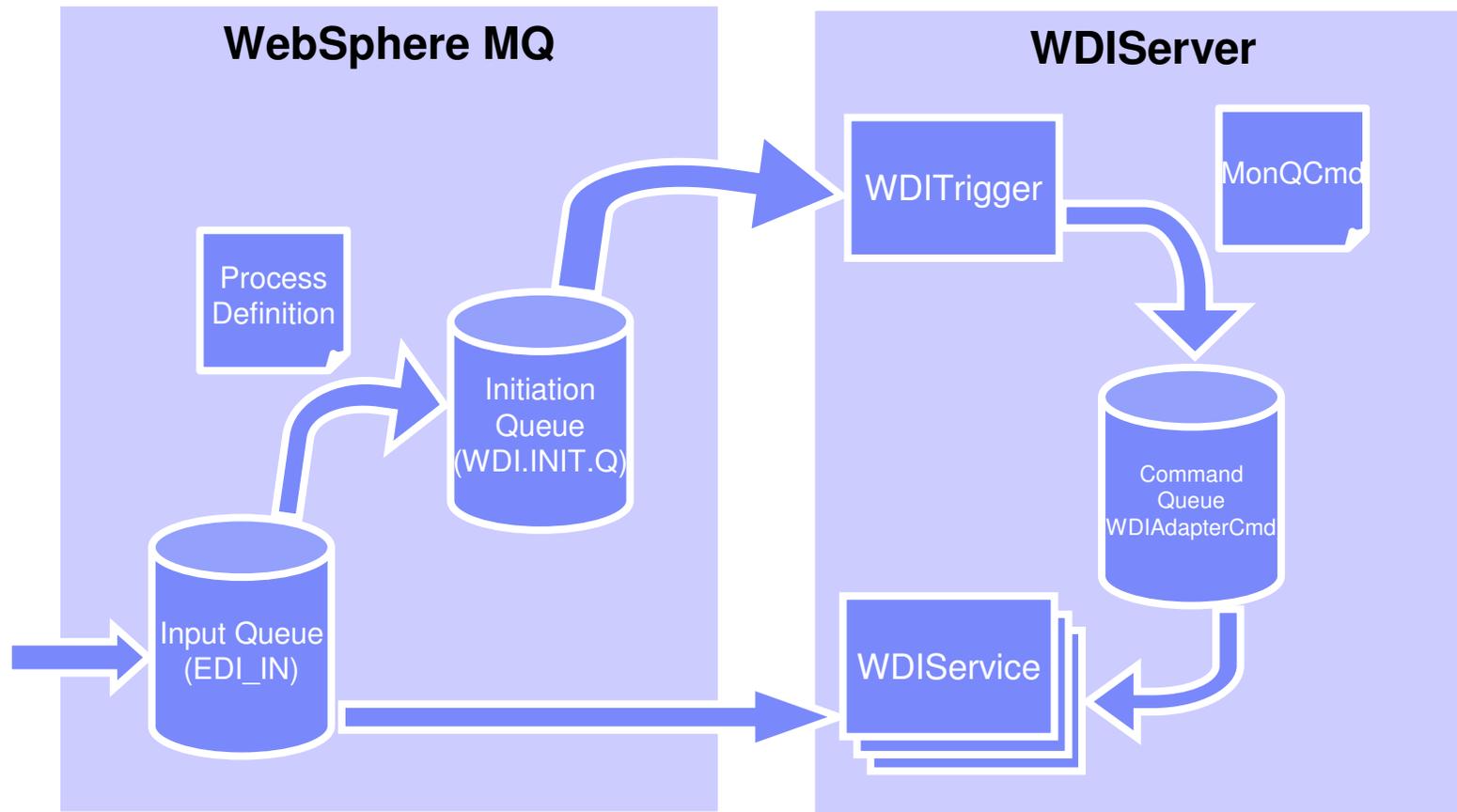


# WDIServer Program

- Overview of WDIServer
- Setting up WMQ Objects
- Configuring WDIServer
- Added Benefits of WDIServer



# WDIServer Overview



## Setting up MQ Objects

- AdvAdapterMQ.txt
  - Creates WDI.TRANSLATOR.PROC
  - Creates WDIAdapterCmd Queue



## WDI.TRANSLATOR.PROC

- New process definition for WDIServer
- Parameters can be passed on “Environment Data”
  - NumThreads – number of translators from pool to assign
  - Timeout – amount of time in microseconds to wait
  - ReqId – value for REQID keyword
  - FileId – value for FILEID keyword



## Input Queue - Trigger Data

- Trigger Data can pass parameters
- Environment Data can pass parameters
- Not on both



## Large Queue Names

- Long queue names supported with WDIServer
  - Passing Reqld and FileId allows this
  - Default is to use Queue Name for both



# Configuring WDI Server

- qmgrname
- initq
- numtranslators
- genprtfile
  - Always/onerror – on error is default
- Keeparchive
  - Always/onerror – never is default



## Starting WDIServer

- WDIServer will look for properties when started
  - Current working directory
  - WDISERVER\_PROPERTIES environment variable
- Initializes translator pool (WDIService processes)
  - Each translator creates a directory
  - WDITransCmdQ\_XXXX
- Creates archive directory



## Starting WDI Server on AIX

- Extended Shared Memory
  - export EXTSHM=ON



## Added Benefits of WDIServer

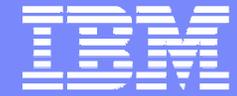
- Multiple Translators per queue
- The ability to use long queue names



## WDIServer Exercise

- In this exercise you will:
  - Perform the same transformation from the WDIAdapter exercise using the WDIServer program.





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# WDI and CICS

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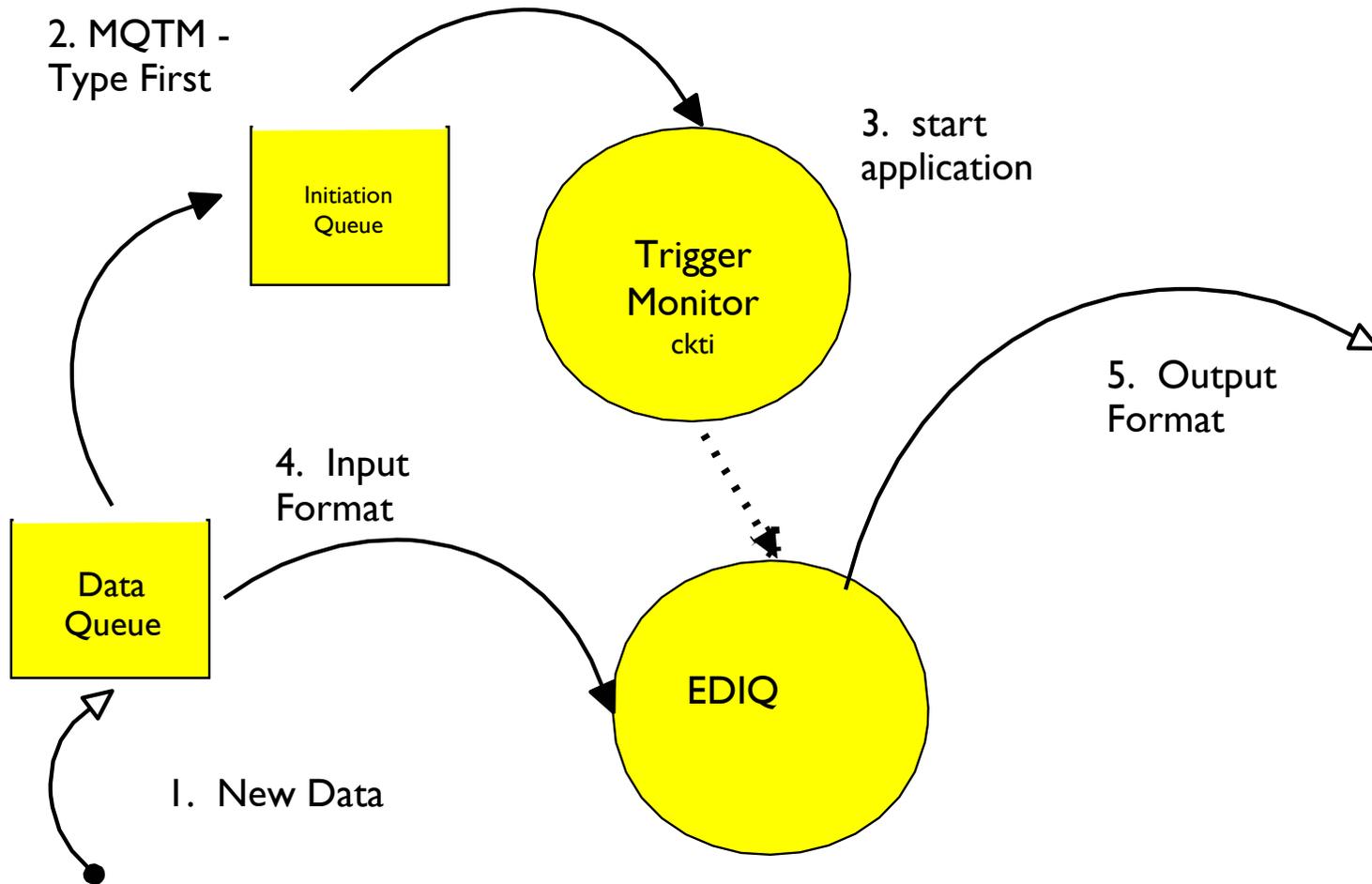
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## EDIQ

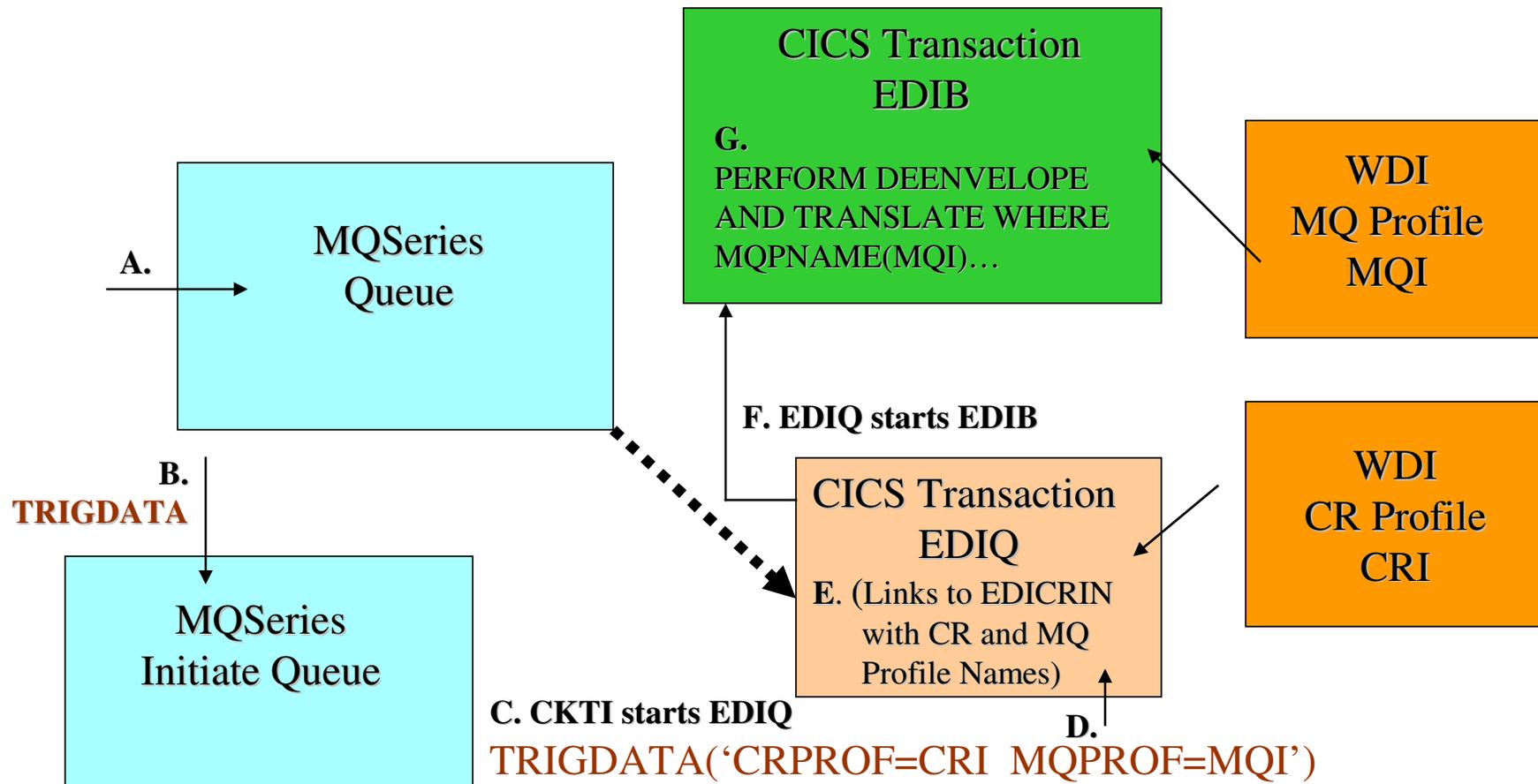
- Provides dynamic behavior in CICS
- Uses triggering
- Based on Continuous Receive



# EDIQ



# Transaction overview



# CR Profile

Local DB2 - Continuous Receive - <untitled>

General | Output | Processing Options | Comments

\*Continuous Receive ID

Description

Mailbox Profile

Active

Receive Processing

- Develope and Translate
- Develope Only
- Network Acknowledgements Only
- Execute Response Application Only

Selection Criteria

Trading Partner Profile

Message User Class

Response Application

Response Type

Response Name

Ready Ready Ready



# Questions and Discussion

